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VOL. XXXVI ATLANTA, GA. SATURDAY, MORNING, JULY 18 1903—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BEAVERS PUT MUCH BOODLE IN HIS POCKET

Former High Official in Postal Department Indicted for Taking Bribes.

...CKS FROM DRIGGS DEPOSITED BY BEAVERS

...mer Congressman Seems To Be Implicated in the Scandal—A Bench Warrant Has Not Yet Been Served on Mr. Beavers.

New York, July 17.—A bench warrant was issued by Judge Thomas, in the United States circuit court, Brooklyn, today, for the arrest of George W. Beavers, formerly chief of the division of salaries and allowances in the postoffice department, on an indictment found by the federal grand jury which charges him with accepting a bribe of $840.

It is understood that payments to Beavers were traced back to the purchase by the government of the Brandt-Dent Cash Registering Machine Company. The postoffice inspectors found that Beavers had a large account in the Nassau Trust Company, Brooklyn, and are said to have discovered that checks deposited there had been given by ex-Congressman Driggs.

The warrant has not yet been served and it is rumored that Mr. Beavers could not be found. It was stated that he would have until Monday to present himself and that an arrangement had been made with his attorneys to enter a plea for him at that time.

Miller and Driggs.

United States Judge John B. Thomas, in Brooklyn, today listened to an argument by counsel on affidavits in support of demurrer, to four indictments found by the federal grand jury for June, against George F. Miller, as New York agent of the Brandt-Dent Automatic Cashier Company, at Watertown, Wis., for the procurement of a contract and the payment of moneys thereon, with former Congressman Edmund Driggs, of Brooklyn, who was indicted at the same time, for the automatic cashier transactions between Miller and the United States postoffice department. Justice Thomas directed that briefs be submitted on both sides by September 1.

Counsel for Miller contended that at the time of the procurement of the contract, Driggs had not been sworn is as a member of congress, but was a member of the committee. Judge Thomas said:

"It ought to be made reasonably clear, whether a member of congress-elect is to be considered a member of congress."

Culmination of Invertigation.

Washington, July 17.—The issuance of a bench warrant for the arrest of George W. Beavers formerly chief of the division of salaries and allowances, in the postoffice department, is the culmination of an investigation into various branches of his department that has been in progress at intervals since his sudden resignation from office last spring. One of the first results was the cancellation of 3,046 promotions that had been passed on by him, to take effect at postoffices throughout the country during the present fiscal year.

The case on which the presentment of the grand jury is based, it is said, is a more recent development.

It is said that it was only within the past two or three days that the evidence finally was secured that furnished a basis for action by the federal grand jury. Chief Postoffice Inspector Cochran and Inspector Walter S. Mayer, of Chicago, who worked up the case against August W. Machen, the former head of the free delivery service, have figured conspicuously in obtaining the evidence.

The authorities are now searching for Mr. Beavers to place him under arrest. His present whereabouts is unknown. The postoffice officials were chagrined to learn of the publicity given the action of the grand jury in advance of the serving of the warrant. They regarded the news as premature and declined to discuss the matter, on the ground that the time was not yet ripe to make a statement.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow conferred with several of his assistants immediately after he learned that the action of the grand jury had become known. Subsequently he refused to answer all questions on the subject.

GOVERNMENT BY INJUNCTION

Finds a Staunch Defender in Justice David Bremer.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 17.—Justice David J. Brewer, of the United States supreme court, addressing the Iowa State Bar Association today, defended the power of equitable injunction and its exercise by the federal courts, and predicted and advocated a wider scope for it. He said:

"Unless the law is to place itself out of harmony with an advancing civilization the right to prevent wrong should have an enlarged rather than a restricted scope. The cry against government by injunction will eventually die out and it will be felt by all that the power is accorded when necessity arises and equity and justice demands.

"The diplomacy of the government is now on the highest plane. Not the Machiavelli or Tallyrand type, but the John Hay type marks this government among the most unselfish and most honest of the nations of the world."

LEO RALLIES TO SURPRISE OF DOCTORS

Change for the Better Noted in Condition of the Aged Pontiff.

DEATH PREPARATIONS BEING MADE AT VATICAN

Oreglia Is Arranging for Conclave, Just as Though Leo Were Already Dead—When He's Asleep the Pontiff Seems To Be Dead.

DOZEN SNAPSHOTS TAKEN OF THE MORIBUND POPE

Paris, July 18.—The Rome correspondent of The Galios says when Dr. Mazzoni entered the sick room yesterday morning and found the pope seated in his arm chair and feeling less exhausted, he said:

"What would you say, holy father, if the doctor transformed himself into a photographer?"

"By all means, my good Mazzoni," replied Pope Leo, smiling. Dr. Mazzoni then produced a camera and took a dozen shots of Pope Leo, who was seated with Dr. Lapponi standing beside him and his valet, Centra, kneeling at his feet.

Rome, July 18.—4. a. m.—After having some sleep the pontiff appeared to be again restless and required the frequent assistance of Dr. Lapponi and his valet, Centra.

Rome, July 17.—8:25 p. m.—"I cannot say the pope is better, but he is no worse".

In these words Dr. Lapponi summed up for the Associated Press this evening the pontiff's condition at the end of the second week of his illness, in all the varying periods of which the pontiff has scarcely had a quieter day than this, with the result that tonight's official bulletin declares him to be a little less depressed.

In the morning after a night during which stimulants and nursing restored him to a fairly good condition, the pope complained of soreness, due to the many days he has passed in bed. To relieve this and to humor him, the patient was allowed to sit in his arm chair for a short time, with apparent good effect. The celebration of mass in honor of St. Leo and the pope's conversation with Mgr. Pifferi were the only other incidents which today relieved the tedium of the sick chamber.

From tonight's examination of the pope it appears that the liquid in the pleura remains at about the same level, which is marked with a dermographic pencil on the pontiff's side. The physicians think the liquid amounts to about 1,200 grams. Considering the condition of the pope the doctors do not believe it possible that his body can absorb it, as might a strong, young, well-nourished organism.

Pope Receives Rampolla.

After the visit of the physicians the pope received Cardinal Rampolla, who remained in the sick room only a few minutes. He again gave the pontiff a full report of the prayers offered in his behalf all over the world. His holiness, raising both hands, said:

"I bless all those who pray to God for me."

In vatican circles there is gossiping over the great reception given by Mgr. Adjuti at Lisbon, to celebrate his elevation to the cardinalate, and also over the solemnity with which Cardinal Aliardi today took possession of his new office of vice chancellor of the church. The Associated Press correspondent, however, learns that the pope himself, in his last interview with Cardinal Aliardi urged the performance of today's ceremony.

In sharp contrast with these ceremonies are the continuous preparations at the vatican for the death of the pontiff. A huge spit twelve feet long, which has been used for roasting food for the conclaves since the time of Gregory XVI was brought from an old store room today and will be employed to roast quarters of beef for the isolated cardinals while they are deliberating in the conclave over the election of the successor to Leo XIII.

During the night as well as throughout the morning the pope continued calmer and his breathing was better. While he does not want any one constantly in the room, the pontiff rings frequently for trivial causes, thus showing beyond doubt his desire for companionship. He takes very frequently sips of meat broth, alternated with half spoonsful of gelatine. His urine continues scarce, amounting in the last twenty-four hours to 36 cubic centimeters.

Appears Dead When Asleep.

When asleep the pontiff appears to be dead. His cheeks are sunken, his eyes are hollow and his jaws are exceptionally prominent, the skin being tightly drawn over the bones. When awake the pope usually appears to retain life only in his brilliant black eyes, though he recovered the lucidity of his mind this morning and gave fresh proof of his wonderful memory, saying:

"Today is the fete of St. Leo. I have never failed to assist at mass since, when almost a boy, I came to Rome to participate in the jubilee of Leo XII. I wish to hear mass today."

DEATH OF KING CHARLES PLANNED BY OFFICERS

KING CHARLES OF PORTUGAL.

Number of Soldiers Arrested on Charge of Conspiracy--Widespread Plot Against the Dynasty Is Said to Exist.

Berlin, July 17.—A dispatch to The Cologne Gazette from Lisbon says that a number of officers of the Fifth Portuguese infantry have been arrested on the charge of conspiring against King Charles. They will be tried by court martial.

Suspicions of a widespread conspiracy against the dynasty have been entertained for some time, the instigators being officers who were cashiered some time ago. Other regiments are said to be affected.

GEORGIA GIRL SEEKS LOVER THROUGH GEORGIA PEACH

Baltimore, Md., July 17.—(Special.)—Among the supplies received yesterday by a restuarant in this city was a box of fine peaches. On one of the divi layers was written:

"Packed by Anna Bowman, Abel, Ga., who would be pleased to correspond with some handsome young man. Am 19 years old."

On another space was written:

"When this you see, remember me,
Though many miles apart we be;
Some love one and some love two,
I love one and that is you.
"ANNA BOWMAN."

Susceptible young men about the restaurant are studying Georgia as they never did before, and Abel is the special point of their inquiries.

MORE RELICION FOR THE BLACKS

That's the Way Leaguers Would Solve the Problem.

Instinct of Savagery Must Be Transformed in Order To Stop the Lighting of Faggots and the Raising of Stakes.

Detroit, July 17.—There was no lessening of enthusiasm among the Epworth Leaguers tonight and Tent Ontario, Auditorium Epworth, the Detroit opera house and Central Methodist Episcopal church, where tonight's meetings were held, were crowded again.

Dr. H. M. Hamil, of Nashville, Tenn., talked on "The Field Near at Hand" at the tent meeting, and in his address referred to the negro question. "We have made the negro," he said, "a thing to be batted to and fro by political parties and we have forgotten his religion in a large measure. What we need is to spend more time in putting the grace of Christ in the hearts of the black people. What we need to do to solve the negro problem is to transform any instinct of savagery that may exist in the few of that race, in order to stop the lighting of faggots and the raising of stakes. It is our only hope. And when you of the north write resolutions condemning mob law, remember that it is not Methodist hands that pull the ropes and light the fires."

In Auditorium Epworth Rev. M. N. Waldrup, of Bentonville, Ark. was chairman, and Rev. A. B. Leonard, of New York, spoke on "The Field Far Away." Referring to the negro question, he said:

"Whether it be Englishman, Frenchman, Turk, German or Portuguese that makes conquests in Africa, the African is his helpless victim. Nor is America free from the shame and sin of oppressing and cruelly treating the children of Ham Brought here, without their consent, as human merchandise, liberated after two centuries of slavery by the exigencies of war, they are now outcasts, socially and politically, and often denied the right of trial by jury—they are shot or hanged or burned at the stake, both in the north and in the south. American Christians must see to it that the negroes shall have a fair chance in the race of life in America, and also do their utmost to give him the gospel in his native land."

Rev. George R. Stewart, of Cleveland, Tenn., stirred his audience in the tent to a high pitch of enthusiasm with his address during the "Moments of Waiting." He talked against higher criticism and scientific preaching and politics in the pulpit and urged a return to the old-fashioned "gospel preaching."

Among the other speakers at this meeting, of which I. Garland Penn, a negro of Atlanta, Ga., was chairman, was Rev. W. N. Ainsworth, of Macon, Ga.

Rev. J. T. Daves, of Athens, Ga., spoke at the Detroit opera house during the afternoon meeting.

NEGROES ATTACK GIRL AND ESCORT

Double Crime Attempted in Richmond Park.

Negroes Knocked Attorney Shelton Down and Bore Miss Mullen Away—Girl Was Saved by Motorman, Who Shot at Negroes.

Richmond, Va., July 17.—(Special.)—Hon. James L. Shelton, ex-member of the house of delegates from Louisa county, was murderously assaulted just west of the city tonight by three desperate negroes and Miss Pattie Mullen, a trained nurse who was with him, was forcibly pulled away from him and borne across an open field and very roughly handled.

She was only saved from being murdered by the heroism of her escort, while yet dazed, and the courage of Motorman Reeder.

As it is, neither Mr. Shelton nor Miss Mullen is seriously injured. The former has an ugly cut under the left eye which a surgeon had to sew up, and the latter is in a hysterical state and her arms and body are badly bruised.

Mr. Shelton and Miss Mullen had been out to the Hermitage Golf Club and were waiting for a car when the negroes knocked Mr. Shelton down, and while he lay there pulled Miss Mullen away. She screamed, but a handkersfief was thrust into her mouth to suppress her cries.

Shelton soon regained his feet, staggered up to a car and told the men what had happened and fell unconscious. Reeder broke across the field toward which Shelton pointed and shot as he went. He soon heard the cries of the young lady and was quickly at her side. The negroes fled and have not been caught, though the police and militia are still searching for them.

Mr. Shelton and Miss Mullen were both brought to the city and put under medical treatment.

GREAT PLANT PUT IN HANDS OF A RECEIVER

Southern Car and Foundry Company Has Been Forced to the Wall.

BIG FLOATING DEBTS CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE

Company Owes About $2,300,000 Floating Debts—It Has Large Plants at Anniston, Gadsden and at Memphis—Capital Is $3,500,000.

Trenton, N. J., July 17.—Judge Kirkpatrick, in the United States circuit court, today appointed Thomas A. Gillespie, of West Orange, N. J., receiver for the Southern Car and Foundry Company, a New Jersey corporation, with plants at Gadsden and Anniston, Ala., and Memphis and Lenore, Tenn. The liabilities consist of about $2,300,000 of floating debts. The company had no bonded indebtedness. The assets consist of $500,000, the value of the plants, and $100,000 bills receivable. There are also about $1,800,000 of material and supplies, the bulk of which has been pledged for loans and ware house receipts given to cover the same.

Among the liabilities are $50,000 due on the purchase price of the Anniston plant and $325,000 due on notes to the Standard Steel Car Company, of Pennsylvania, upon whose application the receiver was appointed. The remaining liabilities are made up almost exclusively of notes.

Application will be made at once for the appointment of ancillary receivers in those states in which the company's property is located in order to prevent the taking out of attachments. In addition to the appointment of a receiver Judge Kirkpatrick made an order restraining the company from doing business.

The company was incorporated with a capital of $3,500,000 and of the stock of the company $765,000 worth is owned by the Standard Steel Car Company.

All Funds Attached.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 17.—(Special.) A number of creditors have brought suits against the Southern Car and Foundry Company, which has plants in Gadsden, Anniston and Birmingham, in Alabama, and in Memphis and Lenoir City, in Tennessee. The First national bank of Birmingham was the first to take action, suing the company on an alleged indebtedness of $20,000 and taking out an attachment against the plant at Gadsden, Ala., placing it in the hands of the sheriff. This threw a number of men out of employment. Immediately following this action creditors located at Gadsden brought suit and other attachments were issued against the plant in that city. Today the Roane Iron Company, of this city, attached the funds belonging to the company in the Chattanooga national bank.

The company is the largest manufacturer of cars in the south and has been doing a tremendous business, running the plants on full time at the places mentioned. No explanation has been made in regard to the suits, but the company claims that it is not financially embarrassed.

Want Concern Declared Bankrupt.

Birmingham, Ala., July 17.—Robert S. Armstrong & Bro. DuBose Bros. Iron Company and Hoffman & DuBose, of Birmingham, all of whom are creditors of the Southern Car and Foundry Company, filed their joint petition today, asking Judge Thomas G. Jones, of the United States circuit court, to adjudge the Southern Car and Foundry Company a bankrupt, and appoint a receiver in bankruptcy, to take charge of the assets of the company in this jurisdiction. The amount of their claims is $1,562.41, with accrued interest.

The attorneys who filed the petition are W. T. Hill and Rudolph & Huddleston, and they are expecting to appear before Judge Jones, in Montgomery, and get the receiver appointed.

This action will, it is said, unquestionably be fought by the attachment creditors, and the receiver appointed by Judge Fitzpatrick in New Jersey. As stated yesterday the first creditor to get out an attachment was the First national bank, of this city. The proceeding was taken in the state courts on a note for $20,000. Immediately following their action, attachment proceedings aggregating more than $90,000 were begun in the same court, and levies made on the Gadsden plant and other property of the company.

DRIVEN CRAZY BY LYNCHINGS

Negro Carpenter Rushes Through Street Fleeing Imaginary Mob.

Kalispel, Mont., July 17.—Ed Burrill, a negro carpenter, has gone insane from reading reports of lynching of negroes. He ran wildly through the streets shouting that a mob was after him. He was taken to the asylum.

Ragan, of Atlanta, Chosen.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 17.—At the annual convention of the Stove Mounters' International Union, which closed tonight to meet at St. Louis next year, the second Tuesday in July, J. F. Tierney, of Detroit, was elected president. H. J. Ragan, Atlanta, Ga., was elected third vice president.

SCORES OF CORPSES AND RUINED HOMES IN WAKE OF TORNADO

DUEL TO DEATH FOR GIRL'S HAND

Alabama Mountaineers Met While Hunting Squirrels.

James W. Cole Is Dead, and John Young Mortally Wounded, While Miss Maggie Williams Is Delirious and Calls for "James" and "John."

Decatur, Ala., July 17.—(Special.)—News of a tragedy which took place in the mountains of Winston county near Clear Creek Falls Wednesday reached here today.

The principals in the affair were two young mountaineers, James W. Cole and John Young.

For two years they have been rivals in love, each seeking the hand of Miss Maggie Williams, a winsome mountain lass.

Two weeks ago the young men met and a bitter quarrel resulted. Wednesday afternoon each of the young men went squirrel hunting, and as they did not return at night a search was made. Yesterday both men were found lying on the creek bank close together with a load of shot in their chests. Cole was dead and Young was mortally wounded and unconscious. He cannot recover.

It is supposed the young men met in the woods and renewed their quarrel and that each shot about the same time.

Miss Williams is prostrated with grief and during her hours of delirious awakening she calls alternately for James and John.

SUMMARY OF NEWS

FORECAST.

For Georgia—Fair in east; showers in west portion Saturday; Sunday showers; fresh southwest winds.

Highest temperature	88
Lowest temperature	67
Mean temperature	78
Normal temperature	80
Precipitation past 24 hours	.00
Excess since 1st of month	.00
Excess since January 1	7.30

LOCAL.

Important changes will be made in the vicinity of the new union station by the railroads occupying that structure.

Dr. Alex Dawson, of 357 Peters street, is bitten by a poisonous insect and is in a serious condition at St. Joseph infirmary.

W. M. Crumley, of Atlanta, is elected president of the Southern Hardware Jobbers' Association, now in session at Saratoga, N. Y. The next session of the convention will be held in Atlanta.

The Felder convict bill is debated in the house of representatives, Hon. John M. Slaton, of Fulton, advocating the measure, and Walter Steed, of Taylor, opposing it.

GEORGIA.

The trial of Mrs. Onie Tanner, charged with poisoning her husband, will occur in Gainesville next week.

Officers are busy at Rome preparing for the encampment of the Fifth regiment at "Camp Patton," named in honor of the late Major Patton.

Troops were called out at Bainbridge at an early hour this morning to protect the jail owing to the threats of a mob which held up a deputy and demanded the keys to the jail.

Michigan beet sugar men are considering the practicability of erecting a large cane sugar factory at Valdosta. Farmers around Valdosta have agreed to raise sufficient cane to supply the plant.

SOUTHERN.

The federal grand jury at Montgomery which has been investigating the peonage cases in Alabama yesterday made its report to Judge Jones and adjourned.

In Aiken county, South Carolina, mobs are chasing two negroes to avenge the death of Postmaster Hall at Chinquepin. Two other negroes have already been lynched.

A receiver has been appointed in New Jersey for the Southern Car and Foundry Company, which has plants at Anniston and Gadsden, Ala.; Memphis and Lenore, Tenn.

It is again stated that the big Toxaway dam, in the Piedmont region, is unsafe and fears are entertained in northern South Carolina that great damage may be done by its breaking.

DOMESTIC.

Heart failure, due to over-emotion, is given as the cause of the sudden death of Grand Chief Arthur.

The watch service held in Detroit yesterday morning was attended by thousands of Epworth Leaguers.

President Roosevelt has announced that, on the retirement of General Miles, General Young will succeed to the command of the army. General Wood will be promoted to major general.

A bench warrant has been issued for George W. Beavers, formerly a high official of the postal department. It is alleged that Beavers accepted bribes while in office.

Secretary Hay has made public the text of the Jewish petition which Russia refused to receive. Governor Terrell and the members of the Georgia legislature were among the signers.

FOREIGN.

Several officers of Portugal's army have been arrested on a charge of conspiring against King Charles.

Great Britain maintains that the United States has British islands off the coast. The British authorities think the action was due to a misunderstanding.

Pope Leo still clings to life. He may live several days yet. Cardinal Oreglia is preparing for the conclave as if the death of the pope were certain.

Various Towns in Illinois Are Wrecked by the Sweep of Fierce Storm.

GREATEST LOSS OF LIFE REPORTED AT STREATOR

Four Persons Killed Outright There and About Twenty Fatally Injured—Loss of Life at Many Other Points—Property Loss Millions.

Streator, Ills., July 17.—A tornado this evening killed five persons, fatally injured a score of others and caused a property loss of $2,000,000.

Dead and Fatally Injured.

HARRY DOYLE.
NELS H. BIVENS.
R. PURCELL.
CHARLES SNYDER.
W. D. ROW, colored.

The following are reported fatally injured:

GEORGE DOYLE.
MRS. DOYLE.
JESSIE BOUCHER.
CHARLES SNYDER.
FRED CRONE, fractured skull.
MRS. CRONE.
MRS. SMITH.
MISS SMITH.
CAPTAIN PEABODY and WIFE.
RALPH BOUCHER.
MRS. HENRY PEASE and BABY.
GEORGE HUNTER.
GEORGE DOYLE'S LITTLE CHILD.
THREE CHILDREN of A. J. Daugherty and a man employed on the latter's farm.

Killed at Race Track.

All except Purcell were killed at the race track. A new building had just been erected and the races were to have been given week after next. Not a building is left standing. All of the buildings at Case Electric park were destroyed and the fence and amphitheater of the ball park were blown away. Stauber's clothing factory, a two-story brick building, was blown down and all the stock was ruined.

The Vulcan Western Company's plant suffered heavy loss. Purcell was killed there. The Illinois, Indiana and Iowa bridge, costing nearly $1,000,000, is nearly half gone. The hoisting works and building in Kangley, 4 miles west of Streator, were blown down and several persons were injured. Many houses were unroofed and otherwise damaged. Telephone and telegraph lines are nearly all down and details are meager.

Four Killed and Ten Injured.

Mendota, Ills., July 17.—Four persons were killed and ten were seriously injured by a tornado which struck the northern part of Mendota tonight. The known dead are:

CORA BEISDORF, aged 15.
ORA LUNY, aged 19.
DANIEL SCHAMEL, aged 13.
—— SCHAMEL, aged 4.

The injured are: Mrs. John Wirschem, Miss Wirschem, Mrs. Oscar Milligan, Jerome Hilligan, Alice Wilson, Eda Auston, James Smith, Henry Schweitzer and Mrs. James Smith.

Town of Gardner Destroyed.

Chicago, Ills., July 17.—There were unconfirmed reports that the town of Gardner, in Grundy county, had been destroyed and many people killed. All wires leading to the town are down and no definite information can be secured.

WHISTLER GOES ACROSS DIVIDE

Famous American Artist Passes Away Unexpectedly in London.

London, July 18.—James Abbott McNeill Whistler, American artist, died yesterday afternoon at his residence, 74 Cheyne walk, Chelsea, at the age of 68 years. His death came unexpectedly, although for some time he had been seriously ill.

This morning's papers publish elaborate obituary notices, recognizing the distinguished and unique personality of Whistler, whose genius greatly dominated European art of the present generation. While admitting that it is for posterity to decide his exact position as a painter, it is generally conceded that he was a consummate etcher.

GOLF OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Alexander Smith Captured It at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee Wis. July 17.—Alex Smith, of Nassau, today captured the western golf open championship by completing seventy-two holes, with a score of 318 strokes. He was closely pressed by David Brown, of Wollaston, Mass., and Lawrence Auchterlonie, of Glenwood, who came home with a total of 320 strokes.

ARE NOT EXCITED OVER THE AFFAIR

British Feeling on America Seizing Borneo Islands.

They Do Not Consider It an Act of Aggression, but Say It Is Result of Misunderstanding or Part of War Ship's Commander.

London, July 17.—According to authoritative dispatches received here an American war ship visited a number of islands on the northwest coast of Borneo some weeks ago and hoisted American flags and erected American tablets on several of the islands, all of which are said to be British. They are Baguan, Taganac, Bakkungaan, Lihiman, Boaam, Sibaung and Lankayan, all within a few miles of each other and spread over an area of 40 miles. Taganac and Boaam, both of which command the harbor of Sandakan (the capital of British North Borneo) are the largest. Each is about a mile long. They are all uninhabited, but are shown on the admiralty charts.

The affair is regarded here as being, without doubt, the result of a misunderstanding on the part of the commander of the American man of war. The action is not considered to be, in any way, an act of aggression.

No Possibility for Trouble.

Washington, July 17.—It is learned at the state department that there have been no representations recently from the British government touching the ownership of the small islands of the south of the Philippine archipelago and adjacent to the coast of Borneo. Nor is anything known here of the recent naval operations in that corner of the world, although the fact is recalled that about a year ago one of the American gunboats cruising in those waters did visit some of the native chieftains on the smaller keys and asserted American sovereignty. It is believed here that there is no possibility for trouble growing out of this incident.

The sultan of Jolo possesses both temporal and spiritual power over the Mohammedan inhabitants, not only of his own group of islands, but of the north coast of Borneo and the adjacent islands and the assertion of spiritual power over such of the natives as live under the British flag in Borneo and the near-by islands may have led to the supposition that the United States government was improperly asserting sovereignty over British soil.

Georgia Girl Given Fortune.

Barnesville, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Mrs. M. W. Arnold and family has gone to New York and may make that city their home in the future. Miss Maynita Arnold was left a large fortune by her aunt, Mrs. Kruger, a wealthy lady of that city, recently and they have gone up north to look after the property, which consists of New York real estate valued at $200,000. These people have numerous friends in this city who rejoice with them in their good fortune and hope that it will be so that they may return to make Barnesville their home.

Berrien County Tax Returns.

Tifton, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Tax values in this section show a phenomenal increase very year and the gain continues steady. Twenty years ago, in 1883, for the first time in its history, the tax returns of Berrien county reached the million dollar mark. This year the tax returns of the Tifton district alone are $1,033,144. Last year Tifton district showed a gain in tax values over 1901 of $243,301, and this year shows a gain over last of $68,054.

Negro Painter Fell to Death.

Columbus, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Richard Chambers, colored, aged 32 years, was killed in the car barn of the Columbus Railroad Company this afternoon. He was standing on a high ladder painting the underside of the roof when the ladder slipped. He was thrown against the trolley wire and was badly burned and shocked, the wire coming in contact with his neck, chin and mouth, from there he fell to the floor, striking the iron rail on the side of the car pit and fracturing his skull, and then falling into the pit. He lived only a short time.

Mote Gets $3,000 Damages.

Columbus, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The jury in the case of Charles M. Mote versus the Central of Georgia railway this afternoon brought in a verdict for $3,000 damages. Mote was a fireman who was injured on the road. The jury was out twenty-four hours. Upon the first trial of the case Mote received a verdict for $5,000.

Deadly

Grasp of Grip Prostrated Me.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Built Up My

Shattered Nerves and Gave Me an Appetite.

Of the millions of people, who today suffer from nervous or heart weakness, a large percentage trace the cause directly to deadly LaGrippe. It is a germ disease, and makes a direct attack upon the nerves, putting an extra strain upon them at the time their vitality is at the lowest ebb. If LaGrippe has left you with a shattered nervous system, with loss of appetite, lack of energy, insomnia, frequent headaches and morbid tendencies, you should strengthen the weakened nerves with Dr. Miles' Nervine. It will undo all that grip has done, bring back appetite, rest and restore the nerves to their normal activity.

"I want to write this testimonial for the benefit of those who have suffered from that dreaded disease—LaGrippe. I suffered several weeks with it, and nothing I tried seemed to benefit me in any way, shape or form (I suffered almost death) and finally my daughter recommended Dr. Miles' Nervine to me and I can truthfully say from the first day I felt better than in weeks. It gave me relief, built up my shattered nerves and gave me a splendid appetite. I cannot speak too highly of it and want to say, each and every one who has suffered from LaGrippe will find instant relief by getting a bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine. Insist on having it and take no other. It is simply splendid. Hoping this will benefit some poor sufferer I remain, —MRS. GEORGE B. HALL, Jackson, Tenn.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

TANNER TRIAL FOR NEXT WEEK

Young Woman Charged with Poisoning Husband To Face Court.

Gainesville, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The July term of Hall superior court convenes next Monday, with Judge J. J. Kimsey presiding. A number of civil and criminal cases are on the docket and the term will be a busy one.

The most interesting case will be that of the state against Mrs. Onie Tanner, charged with poisoning her husband, Wylie F. Tanner, on May 23. It is expected that a large crowd will be present to hear the trial, as so much interest centers in the outcome of the case.

It has been rumored from time to time since the death of young Tanner that Mrs. Tanner had a reason for getting him out of the way, and that reason was alleged to be that she was in love with another young man by the name of James C. Pool, who paid her considerable attention before her marriage to Tanner, and it has been repeatedly circulated that Pool had written her letters, telling her to follow his directions and she would soon get rid of her young husband.

These rumors have been so persistently circulated that Pool has furnished the press a statement concerning the matter, in which he denies all the charges emphatically.

SUGAR FACTORY FOR VALDOSTA

Beet Sugar Men To Invest Money in Cane Product.

Valdosta, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The Valdosta board of trade is working for the establishment of a mammoth cane sugar factory in this city. Michigan beet sugar men are behind the enterprise and desire to establish a large central factory in this section. The factory will cost approximately $500,000 and will have a capacity of 600 tons and more of sugar per day.

To secure the establishment of the factory here it is necessary for the farmers to guarantee to grow cane enough to supply the factory. The promoters want contracts covering 2,000 acres of cane within a radius of 50 miles of Valdosta by rail, and the indications are now that there will be no trouble in securing that quantity.

It is understood that $4 per ton will be paid for the cane delivered at the mill, and as it can be delivered within a radius of 50 miles at about 50 cents per ton, the growers will receive $3.50 per ton net. At fifteen tons per acre, which is probably less than the average yield, growers would receive $52.50 per acre for their cane. Yields of twenty-five and thirty tons to the acre are not unusual.

The promotion committee of the board of trade has the matter in hand, and are taking steps to insure the planting of the necessary amount of cane next season.

The board of trade is also working actively to secure the location here of the Gulf States Refining Company, which proposes to erect a factory for making starch from cassava. The indications are bright for the establishment of this enterprise here.

Rome District Conference.

Rome, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The Methodist conference for the Rome district will meet at Dallas Monday and a very large attendance is probable. Rev. M. Foote, presiding elder for this district, will be in the chair and much important business will come up for disposition. Arrangements for handling at least 150 delegates have been made.

First Peaches from Rome.

Rome, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The first car load of Elberta peaches will go forward from Rome Monday morning. They will be shipped to Cincinnati by H. D. Cothran & Co., and shipments will be very heavy for the following two weeks. The crop is very short this year and in many sections is a failure, but the fruit is the finest ever seen in Rome and will bring a fancy price. These peaches have been on sale in Rome for several days.

Cranford Made President.

Valdosta, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The Valdosta board of trade is now a regularly chartered organization, having received articles of incorporation this week. The charter was accepted at the meeting yesterday and an election for officers held, which resulted as follows: President, T. G. Cranford; vice president, W. P. Dorough, with the old board of directors.

Panther from Everglades.

Bartow, Fla., July 17.—(Special.)—J. C. Green and J. D. Pool, of Lee county, arrived in the city last night, bringing a panther they had caught in the Big Cypress, near the great Everglades. They have rented a hall and will have the animal on exhibition here at the big rally tomorrow.

Rushing Pear Shipments.

Valdosta, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Pear shipments from this point are now going forward with a rush, although the crop is very short this season. W. T. Staten has shipped between 700 and 800 barrels, for which he realized between $2 and $2.50 per barrel. Some growers are selling their pears on the trees and are getting satisfactory prices. The shipments of cantaloupes and watremelons are beginning to decline. Prices have been good the entire season and many shippers have made money. McRee Bros., at Kinderlou, received $1,300 net for the first car of cantaloupes they forwarded.

Savannah Telephone Company.

Savannah, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—A Savannah company to be known as the Southern Long Distance Telephone Company is about to be formed to build long distance lines, largely through new territory. The capital stock is to be $100,000 with the privilege of increasing to $1,000,000. J. H. Estill, Herman Myers, L. Adler, H. P. Smart and W. A. Bisbee are among those interested.

To Give Bohemian Smoker.

Rome, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—There is a well defined movement on in Rome to organize an alumni society of the University of Georgia and to this end a most delightful Bohemian smoker has been arranged for next Tuesday evening, at which time the fifty or sixty eligibles in Rome will gather for the purpose of organization. There will be some stirring speeches and there is little doubt that a splendid and representative organization will be perfected.

Get Rid of Scrofula

Bunches, eruptions, inflammations, soreness of the eyelids and ears, diseases of the bones, rickets, dyspepsia, catarrh, wasting, are only some of the troubles it causes.

It is a very active evil, making havoc of the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Eradicates it, cures all its manifestations, and builds up the whole system.

Accept no substitute.

WORKERS MEET AT GAINESVILLE

Baptist Sunday School Normal Institute Now in Progress.

Gainesville, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The Northeast Georgia Sunday school normal institute convened with the First Baptist chuch of Gainesville this morning at 9:30 o'clock, the opening exercises being conducted by Rev. R. D. Hawkins.

The institute is in the charge of Rev. B. W. Spillman, Sunday school evangelist of the Southern Baptist convention, and he is assisted by Rev. J. R. Spillman, Sunday school evangelist for Georgia. A large number of representatives of northeast Georgia Sunday schools are present, and the occasion promises to be an unusually interesting one.

At 10 o'clock this morning Rev. B. W. Spillman lectured upon Sunday school work, and again at 3 o'clock this afternoon he talked to the delegates upon the same topic, being given close attention upon both occasions. He is an earnest and entertaining lecturer and is thoroughly in touch with Sunday school work throughout the bounds of the convention.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon a question box was conducted, participated in by the delegates. This proved an enjoyable and instructive feature of the afternoon session. Tonight Dr. S. Y. Jameson, secretary of the home mission board of the State Baptist convention, preached an instructive sermon on home missions. A large congregation was present and Dr. Jameson was given close attention.

The programme for tomorrow is as follows:

9:30 a. m.—Devotional services, conducted by Rev. D. S. Grindle.

10 a. m.—Lecture by Rev. B. W. Spillman.

11 a. m.—Home missions, Dr. S. Y. Jameson.

3 p. m.—Lecture by Rev. B. W. Spillman.

4 p. m.—Question box.

The institute lasts through Sunday next and the homes of the people of Gainesville are being thrown open for the entertainment of those in attendance upon the institute. The session will be productive of much good to those who are in attendance.

THREE DROWNED NEAR AUGUSTA

Boys Meet Death in Clay Hole at Brickyard.

Augusta, Ga., July 16.—(Special.)—Across the river in South Carolina there are several brick yards that had been operated for years and near them there are large excavations where clay has been used. These clay holes are full of water, and are favorite "wash holes" for small boys.

Today Claude Nees and John Brown, white boys from the factory district, and Fred Parks, colored, were all drowned at the same time.

There were a number of boys, from ten to fourteen years old, in the hole.

These three dived off the end of an old boat and were drowned, the water being over their heads.

Mayor Smith in Atlanta.

Macon, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Hon. Bridges Smith, mayor of Macon, is in Atlanta now in attendance upon the session of the legislature before which bills are pending looking to amendments to the city charter. The annexation bill and the Felder convict bill are both hobbies of Mayor Smith and his visit to Atlanta is with a view to assisting in any way he can in the passage of these two measures.

Funeral of Julian Stockton.

Macon, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The funeral of Julian W. Stockton occurred this morning at 7 o'clock from the late residence, 253 Washington avenue, Dr. White, of the First Baptist church, officiating. Mr. Stockton was an engineer on the Central railroad and was in the act of leaving his home yesterday for work when he dropped over dead. Immediately after the funeral services the remains were carried to Thomson, Ga., for interment.

Depressed and Nervous from Excessive Smoking and Drinking

Horsford's Acid Phosphate, a most valuable remedy for relieving the immediate ill effects of excessive smoking or drinking. It cures the heavy, dull headache, depression and languor, and induces restful sleep.

Will Employ Hundred Operatives.

Barnesville, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The Gem Knitting Mill Company, which was recently organized and granted a charter, has begun operations in the building formerly used by the Hanson-Crawley Company. They have started up under favorable conditions and when they have become thoroughly adjusted will use about 75 or 100 operatives, having a pay roll of from $250 to $300 per week. The officers of the company are: President, J. L. Kennedy; vice president, J. L. Fogg; secretary and treasurer, J. P. Thurman. J. W. Hanson has been engaged as superintendent and has assumed his duties in the mill.

Just Escaped Car Wheels.

Tifton, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—While coming home from supper one night this week J. J. Golden, of the Golden Hardware Company, was struck by some unknown assailant at the Main street crossing of the Atlantic Coast Line and knocked senseless. Some boys were passing and dragged him from the tracks just in time to escape the wheels of a passing train.

MAN IS WANTED IN TWO PLACES

Louisiana Officers Have Not Shown Interest in Alleged Train Robber.

By E. C. Truffey.

Constitution Bureau, 407 Second Street, Macon Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Montgomery, the man who ran away from Savannah with his brother's wife and who was arrested here Thursday morning because of information given the secret service men by a crap shooter who had known Montgomery years ago, is still under detention at police headquarters.

So far only two demands have been made for Montgomery, one coming from Savannah, where a misdemeanor charge lays against him; the other coming from Michigan City, Ind., where Montgomery is said to have killed a man.

Montgomery does not appear in the least disturbed over his arrest and says he will yet show a clean hand. He denies that he ever did time in Louisiana and defies the officers to establish the truth of that statement.

The Indiana feature is not a pleasant topic with him and upon that subject he declines to talk. Montgomery frankly admits that the woman with him is his brother's wife, and says she is with him today for the sole reason that her husband, his brother, was anything but kind to her.

The horse and buggy he sold turns out to have been the property of the woman who asserts that she gave him the right to sell it and that she is yet satisfied with the sale made.

Montgomery denies having ever had possession of any bonds belonging to his brother and asserts that any such declaration is wholly untrue. Montgomery will be held here subject to the demands of the officers at Savannah until Chief Murphy is advised that the prisoner is not wanted there.

Then the Indiana officers will be given a chance to claim Montgomery if he is to be prosecuted in that state for murder.

Mrs. Montgomery, who was locked up by the police the day Montgomery was arrested, was this morning released by instructions of the chief of police here. She remained loyal to the man with whom she left her home and asserts she has no inclination to return to her home.

Ralph Altmeyer Goes East.

Macon, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Ralph Altmeyer, son of Colonel Sam Altmeyer, of this city, left this morning for Boston and other New England towns where he will pass the next two months enjoying himself.

Burglars Loot Drug Store.

Macon, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—During the night burglars effected an entrance to Marshall's drug store on Cotton avenue and ransacked the place thoroughly. The cash drawer was broken open, but as there was only a small amount of change in it the burglars did not benefit much in the shape of coin. They carried away, however, a quantity of cigars and tobacco. So far the detectives have not been able to obtain a clew to the burglars.

Waller in Macon Hospital.

Macon, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Fireman Waller, a young man, for months past in the service of the Macon and Birmingham railroad, who was hurt at Thomaston, is at the city hospital in a dangerous condition. The hospital surgeons are of the opinion that Waller has sustained internal injuries.

STEED-GABRIEL.

Macon, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—A happy marriage was solemnized Thursday evening last at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Gabriel on Third street, the contracting parties being their daughter, Miss Ella Louise, and Mr. Clarence Steed.

The ceremony was performed in an impressive manner by Rev. Dr. J. G. Harrison, of the Tattnall Square Baptist church, and was witnessed by only relatives and close intimate friends of the young couple.

Mr. Steed is a native of Augusta and has been a resident of Macon for a number of years. He is a young man of good business qualifications and excellent moral habits and is at present connected with the circulation department of the Macon bureau of The Atlanta Constitution.

His bride is a young woman with a host of friends in the Central City. Mr. and Mrs. Steed will make their home in Macon.

Sunday School Workers To Meet.

Macon, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The Bibb County Sunday School Association will convene here next week and will bring to the city not only the Sunday school teachers and pupils of the county, but the most distinguished Sunday school workers of the state. Former President Witham has announced his intention of attending if he can possibly do so.

BENEFIT GREATEST NUMBER.

Explanation Regarding Rural Free Delivery.

Washington, July 17.—The postoffice department today made public the following:

"There seems to be a wide misunderstanding as to the present attitude of the department regarding rural free delivery. The statement has been published generally, particularly in the west, that rural routes that do not handle 3,000 pieces of mail a month and supple one hundred families are to be discontinued. It is not the purpose of the department to disturb routes already established unless they are manifestly unnecessary. There are now on file in the department petitions for more routes, that will supply more than one hundred families, than can be established with the present appropriation. This being the case, the department does not feel it wise, equitable or just to establish a route supplying less than one hundred families to the exclusion of routes that will supply more than one hundred families, the greatest good to the greatest number being the fundamental principle on which every route is established."

Paskey Charged with Murder.

Cochran, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Berry Paskey, who shot and killed Ben Holmes in this county a few weeks ago, had his commitment trial here yesterday, which resulted in a verdict of murder. Bail was refused and Paskey will stay in jail at Hawkinsville until the fall term of court.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Promotes the growth of the hair and gives it the lustre and silkiness of youth. When the hair is gray or faded it BRINGS BACK THE YOUTHFUL COLOR. It prevents Dandruff and hair falling and keeps the scalp clean and healthy.

Real

SUMMER CLOTHING,

the kind that's cool to look at, and to wear, is what we offer you this week.

Coats built without lining of sheer thin fabrics. Trousers made for wearing with a belt, and roll up bottoms.

See our window for $8.50 suits, they are winners, a variety of patterns.

ESSIG BROS.,

THE POPULAR CLOTHIERS,

26 Whitehall St.

NEW THEORY IS ADVANCED

Thought That Steele May Have Gone to Chicago Under Hallucination.

The mystery surrounding the disappearance of W. O. Steele, the Decatur merchant, is as dense as ever. Yesterday a new theory was advanced by one of the Atlanta detectives working on the case, which, it is thought, may prove the solution of the mystery.

This theory is in effect that the missing man is now in Chicago and that he went to that city while laboring under some kind of mental hallucination. It is learned that Steele owns property in Chicago and it is thought that his mind may have become affected with a hallucination concerning this property, that it may have caused him to suddenly leave his home and family without notice and to proceed to Chicago.

If he is in that place, however, no word has yet been received from him by either his family, friends or the officers.

Circulars containing a picture of the missing man and his complete description were yesterday sent out by Chief of Police John W. Ball to all sections of the country and it is likely that these may bring developments in the mystery. The circulars were mailed to chiefs of police, marshals and sheriffs in all important points and centers in the hope that probably some of these people will locate Steele.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA SOCIETY.

Memorials Given for Officers Yesterday Afternoon.

Detroit, July 17.—At the first business session of the reunion of the Society of Santiago de Cuba, in Masonic Temple today, Major A. C. Sharpe, U. S. A., secretary and treasurer of the society, reported that there was a membership in good standing at present of 1,793. For delinquency and other reasons, 1,596 members have been dropped. Major Sharpe reported a balance of $700 in the treasury.

This afternoon memorials were given for the following officers: Major General H. W. Lawton, Major General William Ludlow, Lieutenant Colonel John D. Miley, Major John A. Logan, Captain Anton Springer, First Lieutenant E. F. Koehler and Second Lieutenant Maxwell Keys.

Abner McKinley Not Seriously Ill.

Somerset, Pa., July 17.—The illness of Abner McKinley is not as serious as reported. Last Saturday he came here from New York, where he suffered from heat prostration. On Tuesday he was completely prostrated and yesterday had an attack of vertigo. Today, however, he had almost entirely recovered. Before breakfast he took a walk through the town.

Newbill Compliments Militia.

Jackson, Miss., July 17.—(Special.)—The report of Captain Newbill, of the regular army, who recently inspected the Mississippi national guard under the provisions of the Dick military bill, has been received. It is generally satisfactory and commends the guard as an organization, commenting, however, on the lack of field practice and laxity in the enforcement of the penalty for non-attendance at drills. Captain Newbill found that the state troops were of average proficiency in the manual of arms and believes that the standard of the organization can be greatly increased under the new law making the state troops a reserve force for the regular army.

Growing Cotton in Hawaii.

Honolulu, July 17.—(By Pacific Cable.)—Jared G. Smith, United States special agency, in charge of Hawaiian experiment station, has been successful in his experiments in growing cotton and sumatra tobacco. He believes that both articles may become staple products of the islands.

Brutally Tortured.

A case cameto light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equaled. Joe Golobick, of Colusa, Calif., writes: "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known. I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for liver and kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists.

PANAMAS CLEANED.

Reshaped. No acids. Bussey, 28½ Whitehall.

Little Coin in Treasury.

Jackson, Miss., July 17.—(Special.)—During the first six months of the present year the state treasury paid out $1,313,815.31 for the current expenses of government and work on the new capitol building. The state's finances are now at the low water mark for the year and there will not be over $100,000 in the treasury until the fall tax payments commence to come in.

Atlantans Reach Charleston.

Charleston, S. C., July 17.—(Special.)—With nineteen coaches and three sleepers packed to the doors the big excursion train which left Atlanta last night arrived in Charleston today in two sections, the first train coming in at 10 o'clock and the second thirty minutes later. Fourteen hundred excursionists were aboard and weary from their all night ride, they hurried to the Isle of Palms. The train brought the banner crowd of the season to the resort. The excursionists will leave Charleston tomorrow at 6 p. m.

TOXAWAY DAM STILL FEARED

Colonel Orr Says Big Dam Is Far from Being Safe.

Greenville, S. C., July 17.—(Special.)—Colonel James L. Orr, president of the Piedmont Manufacturing Company, has returned from Sapphire county, where he made a careful inspection of the Toxaway dam and expressed the opinion today that the structure is not safe.

He said if the water should rise above the surface of the dam it would be washed away in two hours. In his opinion expert engineers should be sent to make a thorough examination of the dam.

Grave apprehensions exist in the strip of country which is at the mercy of the waters from the mountains.

ARMISTICE ENDS, NO BATTLE YET

Women and Children at Ciudad Bolivar Refugeeing to Steamers.

Soledad, Venezuela, July 17.—7 a. m.—Notwithstanding that the armistice terminated at midnight, no engagement between the government forces and the rebels has taken place up to the present hour. General Gomez has completed the investment of Ciudad Bolivar and none can now leave the city.

Lieutenant Commander Culver, commanding the United States gunboat Bancroft, decided to take under his protection all the river steamers belonging to the American Orinoco Steamshhip Company, recently seized by the revolutionists at Ciudad Bolivar. He also requested the women and children of the American and other foreign colonies at Ciudad Bolivar to take refuge on the steamers in order to escape the dangers of the seige, the shelling of the town, and a possible battle. In accordance with Lieutenant Commander Culver's invitation many women and children, a number of whom were of German nationality, embarked early today on the American steamers, which, flying the American flag and escorted by the Bancroft, left in the direction of Sanfelix, probably on the way to the island of Trinidad.

Meat, milk and other provisions are already scarce in the beseiged town.

AT HARVARD'S SUMMER SCHOOL

Among the Students Are Five from Atlanta--List of Them.

Cambridge, Mass., July 17.—(Special.)—The south has a powerful showing among the roster of students at the just opened summer school of Harvard university. The school this season is the largest in Harvard's history, over 1,200 students already being enrolled. Among the Georgia students are:

Atlanta—T. N. Chase, Miss M. L. Street, Miss M. A. Burtchaell, B. G. Brawley and Miss A. L. Alexander.

Savannah—J. J. Sims, Miss F. Evans.

Columbus—Miss Ada Hawes, W. B. Bonnet, Miss A. Morgan.

Milledgeville—J. B. Lockhart, P. R. Lee.

Augusta—J. C. McEachern.

Jeffersonville—J. F. Bonnett.

Oxford—Miss M. C. Brewer, Hayneville, Ala.—Miss E. M. Venable.

Jacksonville, Fla.—Miss A. Fagin, Miss F. Brown, Miss S. A. McDaniel.

Birmingham, Ala.—Miss A. Kennedy.

Montevallo, Ala.—W. I. Edwards Snowhill.

Drunkards Cured Secretly

Any Lady Can Do It at Home—Costs Nothing To Try.

A new tasteless discovery which can be given in tea, coffee or food. Heartily indorsed by W. C. T. U. and all temperance workers. It does its work so silently and surely that while the devoted wife, sister or daughter looks on, the drunkard is reclaimed even against his will and without his knowledge. Send your name and address to Dr. J. W. Haines, 1122 Glenn Bldg., Cincinnati, O., and he will mail a trial package of Golden Specific free to show how easily it is to cure drunkards with this remedy.

UNABLE TO WALK

INSPECTOR JORDAN CRIPPLED WITH INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM.

A City Official of Lynn, Mass., Tells How He was Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

There is scarcely a city or village from the Atlantic to the Pacific which has not its quota of rheumatic cripples. That much of their suffering and inconvenience is unnecessary is proven by the fact that a specific has been found for rheumatism in all its forms, a remedy that has cured extremely stubborn cases. The statement of a recent cure should give encouragement to the most hopeless sufferer.

Charles F. Jordan, of No. 7 New Chatham street, Lynn, Mass., inspector of sewer construction in that city for many years, was for a long time afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism in his feet, which made him unable to walk.

"It is hardly necessary to say that my condition was extremely painful," he says. "The rheumatism settled in the joints and made me helpless so far as walking was concerned. The skin became very tender and sore and I suffered agonies every time I had an attack.

"My sister in law advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and I took them with the best results. They also had a beneficial effect upon my general health. I might add that my daughter in law is taking this remedy for paralysis of the face and finds that the pills are helping her greatly."

Rheumatism has been treated in widely different ways even in quite recent times and ignorant superstition has furnished many so-called "charms" to ward off the disease. Most people now know that to cure rheumatism it must be treated through the blood and to prevent the disease the blood must be kept pure. External applications, such as oils and liniments, while they may relieve and sooth the pain, have no more power to permanently cure rheumatism than a horse-chestnut carried in the pocket has to prevent it.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have a powerful effect in combating the poisons in the blood which cause rheumatism. This principle of attacking disease at the root is the cause of the miraculous success of these pills in curing many severe disorders of the blood and nerves which do not yield to ordinary medicines. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People may be obtained at all druggists, or direct from Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., fifty cents per box; six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents.

AIKEN COUNTY SCENE OF RIOT

Mobs Chasing Negroes To Avenge Killing of Hall.

Columbia, S. C., July 17.—(Special.)—As the result of the murder of William Hall, postmaster at Chinquepin, Aiken county, on Wednesday two negroes were killed by a crowd of whites last night.

These men are still scouring the country hunting for other negroes said to have been in the conspiracy to kill him.

Dennie Head was called to his door last night by two men who asked for a drink of water. They seized him and Jesse Butler. Later shots were heard in the road and Head's body was found. Butler was also killed.

Tonight Lonnie Johnson and George Edwards are being pursued. Two of Hall's brothers are in the crowd. Local sentiment condemns the course of the lynchers.

ATHLETICS AND PHONIES.

These Strong Amateur Teams Will Wage Hot Contest at Brisbine Park This Afternoon.

This afternoon at Brisbine park the Atlanta Athletic Club and the Southern Bell Telephone Company will each attempt to show the other that their's is the best ball team.

The game promises to be hotly contested as each of these teams is one of the best amateur aggregations in the city.

The game will be called at 4 o'clock, so that many who attend the professional game will have ample time to see a large part of the game at Brisbine.

The teams will line up as follows:

ATHLETICS.		SOUTHERN BELL.
White	catcher	Wright
Murray	pitcher	Coleman
Reynolds	first base	Yarbrough
Tichenor	second base	Haskins
Gore	third base	Turner
Clarke	shortstop	Gurnee
Hawk	left field	Rane
Patterson	center field	Naughwright
Murphy	right field	Griffin

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS:

Do you want to work for the best Company—the Company that issues the most liberal policy contracts which are easily sold; the Company that pays you the most for your services; the Company that has the largest percentage of surplus; the Company that does not discriminate, but pays you the same commissions on non-participating policies that others will pay on high priced participating policies; the Company that believes in helping its agents along? If so, write for an Agency to the

National Life Insurance Co. of the U. S. of A.

1001, 2 & 3 Century Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

RIOT CALL SENT OUT AT CLEVELAND

Striking Waiters Picket Restaurant and Crowd Gathers.

Several Arrests Made—At Chicago Mayor Harrison Orders People To Keep Away from the Scene of Trouble There.

Cleveland, July 17.—A riot call brought a patrol wagon load of policemen today to Clark's restaurant, corner Bond and Superior streets, where an immense crowd had gathered as a result of the waiters' strike and the picketing of the restaurant. The police made two arrests and dispersed the crowd. Less than a hundred waiters are now out.

Ordered Away from Scene.

Chicago, July 17.—The riotous conduct of the strikers of the Kellogg Switchboard Company and their sympathizers during the last four days, impelled Mayor Harrison to issue a proclamation tonight urging all people to remain away from the scene of the trouble and calling on rioters to cease from their work. The proclamation declares that all persons who congregate near the plant or in any other way interfere with the work of the police will be promptly arrested and punished.

Heavy rain this afternoon and evening prevented possible trouble by dispersing the mobs and the work of handling freight from the Kellogg plant was no interferred with as much as on former days.

The only mix-up of the afternoon occurred at Taylor street and Hermitage avenue. A large crowd of men and boys, pursuing a wagon load of freight sent out by the Kellogg company, boarded a street car and ordered the motorman to take them in pursuit of the wagon. The street car man refused to move the car until fares were paid. The crowd abandoned their pursuit of the wagon and bombarded the car with stones until there was not a pane of glass left in it. The motorman and conductor narrowly escaped injury. A squad of policemen arrived in time to offer them protection.

NEGRO CONVICTED OF MURDER.

Bob Middlebrooks, Who Killed Bailiff Reed, To Hang.

Cartersville, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Bob Middlebrooks, the negro who shot Bailiff Robert Reed, who was trying to arrest him, Saturday night, June 27, at Adairsville, was today tried and convicted of murder in the superior court and sentenced to hang Friday, October 14.

The negro is 61 years old and bears a bad name. His statement was that he was drunk and his gun he was carrying went off, he don't know how, but his granddaughter testified that he bought two shells, laid them on the mantel, and, after saying they had a warrant for him, added:

RUSSIA GIVEN ROAST IN JEWISH PETITION

Text of the Document Which Roosevelt Wanted the Czar to Receive.

BIGOTRY OF RUSSIANS IN RELIGIOUS MATTERS

That Phase of the Question Several Times Menticned—Plea Made for Religious Liberty—Washington Considers the Incident Closed.

Washington, July 17.—It is stated by the secretary of state that the incident created by the question of the presentation of the Jewish petition to Russia is closed. The state department today made public the correspondence that has taken place respecting the petition. Its substance has already been forecasted in the press dispatches. The correspondence consists of an instruction to Mr. Riddle, United States charge at St. Petersburg, reciting in detail the petition and directing him to present the same to the foreign office if it were willing to receive it. It is stated by Mr. Riddle that the foreign office would not receive it under any circumstances, and Secretary Hay so informed the B'Nai Brith committee in a brief telegram.

Statement of Facts.

The official statement of the facts is as follows:

The Russian government has declined to receive or to consider the petition in relation to the condition of the Jews in Russia, signed by several thousand citizens, and cabled to St. Petersburg by direction of the president.

At a conference Tuesday, July 14, at Oyster Bay, the president conferred with Messrs. Leon Levy, Simon Wolf and Oscar S. Strauss, in regard to the presentation of the petition, and decided to send the following dispatch to Mr. Riddle, the American charge d'affaires in St. Petersburg:

"Department of State, Washington, July 15, 1903.—Riddle, St Petersburg: You are instructed to ask an audience of the minister of foreign affairs and to make to him the following communication:

"'Excellency: The secretary of state instructs me to inform you that the president has received from a large number of citizens of the United States of all religious affiliations and occupying the highest positions in both public and private life, a respectful petition addressed to his majesty, the emperor, relating to the condition of Jews in Russia, and running as follows:

"'To His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of Russia: The cruel outrages perpetrated at Kishinef during Easter of 1903 have excited horror and reprobation throughout the world. Until your majesty gave special and personal directions, the local authorities failed to maintain order or suppress the rioting.

"'The victims were Jews and the assault was the result of the race and religious prejudice.

"'The rioters violated the laws of Russia.

"'The local officials were derelict in the performance of their duty.

"'The Jews were the victims of indefensible lawlessness. These facts are made plain by the official reports of and by the official acts following the riot.

Recurrence Is Feared.

"'Under ordinary conditions the awful calamity would be deplored without due fear of a recurrence. But such is not the case in the present instance. Your petitioners are advised that millions of Jews—Russian subjects—dwelling in southwestern Russia, are in constant dread of fresh outbreaks. They feel that ignorance, superstition and bigotry, as exemplified by the rioters, are ever ready to prosecute them; that the local authorities, unless thereunto specially admonished can not be relied on as strenuous protectors of their peace and security; that a public sentiment of hostility has been engendered against them and hangs over them as a continuing menace.

"'Even if it be conceded that these fears are to some extent exaggerated, it is unquestionably true that they exist, that they are not groundless, and that they produce effects of great importance. The westward migration of Russian Jews, which has proceeded for over twenty years, is being stimulated by these fears, and already the movement has become so great as to overshadow in magnitude the expulsion of the Jews from Spain, and to rank with the exodus from Egypt.

"'No estimate is possible of the misery suffered by the hapless Jews, who feel driven to forsake their land, to rever the most sacred ties and to wander forth to strange countries. Neither is it possible to estimate the misery suffered by those who are unwilling or unable to leave the land of their birth; who must part from friends and relatives who emigrate, who remain in never-ending terror.

"'Religious persecution is more sinful and more fatuous even than war. War is sometimes necessary, honorable and just; religious persecution is never defensible.

Religious Liberty.

"'The sinfulness and folly which give impulse to unnecessary wars, received their greatest check when your majesty's initiative resulted in an international court of peace.

"'With such an example before it, the civilized world cherishes the hope that upon the same initiative there shall be fixed in the early days of the twentieth century, the enduring principle of religious liberty; that by a gracious and convincing expression your majesty will proclaim, not only for the government of your own subjects, but also for the guidance of all civilized men, that none shall suffer in person, property, liberty, honor or life, because of his religious belief; that the humblest subject or citizen may worship according to the dictates of his own conscience and that government, whatever its form or agencies, must safeguard these rights and immunities by the exercise of all its powers.

"Far removed from your majesty's dominions, living under different conditions and owing allegiance to another government, your petitioners yet venture, in the name of civilization, to plead for religious liberty and tolerance; to plead that he who led his own people and all others to the shrine of peace will add new luster to his reign and fame by leading a new movement that shall commit the whole world in opposition to religious persecutions.'"

"I am instructed to ask whether the petition will be received by your excellency to be submitted to the gracious consideration of his majesty. In that case the petition will be at once forwarded to St. Petersburg.

"I avail myself, etc., etc.

"You will report at the earliest possible moment your execution of this instruction. HAY."

Petition Refused.

This was sent on the 15th of July and on the same day Mr. Riddle was informed by the Russian minister of foreign affairs that, in view of the publications which had appeared in the newspapers, the Russian government wished to notify him that the proposed petition would not be received under any circumstances and that this resolution of the Russian government was taken independent of any consideration of the substance or the terms of the petition. On the receipt of this information the secretary of state addressed the following letter to Messrs. Strauss, Wolff and Levy:

"Sirs: I am directed by the president to acquaint you that this department is informed by the American embassy in St. Petersburg that the imperial government of Russia has declined to receive or consider the petition in relation to the condition of the Jews in Russia, which was addressed to his majesty, the emperor, by a large number of citizens of the United States, and which this department, by direction of the president and at your request, undertook to transmit to its high destination. I am, sirs, very respectfully yours,

"JOHN HAY."

Roosevelt Not Surprised.

Oyster Bay, L. I., July 17.—President Roosevelt was not surprised that the Russian government should decline to receive the B'Nai Brith petition or any other representations regarding the Kishinef massacre. The policy of Russia had been forecasted officially. The tone of Russia's declination was received here last night in a long telegram from Secretary Hay. Toward midnight the president sent to Secretary Hay an extended reply. The contents of neither of the messages are disclosed, although it is known that the president requested the secretary to make public the action of this government respecting the incident.

President Roosevelt has no statement to make at this time regarding the matter. Whatever information the administration may care to make public concerning it will be given out by the state department at Washington. It can be said to be absolutely unlikely that further efforts will be made to induce the Russian government to receive the petition. It is certain that after so frank and unequivocal a refusal to receive the petition Russia would regard the bringing of pressure to bear upon her to induce her acceptance of the representation as an act of distinct unfriendliness. As the actual presentation of the petition involved no question of principle and substantially the result hoped for by the promotion of the movement concerning the Kishinef outrages had been achieved by calling Russia's attention to the petition the probabilities are that the incident will be considered as closed.

Two To Hang in Montgomery.

Montgomery, Ala., July 17.—(Special.)—Will Starks and Alex Means, two negroes confined in the Montgomery county jail convicted of murder, will be hanged July 31. The negroes are not expecting pardon or reprieve and await the end with resignation.

Alleged Rioters Given Freedom.

Richmond, Va., July 17.—Three of the men charged with conspiracy to feloniously assault the crew of a street car in Fulton, a Richmond suburb, Wednesday night, were discharged in the police court this morning. The three others, with a seventh man charged with being an accessory, were sent on to await the action of the grand jury.

President Ballard Reelected.

Columbus, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Dr. W. L. Bullard was reelected president of the Columbus board of health at its annual meeting this week.

GEORGIA NAMES ON JEW PETITION

Gov. Terrell and Legislators Signed the Document.

Governors of Alabama, Mississippi and Virginia Among the Signers—Leon M. Levi Talks of the Action of Secretary Hay.

New York, July 17.—(Special.)—A list of names of some of the signers to the petition against the recent Kishinef massacre was today made public. Among them are the names of Senators Thomas C. Platt, of New York, and Money, of Mississippi; Governors Terrell, of Georgia; Montague, of Virginia; Jelks, of Alabama, and Longino, of Mississippi; the entire legislature of Georgia, Justices Peckham, Herrick and Chester, all of the justices of the appellate division and the supreme court of Illinois, Chief Justice McSherry, United States District Attorney A. W. Packett and United States Judges Henry C. Niles and W. F. Stevens, of Mississippi; Bishops Gallagher, of Texas; Burke, of Albany, and Galloway, of Mississippi; many representatives in congress, the mayors and city officers of over fifty cities, including Mayor Low, of New York, and Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, the county and state officers of many cities, Carl Schurz, William P. Hornblower, District Attorney Jerome, Corporation Counsel Rives, Comptroller Grout, General Tracey, Edward M. Shepard, August Belmont, Jacob H. Schiff, Paul D. Cravath and James Stillman.

Levi Talks of Petition.

Leon N. Levi, when informed of the action by Secretary Hay regarding the petition to the czar of Russia against the massacre of Jews, said he had not yet received Mr. Hay's telegram. However, on the strength of the information brought to him by the Associated Press he made the following statement:

"The answer made by Russia to Secretary Hay's note is no surprise to me. While, of course, it was within the range of possibility that the czar and his ministers would be moved by considerations of humanity and expediency to courteously receive a petition from the American people, it was well understood that the probabilities were all the other way. The movement, however, has had all the good effects that were in contemplation and even more. It has enabled the American people and the government to make an enduring record of their views of the Kishinef horror. It has brought the emphatic expression of those views home, not only to the people of Russia, but to the Russian emperor and his ministers. They have become acquainted with the contents of the petition, not only by seeing it in the press, but also because its full text was communicated in the note which asked if the original would be received.

"The petition being now an official document, and preserved in the archives of the United States, will forever testify to the lofty humanity of the people, which is so splendidly represented by the signers, and of the president and his official advisers.

"There, too, it will remain as a witness that the friendship of Russia for the United States was not strong enough to permit a respectful appeal for religious liberty, made by citizens of this country.

Petition Did Good, However.

"I am convinced, too, that the influence in Russia of the petition and of the agitation which preceded it has been powerful and good.

"The number and character of the signatures to the petition stamp it as a convincing expression of the religious tolerance and sympathy of the American people. It is doubtful if three has ever been in this country such a representative written expression of opinion. The people, without regard to racial, religious or political affiliations, have stood behind the president in his manly and humane activity.

"The precise method of conveying the petition was never regarded by us as of controlling importance, and when Russia indicated, semi-officially, that it would be unacceptable, we deemed it best for the interests of this country and of the Jews in Russia to avoid a course that would produce unnecessary irritation. It was, therefore, that we, upon our own initiative, and without any suggestion whatsoever, besought President Roosevelt to alter his decision to send the signed petition and to transmit its text instead. I cannot be too emphatic in declaring that at no time has there been any disposition on the president's part to change the original plan. Every step taken was most satisfactory to us and in accordance with our requests."

ECZEMA, NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

JUDGE BLANDFORD HONORED.

Columbus Bar Pays Tribute to Eminent Deceased Jurist.

Columbus, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Memorial services in honor of the late Judge Mark A. Blandford were held by the members of the Columbus bar this morning.

A committee of which Hon. Thomas W. Grimes was chairman made a report in which Judge Blandford's career was sketched and a deserved tribute paid his brilliance and ability as a jurist.

The report was adopted, and Judge Butt adjourned court until July 30 out of respect to his memory. Quite a number of talks were made by prominent members of the local bar, in which they paid tribute to Judge Blandford, who for many years was one of the most prominent members of the Columbus bar, and who also served with distinction on the supreme court bench of the state of Georgia.

MAY BE AT MILLEDGEVILLE.

Missing New York Man May Be in Georgia Town.

New York, July 17.—Friends of J. L. Russell, the secretary of the Journal and Burnham company, of Brooklyn, who has been missing for some time, have received telegrams dated Milledgeville, Tex., purporting to be from Russell, in which he says he would be home on Monday.

Mrs. Russell received a similar message, but she does not believe the telegrams were sent by her husband. The postoffice guide does not show a postoffice named Milledgeville in Texas, but there is a town of that name in Georgia.

Large Blaze in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, July 17.—Fire destroyed the contents of the Merchants' Warehouse Company's building today. Loss $150,000.

KOREA WANTS ONE OF HER PORTS OPEN

She Goes in Roundabout Way in Accomplishing This

Asks Permission of China To Open the Port—Japan Believed To Be at the Bottom of This Last Move of the Koreans.

Pekin, July 17.—The Korean minister here has urged Prince Ching, head of the foreign office, to instruct the Chinese minister at Seoul to authorize Korea to open Wiju, Korea, to foreign trade, as a means of mutual defense against Russian encroachment, but his action is regarded as futile. Korea believes her independence will be strengthened and prolonged if she is able to open northern Korea to international trade.

Japan at Bottom of It.

Washington, July 17.—The round-about method adopted by the Korean government to secure the opening of Wiju to foreign trade probably is necessary because of the existence of some treaty stipulations between China and Korea signed since the China-Japan war which requires the consent of China before such a step is taken. For many years most of the traffic between Korea and China has been by way of Wiju. The latter place is a big Korean mart on the Yalu river nearly opposite Ta Tung Kao, on the right bank of the Yalu, and the locality to be opened to international trade in Manchuria as a result of the strong representations which have been made to Russia by the United States for the open door in China.

Recent dispatches have shown that Russia has made claims to extensive timber concessions in Korea on the banks of the Yalu, and both that country and Japan are apprehensive that through the medium of these claims Russia will obtain a strong foothold in Korea. Japan is believed to be at the bottom of this last Korean move with the hermit kingdom and an anxious and willing ally.

CONSTITUTION BEAT RELIANCE

Result of the First Run in the Thirty-Seven Mile Cruise.

New Haven, Conn., July 17.—The latest aspirant for cup defending honors, the Reliance, was defeated today by the Constitution in the initial run of the New York Yacht Club cruise from Glencove to this port. The boat led almost from the start and was in her usual position at the finish, but the Belmont boat, after being at one time more than a mile astern, came up with a rush at the close and was only 59 seconds behind her rival at the line. As the Reliance allows the Constitution 2 minutes and 17 seconds in 37 miles, the length of the run, the latter won by 1 minute and 18 seconds. The time allowance, while unofficial, is believed to be within 3 seconds of the correct time.

THEATERS.

The Casino.

Today there will be matinee and night performances at the Casino, ending the delightful engagement of the George Parsons company in the real comedy, "A Turkish Texan."

That the show is one of unusual merit and of great personality is best shown by the representative large gatherings of theatergoers that have attended the performances.

The two performances today will positively be farewell performances of the organization.

A strong bill of real vaudeville, no has been, or worn out stars, will be the Casino offering for next week. There will be six acts, all from the best vaudeville families and there is every assurance of the right and proper sort of entertainment. The company has been making successful hits in some of the larger cities in the park theaters and is finishing up its summer run doing the Wells circuit.

Mitchell and Cain; the marvelous Cottons; Ezier and Webb; the Schrodes; Howard Lloyd and Lillian Lyllan, and Emelle Benner will contribute offerings to the bill.

MORTUARY.

C. H. Snow, Dalton, Ga.

Dalton, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—C. H. Snow, a well-known and one of the most prominent citizens of Dalton, died at his home in this city late this afternoon. Mr. Snow has been a citizen of Dalton for a quarter of a century and during that time has been manager of the Western Union Telegraph oCmpany. He was a member of the First Baptist church. Mr. Snow was born in Eufaula, Ala., in 1847 and was married to Miss Leon Scott. He is survived by his wife and two sisters, Mrs. Mary Sullivan and Mrs. Charles Snow, of Boston, and his children, W. W. Snow, of Atlanta, and H. E. Snow, Mrs. W. M. Sapp, Emmie Snow and George Snow, of this city. The funeral will take place at the First Baptist church tomorrow afternoon and the interment will be at West Hill cemetery.

Mrs. Mary M. Lamon.

Columbus, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Mrs. Mary Matilda Lamon, aged 71 years, died at 2 o'clock this morning of apoplexy. She is survived by six children. She was a devoted member of the Episcopal church. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning from the late residence.

Miss Olivia Williams, Greenville, S. C.

Greenville, S. C., July 17.—(Special.)—Miss Olivia V. Williams, daughter of the late Dr. Charles Williams, of Georgetown and at one time associate editor of The Christian Advocate, died at the home of Miss Annie Addison this afternoon. The body will be taken to Georgetown tomorrow.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

WOOLF—The friends and relatives of Captain and Mrs. Winfield Woolf and of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Askew are requested to attend the funeral of Mrs. Ida P. Woolf at the residence, 378 Houston street, today at 5:30 p. m. Interment will be Sunday, at Newnan, Ga.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Blue Tag Furniture Prices

A few Blue Tag Sale Prices upon Parlor Suits—but a few crumbs from the whole loaf, for there are many more reduced in like proportions.

$400.00 three piece Gold Leaf, elegantly carved Parlor Suit covered with Imported Tapestry,
Blue Tag Price, 340.00

Another on same order that was $205.00,
Blue Tag Price, 175.00

$120.00 three piece Mahogany Parlor Suit on plain Rococo lines,
Blue Tag Price, 99.00

$150.00 three piece solid Mahogany Verona upholstered Parlor Suit in newest shades,
Blue Tag Price, 120.00

$120.00 richly carved three piece solid Mahogany Parlor Suit, done in Imported tapestry,
Blue Tag Price, 100.00

$100.00 three piece Mahogany Parlor Suit, carved in Dragon on arms and Dolphins on back,
Blue Tag Price, 80.00

$345.00 three piece Parlor Suit, solid Mahogany, Imported Tapestry covered suit,
Blue Tag Price, 280.00

$260.00 three piece, solid Mahogany Parlor Suit,
Blue Tag Price, 209.00

$135.00 three piece, Mahogany, very heavy, Verona upholstered,
Blue Tag Price, 107.80

$120.00 solid Mahogany three piece Parlor Suit, Louis XVI in Imported Figured Tapestry. An Antique copy,
Blue Tag Price, [illegible].00

$80.00 four piece Mahogany Parlor Suit, Colonial pattern,
Blue Tag Price, 50.00

$100.00 Colonial Davenport,
Blue Tag Price, 80.00

$60.00 Colonial Davenport,
Blue Tag Price, 45.00

Blue Tag Prices also on three piece Leather Library Suits.

Blue Tag Prices also on Turkish Rockers.

Blue Tag Prices also on Solid Mahogany Rockers.

A Five-Hour Day Today

We Close at One Saturday

And yet there are hundreds of people with wants to be supplied before 1 o'clock today. Prompt service here, for our own sakes as well as yours, and the added promptness of the certainty that what you want is here without the running around that otherwise might be necessary.

Be Cool and You'll Be Happy.

Good weather for ball players and race horses---preserve your interest and take in everything with solid comfort.

It's our business to put as little on you as the law will allow, as light and as thin clothing as will protect our name. Twenty-five years defending your and our pocket-books is at stake in every stitch of these Summer-y garments.

Reason enough for the best.

A Likely Few.

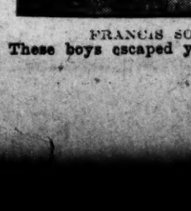
Straw yacht hats $1.50 to $4.00.
Palm and Porto Rico straw hats $3.00 and $4.00.
Panamas $7.50 to $15.
Neckwear 50c to $1.50.
Men's bathing suits $1 to $3.50—boys' 75c to $1.25.
Underwear, each garment 50c to $4.00.
Oxfords, Bluchers or low button Shoes $3.50 to $6.
Negligee Shirts $1 to $3.50.
Trousers made of lightest woolen crash, $3.50 to $5.
White flannel trousers with narrow black stripe $5.
Blue or black Serge coats $3.50 to $5.50.
Black Alpaca coats $3 and $3.50.
Washable Waistcoats $1 to $4.00.

Homespun Crash Suits $10.00 to $20.00.
White Flannel Suits $12.50.

MUSE'S,

3, 5 and 7 Whitehall.

We Close Tonight at 9 O'clock.



Dr. Leatherman.

OUR CURES

We want every afflicted man to honestly investigate our Special Treatment. Our counsel is free to patients, and to physicians desiring to consult us on stubborn cases. There is absolutely no curable case of Varicocele, Stricture or Specific Blood Poison in any stage that we cannot cure safely, quickly and permanently. We also cure to stay cured men who have Emissions, Drains, Small or Weak Organs, Prematureness, Lame Back, Inflammation of Bladder or Kidneys, Failing Memory, Nervousness, Loss of Ambition or similar symptoms of physical, mental and sexual weakness. If you cannot call, write your troubles fully and we will give you an honest and scientific opinion of your case free.

DRS. LEATHERMAN & BENTLEY,

600-604 Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Office hours, 8:30 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 1.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD!

FRANCIS SOUTH. OSCAR THOMASON.

These boys escaped yesterday from Fulton County Industrial Farm.
Address J. A. E. MEANS, Hapeville, Ga.

OFFICERS BUSY AT CAMP PATTON

Deceased Major Honored by Brother Officers.

Everything Ready for Encampment of Fifth Regiment a Rome. Quartermaster General Kenan Now at Scene Receiving Equipment.

Rome, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Major Lewis Kenan, of the adjutant generals' office and quartermaster department, is in the city today and, with the assistance of Captain R. L. Williamson and Sergeant Vray, is busy perfecting the final details for the encampment of the Fifth regiment, which opens here Monday.

Two car loads of equipment came in this morning from Atlanta and by tomorrow noon all the kitchens, sinks and mess halls will be finished and all the tent floors placed in position so that there may not be the slightest delay Monday morning.

The following are the officers who will have charge of the camp:

Colonel Clifford L. Anderson, Lieutenant Colonel W. W. Barker, Captain and Adjutant Burton Smith; major First battalion, V. H. Shearer; major Second battalion, Harry W. Anderson; captain commanding Third battalion, R. L. Williamson; adjutant First battalion, Lieutenant Belview; adjutant Second battalion, Lieutenant Harp.

Following are the companies of the Fifth regiment that will be here:

Company I, Rome; Captain R. L. Williamson.

Company E, Lindale; Captain Harry P. Meikleham.

Company F, Marietta; Captain S. V. Sanford.

Company H, Rome, Captain John M. Reese.

Company A, Atlanta; Captain F. L. Smith.

Company B, Atlanta; Captain Hall.

Company C, Atlanta; Captain G. F. Summers.

Company D, Atlanta; Captain H. L. Harrison.

Company K, Atlanta; Captain E. E. Pomeroy.

Company L, Atlanta; Captain L. D. White.

Company M, Atlanta; Captain W. J. Preston.

Company G, Newnan; Captain T. S. Parrott.

The spot selected for the encampment is right at the end of the electric car line in North Rome and is very convenient to the city. The camp site is well shaded and within five minutes' walk of beautiful Reese's Spring and grove. The people of Rome are prepared to give the soldiers a royal welcome to the Hill City and many interesting social events are being arranged for their pleasure and entertainment.

A special order has been issued naming the camp "Camp Patton," in honor of the late Major William A. Patton, who at the time of his death, a few weeks ago, was a member of the Fifth regiment and the ranking major in the state service. It was largely through Major Patton's influence and work that the encampment was brought to Rome and his fellow-citizens here appreciate the compliment.

JUDGE APPROVES PARDON.

Justice Calhoun Upholds Governor Longino in Freeing Nance.

Jackson, Miss., July 17.—(Special.)—Associate Justice S. S. Calhoon, of the supreme court, has written a letter giving an explanation of the pardon granted to John Nance, a negro sent to the penitentiary in 1868 to serve a life term for criminal assault, and whose recent release by the governor has caused some criticism. Justice Calhoon was the prosecuting attorney for the Yazoo district thirty-three years ago and prosecuted the negro for the alleged crime. He states that at the time he entertained grave doubts as to the negro's guilt, especially as he was permitted to live long enough to come to trial, and there was no sentiment against him whatever in the community and no disposition to do violence. The law at that time did not permit the accused to testify in his own behalf, and Justice Calhoon states that there is no question whatever as to the propriety of granting the pardon after the negro had served faithfully for thirty-three years in the penitentiary. Ex-Chief Justice J. A. P. Campbell, who presided at the trial, being then circuit judge of the district, concurs in the belief, and it was on the recommendation of these two jurists that the governor granted the pardon.

FOR A CANADIAN GRAIN ROUTE

Dominion Government Will Examine Hudson Bay Region.

St. Johns, Newfoundland, July 17.—The Canadian government has chartered the Newfoundland sealing steamer Neptune to convey a scientific expedition to Hudson bay. The expedition will winter at Chesterfield inlet. Its object is to determine the availability of the region for a Canadian grain route. The scientific party is composed of Canadians. The ship will also enforce the Canadian customs laws against American whalers who are operating in Hudson bay. This is the second seal ship chartered within a month, the British admiralty securing the Terra Nova to convey a relief expedition to the Antarctic steamer Discovery.

Retired Banker Hangs Himself.

Clifton Springs, N. Y., July 17.—Albert Finch, a retired banker of New York, whose home is at Greenville, Orange county, has committed suicide by hanging. He had suffered for some time from melancholy and was being treated here in a sanitarium.

ERROR IN TYPE OF ALMANAC CAUSES FEAR OF FINAL DAY

Gainesville, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Rev. J. D. Lovejoy, colored, pastor of St. Paul Colored Methodist Episcopal church of Gainesville, has the negroes of this city wrought up to a high pitch of excitement over a sermon he recently preached from Amos viii, 9. The occasion of the sermon was furnished by a typographical error in Grier's almanac of 1903.

In the November table of the rising and setting of the sun, on the 25th, the astronomers calculate that the sun will rise at 6:59 a. m. and set at 5:01 p. m.

Here is where the "devil," proofreader or printer comes in and makes the error upon which the colored clergyman's remarks are based. Instead of the printer setting it up 5:01 p. m., he substituted a figure 1 in place of the figure 5, and Rev. Lovejoy, in looking over the almanac, sees the error and comes to the conclusion that this is the day set apart for the ending of all earthly things.

Therefore, he takes his Bible, and turning to Amos viii, 9, selects the following scripture for his text:

"And it shall come to pass in that day, saith the Lord God, that I will cause the sun to go down at noon, and I will darkgn the earth in the clear day."

With a voice trembling with excitement and his frame shaking with apparent fear, Rev. Lovejoy cited his hearers to the scriptural quotation and the typographical error in the almanac as proof positive that the judgment day was near at hand and would surely arrive at noon, November 25 next. Although there is one hour and one minute's difference between the time of the going down of the sun as appears in the almanac, and the scriptural quotation, this matters not to either Rev. Lovejoy or his congregation—they both believe that the end of the world is scheduled for this particular day and time.

With the roar of the recent terrible tornado still ringing in their ears, Lovejoy and his congregation are prepared to believe that a similar, or even worse visitation may come at any day, and the error in the almanac furnishes them with a date upon which they can agree—and this time it is the ending of the world upon which they have decided. St. Paul church was destroyed in the recent storm and the credulity of this congregation now knows no bounds.

TWO ESCAPES AT REFORMATORY

Frances South and Oscar Thomason Bolt--Former Retaken.

Francis South and Oscar Thomason, who were the first white youths placed in the Fulton county reformatory, escaped from the institution yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, and last night shortly after 11 o'clock South was captured at the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets by Policeman Dobbs. Thomason is still at large. South states that Thomason boarded a Seaboard Air Line train last night and left the city.

A short while after the escape of the two boys, South telephoned the reformatory, stating that he and Thomason were on Decatur street, and that they would return to the reformatory this morning on the first train. On arrival at the police station, South again declared it was his intention to return to the institution this morning.

It appears that the escape was well planned by the two youths. South was intrusted with the task of feeding the pigs at the reformatory, and yesterday afternoon he approached one of the guards with the information that Professor Means, the superintendent, wanted Oscar Thomason to assist in the feeding of the pigs. The guard supposed that Professor Means had made the request, and he allowed Thomason to go with South. They started off toward the pig pen and failed to report back to the institution.

Oscar Thomason is 15 years old and weighs 100 pounds. He is tall, straight and slender, dark complexioned, with dark eyes and a drooping lower lip. This is his second offense of this nature.

JOINT BOARD ARMY AND NAVY

Departments Agree To Form One--Detail of Officers To Serve.

Washington, July 17.—Secretary Root and Secretary Moody today issued the following joint order:

"The department of war and the department of the navy have agreed upon the formation of a joint board, to be composed of four officers of the army and four of the navy, to hold stated sessions and such extraordinary sessions as shall appear advisable for the purpose of conferring, discussing and reaching common conclusions regarding all matters calling for the cooperation of the two services. Any matters which seem to either department to call for such consideration may be referred by that department to the board thus formed."

The following officers are detailed by the secretary of war to serve upon the board: Major General S. B. M. Young, Major General Henry C. Corbin, Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss, Brigadier General Wallace F. Randolph.

The following officers are detailed by the secretary of the navy to serve upon the board: Admiral George Dewey, Rear Admiral Henry C. Taylor, Captain John E. Pillsbury, Lieutenant Commander William J. Barnette.

Woman Dies from Wound.

Abbeville, S. C., July 17.—(Special.)—Mamie Nash died today from a pistol shot wound received Wednesday night when she was waylaid coming from church. Mariah Adams and daughter are charged with the crime. All are colored.

Fisk Library Site Sold.

New Orleans, July 17.—The supreme court having removed all obstacles, the city of New Orleans today sold the Fisk library site. It will be transferred to the government as part of the site of the new postoffice.

$100,000 Fire at Port Arthur.

Beaumont, Tex., July 17.—Fire this morning destroyed the Sabine hotel and natatorium at Port Arthur. The buildings were the property of the Port Arthur town site capitol. The loss is $100,000, partially insured.

SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

THE REMAINS OF DR. J. F. KILLEBREW, father of J. P. Killebrew, of Atlanta, who died in Collinsville, Ala., was brought to his old home in Edgefield, S. C., for burial Thursday. Dr. Killebrew left for Alabama some three months ago, hoping that the change would benefit his health. His death will be greatly mourned by many friends in Edgefield, who knew him for the kindly, genial gentleman he was. Dr. Killebrew was 53 years old at the time of his death.

JUST AFTER BEING PLACED IN the police station yesterday afternoon about 4:30 o'clock, Ike Williams, colored, swallowed poison and was later removed to Grady hospital. Turnkey Bostwick, in searching the negro, found a bottle of fluid, but on the statement of the negro that it was liniment, he was allowed to keep it. Before he was locked in a cell, however, he opened the bottle and swallowed the contents. A few moments later he began to foam at the mouth. Williams had paid a police court fine only yesterday morning, and was arrested yesterday afternoon by Policeman Christophine.

THE FUNERAL OF GEORGE KENnedy, a bailiff in Justice Bloodworth's court, who died suddenly while sitting at a table in Bronk's saloon, at 7 o'clock Thursday night, will take place at 11 o'clock Sunday morning. The body will be taken from Hillburn & Poole's undertaking establishment at 9:30 o'clock and carried to the family burying grounds at Cascade. Here it will be taken in charge by the Central Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, who will conduct the funeral services.

THOMAS F. WHITE, THE INFANT child of Mr. and Mrs. S. F. White, died yesterday morning at the home of Dr. Whitaker, 41 Irwin street. The little boy was 7 months old. Yesterday afternoon the body was taken to Attalla, Ala., and the funeral services and interment will take place there.

THE FUNERAL OF MRS. W. L. PARker took place yesterday afternoon from the residence, 536 Central avenue, at 2:30 o'clock. The interment was at Westview.

THE BODY OF GEORGE YOUNG, who died Thursday afternoon, was taken to Douglas, Ga., where the funeral services and interment took place.

MRS. SUSAN NORTON, WIFE OF William Fulton Norton, died yesterday afternoon at the residence of her husband, 25 Savannah street. She leaves four children, three sons and one daughter. The funeral will take place at the residence at 2:30 o'clock and the interment will be at Mount Pisgah burying grounds, in Milton county. The funeral will be in charge of Clara Rebekah Chapter No. 22, I. O. O. F.

THE REGULAR SESSION OF THE board of health was held yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock in the city hall. Only routine business was discussed.

THE AMOUNT OF THE ATLANTA stove works' claim against A. Springer is $23.36 instead of $700, as stated in a recent issue of The Constitution, according to a statement made yesterday by Mayson, Hill & McGill, who filed the proceedings against Springer. They say the amount of the aggregate claims against Springer is about $700.

MRS. MOLLIE M. HARPER DIED yesterday morning at 11 o'clock. She was 44 years old. The cause of her death was peritonitis. The funeral services will take place on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence, 269 East Hunter street, and the interment will occur at Oakland.

MRS. LOUISE JENKINS DIED YESterday morning at her residence, 234 Houston street. She was 58 years old. She leaves two daughters, Mrs. Emma Kates and Mrs. Maud Gonzales. The body was taken last night to Buford, Ga., where the funeral services and interment will take place.

VICTOR NUTTALL, A 12-YEAR-OLD youth, who resides at Fort McPherson, was yesterday bound over by Justice of the Peace Edgar H. Orr to the city criminal court on the charge of simple larceny. His bond was assessed at $300, in default of which he was placed in the Tower. Nuttall is charged with stealing a bicycle from Charlie Keller, another youth, who resides at Hapeville. It is claimed that three weeks ago the boys were at a baseball game at Fort McPherson an dthat the Nuttall boy rode Keller's bicycle away. The bicycle was afterward recovered from Paul Peek, a negro boy. Nuttall claims that he stopped at a store near the post and that while he was inside, a negro came along and stole the bicycle.

Women Teachers Predominate.

Raleigh, N. C., July 17.—(Special.)—It is found that nine-tenths of the teachers who are attending the state summer school here are women and this has brought out the fact that all over the state the proportion is about as great in the public schools.

North State Crop Reports.

Raleigh, N. C., July 17.—(Special.)—The state agricultural department today received from 1,000 correspondents the following returns of crop conditions: Cotton compared with an average of 100 cent, tobacco 80, corn 86, Irish potatoes 85, sweet potatoes 91, peanuts [illegible]

Frisco Wins De[illegible]leges.

New Orleans, July [illegible] suit of the board of dock commissioners contesting the grant of privileges to the Frisco road was decided in favor of the railroad by Judge Ellis in the lower court today.

CALLED TROOPS TO GUARD JAIL

Threats Made To Take Prisoner from Bainbridge Prison.

Bainbridge, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Great excitement was created here last night on account of an attempted jail delivery.

About 11 o'clock Deputy Sheriff Dean was returning home after a futile attempt to apprehend a negro who was wanted for assault with intent to murder. He was held up by four unknown parties and the jail keys were demanded.

He informed the parties that he did not have the keys. He was then ordered to get the keys from the sheriff. He reported the matter to the sheriff and then found the parties again near the Atlantic Coast Line depot. The number had increased and several threats were made. The mob was at first supposed to be endeavoring to obtain the person of an engineer formerly in the employ of Georgia, Florida and Alabama railway, but who two nights ago ran away with the wife of the foreman of the shops and who was apprehended at Cairo yesterday and lodged in the county jail.

It afterwards developed, however, that they were endeavoring to get Bill Grant, who was sentenced to hang at the last term of court for the murder of Jim Bird, near this place, during the holidays.

A motion for a new trial had been made and this has created intense feeling in portions of the county. Sheriff Fordham became alarmed at the course matters were taking and asked Captain Fleming, of the military company, to order out his men to guard the jail.

This was done immediately and by 1:30 o'clock the jail was surrounded by enlisted men.

A number of citizens were made deputy sheriffs for the occasion. Several suspicious looking parties were seen skirting the jail premises, but by 5 o'clock everything was serene.

The affair has created considerable interest here, but no further trouble is expected.

GOVERNOR CALLS ON TROOPS.

Bainbridge Riot Call Authorized by Governor Terrell at Sheriff's Request.

Company I, of the Fourth infantry, Georgia state troops, was called out on riot duty early yesterday morning at Bainbridge. The efforts of a mob to break open the Decatur county jail and secure Will Grant, a prisoner, charged with murder, prompted the sheriff of the county to exercise the authority conferred upon him, and called upon the local military company for protection. Captain Russell W. Fleming at once responded with his company. Upon the arrival of the military company the mob dispersed. Resort to violence was not necessary. As soon as Governor Terrell reached his office yesterday morning the conditions in Bainbridge were communicated to him and he promptly gave his official sanction to the action of the sheriff in calling for the troops. The latest advices received by Adjutant General Robertson last evening stated that the soldiers were still on duty.

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Good Price Reductions On Men's Fine Shoes and Oxfords

Your Savings on Shoes.

Patent Colt Shoes, lace, that were $4.00.. .. .. .. $2.50

Patent leather Shoes, lace, that were $3.50.. .. .. .. $2.75

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Men! Do you need Shoes or Oxfords? Here's your opportunity to save. Our heavy Spring business has left us with too many broken lots, and to dispose of them quickly, we have marked them down to prices that mean Shoe values without an equal. Note them.

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Boyden's Vici Kid Oxfords, were $5.00.... .. .. .. $3.50

Turner's Patent Kid Oxfords, were $5.00.. .. .. .. $3.75

Florsheim's $5.00 Patent leather button and lace Oxfords $3.00

Vici Kid Oxfords that were $3.00.. $2.50

Try Us By Mail.

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25 Whitehall St.

NEGRO WOMAN ON GALLOWS

She Was Hanged for the Murder of a Little Girl.

South McAlester, Ind. T., July 17.—Dora Wright, a negress, was hanged here today for the murder of Annie Williams, a 7-year-old negro girl. She mounted the scaffold without a tremor.

Charles Barrett was hanged for the murder of John Hennessy, an aged man, whom he shot from ambush. Robbery was the motive.

MUNITIONS FOR THE CHINESE.

They Can Get All They Want in August.

Pekin, July 17.—The prohibition of importation of arms and ammunition into China as provided by the protocol expires in August without protest. The ministers have decided that the prohibition is useless and ineffective and that the Chinese are capable of regulating the importation of war munitions. It is also admitted that they need arms in order to restore order in the disturbed provinces. The Japanese recently imported field guns and rifles on the plea that they were needed for the railroad guards, though it is thought they were intended to strengthen the Psi Yang army, which Yuan Shi Kai has drilled with Japanese officers.

"One Dose Convinces."

Mozley's Lemon Elixir gives immediate relif for indigestion, sour stomach, sick headache, foul breath, etc. Pleasant to take and pleasant in results.

Port Arthur Can't Be Taken.

St. Petersburg, July 17.—A telegram received here from Port Arthur says that upon the occasion of the laying of the corner stone of the cathedral there General Kurcpatkin, the Russian war minister, made a speech, in which he expressed the conviction that "Port Arthur is now becoming a fortress impossible to all enemies no matter how great their number or whence they come."

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The most delightful Ocean Resort on the South Atlantic Coast, twenty miles from Jacksonville on the Florida East Coast Railway. The Pier extends out into the ocean eight hundred feet, one-half its length roofed. Surf Bathing, Tennis, Bowling and Dancing in addition to Wheeling on the Beach which is smooth and hard for miles

The Continental Now Open.

JAS. P. VINING, Manager.

For rates, advertising matter, or other information, address the Manager, Atlantic Beach, Florida.

TATE SPRINGS "The Carlsbad of America"

EAST TENNESSEE.

An ideal resort. All the amusements and comforts. Cuisine and service the best. Beautiful scenery. Cool nights. No mosquitoes.

A new addition has been added to the main building, containing rooms en suite, with private bath, etc.

The water cures all liver, kidney, stomach, bowel and malarial troubles. Shipped any time, anywhere. Write for 50-page book.

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HOTELS AND SUMMER RESORTS

HADDOCK INN,

TOCCOA FALLS, GA., NOW OPEN.

Half rates for children and nurses. For booklet address

E. P. SIMPSON, Toccoa, Ga.

Grand Atlantic Hotel,

Virginia Ave. and Beach, Atlantic City, N. J. The largest and finest. 350 rooms. Central location. Terms reasonable. Write for booklet. CHARLES E. COPE.

VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS,

Delightful summer climate, nights cool and refreshing. 2,500 feet elevation in Allegheny mountains.

The Homestead Hotel

will make special rates June, July and August for a stay of a month or longer.

AMUSEMENTS.

Golf links and club house, tennis and squash courts, swimming pool and bath house, fine saddle horses and livery. Casino for dancing, three concerts daily by Royal Poinciana Orchestra. FRED STERRY, Manager.

Only $19.70 round trip to Baltimore via Seaboard Air Line. Tickets on sale July 18th, 19th and 20th via Norfolk & Bay line, final limit August 5th. Special Elk train will leave Atlanta Saturday at noon.

ADAIR'S DENTIFRICE CREAM

Will beautify your teeth. A reliable paste that will remove all stain and whiten the teeth without injury.

ADAIR'S DENTAL MOUTH WASH.

For Rigg's Disease. Hardens Sore and Bleeding Gums. Sweetens the breath and prevents decay. For sale by Druggists or ROBIN ADAIR, 502 Lowndes Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

WARM SPRINGS, GA.

NOW OPEN.

In Pine Mountains, 1,200 feet above sea level. Has the finest bathing and best accommodation for moderate rates. Apply for booklet with full particulars.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

HOTEL RICHMOND, Kentucky Ave. First hotel from boardwalk. Modern improvements. Elevator. Superior service. Plentiful, wholesome food. Send for booklets. Address, MRS. L. SIMONSON, Proprietor.

YOUNG'S HOTEL,

Atlantic City, N. J.

Absolutely fireproof. No wood used in its construction. European plan. Open all the year. The only absolutely fireproof hotel in Atlantic City. Facing the ocean, directly on the famous Board Walk, near Young's Pier. 250 rooms, 120 private baths with hot and cold salt and fresh water. Pure drinking water from our own Artesian well. Restaurant equal to any in New York.

JAMES R. KEENAN, Prop.

Also Hotel Gordon, Washington, D. C.

MAGNIFICENT, NEW, SPACIOUS.

HOTEL AGNEW,

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Whole block ocean front. Capacity 600. Hotel adjoins the famous boardwalk. Sea water baths and swimming pools notable features. Thoroughly high class family hotel. Rates moderate. This hotel caters especially to Atlantians. Booklet mailed or can be secured from this office. Automobiles meet all trains upon arrival in Atlantic City. Baggage checked direct from hotel to all parts of the country. A. Cheshire Mitchell, David P. Rahter, proprietors and managers.

THE SHELBURNE,

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Directly on the ocean front; large, sunny rooms en suite with bath, overlooking the sea. Full southern exposure. Sun parlors on every floor, facing ocean and board walk.

Booklet mailed on application.

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Facing directly on the ocean. Largest and most spacious on the coast. $20,000 has been expended in improvements this year. Cafe and Palm Garden with full orchestra till midnight. Dancing in ball room every evening. Bowling alleys, billiards, pool and ping-pong connected with the hotel. Rates from $2.50 to $5.00 per day. Special rates by the week. Reduced rates in July. For information and booklet address H. M. CAKE.

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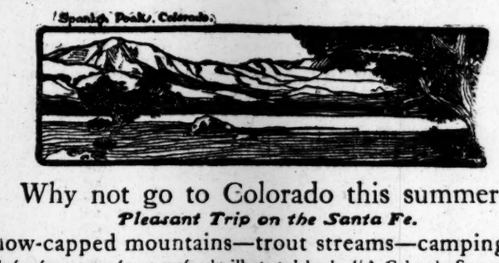

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Snow-capped mountains—trout streams—camping out. Ask for free copy of our profusely illustrated book, "A Colorado Summer." It tells all about the joys of a summer outing in Colorado. Cheap rates in effect all summer. Go via the Santa Fe and enjoy 100-mile panoramic view of the Rockies—Pueblo to Denver. For full particulars, address

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There is no danger whatever from this disease when taken in time and properly treated. All that is necessary is to give

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

LAST EXCURSION OF THE SEASON

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SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

On July 20th, 6 P. M.

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Limited to Three Days at the Beach. For the Benefit of Dr. Len Broughton's Tabernacle Infirmary and District Nursing Among the Poor.

REMEMBER, THESE TICKETS ARE GOOD RETURNING ON ANY REGULAR TRAIN WITHIN LIMIT.

Elegant Pullman Cars. Comfortable Day Coaches. Fine Bathing, Fine Fishing, Fine Boating. Make Pullman Reservations Now.

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The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company

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The new 5 per cent Gold Bond of the Penn Mutual is the best investment policy written.

The regular 20 Payment Life Annual Dividend Policy of the Penn Mutual is a recognized standard of excellence, combining, in the best possible form, investment with protection.

The new 5 Year Convertible Term Annual Dividend Policy of the Penn Mutual, furnishes PROTECTION at actual cost, and much lower than charged by fraternals, as shown by the following rates:

$10,000.00 at age 25, $114.50, $10,000.00 at age 30, $126.00,
$10,000.00 at age 35, $141.50, $10,000.00 at age 40, $161.50.

These premiums are further reduced by annual dividends averaging over 20 per cent. No other Company doing business in Georgia writes this contract.

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STATE GOSSIP CAUGHT IN CAPITOL CORRIDORS

MEMBERS of the general assembly are looking forward with great interest to the address which it has been promised them that "Private John" Allen, of Mississippi, would deliver in response to the invitation unanimously tendered him by both houses. Private John, whose reputation as a humorist is national is now a member of the government commission having charge of the great St. Louis exposition. He has been asked to speak about that enterprise, and he doubtless will do so, but when he once gets started it is a difficult matter to keep him confined to any one subject. It is certain that a rare treat is in store for the members of the legislature and the public generally when Private John arrives.

Oglethorpe Misdemeanor Camp.

The order of the prison commission in regard to the Broach camp, which has been under investigation, exonerates the commissioners of Oglethorpe county in the matter of the more serious charges, finding against them only in those matters in which they stated to the commission their inability to know just what was expected of them. One of these was embraced in the charge that they did not give convicts sufficient credit for "good time." It was pointed out at the hearing that the fault was probably with the rule of the commission, or rather with the workings of that rule, rather than with the lessees. This rule will be changed so that there can be no misunderstanding of its intent. The order of the commission reads as follows:

"Atlanta, July 17, 1903.—In re Charges Against Oglethorpe Chaingang, Worked for J. A. Broach:

"After hearing all of the evidence submitted to substantiate the charges in the above matter, and that submitted in rebuttal by the county commissioners, the following conclusions were reached:

"Specification 1, viz, 'The cruel and inhuman whipping of certain convicts,' was not proven.

"Specification 2, viz, 'The infliction of punishment upon convicts by persons not authorized by law,' was not proven.

"Specification 3, viz, 'Failure to provide transporation for discharged convicts, who were entitled thereto under the law,' was proven.

"Specification 4, viz, 'Failure to allow good time to convicts who were entitled thereto,' was proven.

"Specification 5, viz, 'Failure to provide proper food, clothing, tobacco and sleeping quarters,' was not proven.

"The investigation showed that this chaingang is operated solely in the interest of private parties and to no extent in the interest of the county of Oglethorpe, but there appeared to be a bona fide attempt upon the part of the county authorities to act within the pale of the law. The legality of the establishment and operation of such a chaingang is a question for the courts, and the commission will therefore express no opinion upon this feature.

"Inasmuch as the failure to provide transportation and the failure to allow good time seems, from the evidence, to have grown out of a misconstruction of the law, rather than to have been wilfully and maliciously done, the removal of the convicts from the custody of the county authorities will not be ordered, especially as the commission is assured that these violations of the law and rules will not again occur, and that all other laws and rules of the commission will be faithfully observed.

"THE PRISON COMMISSION OF GEORGIA.

"By JOS. S. TURNER, Chairman."

The Probation Officers.

Aftermath of the Charities and Correction convention, recently held in this city, appeared at the senate end of the capitol yesterday in the shape of a bill to provide for the appointment of probation officers in the larger cities of the state.

This was introduced by Senator Perry at the request of Mrs. E. T. Brown and other ladies who were so much interested in the excellent work accomplished by these probation officers in other parts of the country, as reported at the conference. It authorizes the appointment of such officers in cities of 30,000 and upward when the mayor and council desire. Under this bill the recorders or judges of police courts are made the appointing powers, the officers so selected to serve at the pleasure of the court making the appointment. The bill, in specifying the power of such probation officer, sets forth that in any case which, upon investigation by this probation officer, seems worthy it is to be lawful, if the court so desires, to suspend the imposition of the usual penalty in order that the person may be placed on probation under the care of the probation officer. The court is to prescribe rules and regulations for the government of the probation officers and of the persons committed to the charge of those officers.

To Revise School Laws.

The necessity for a revision of the school laws of the state in order to straighten out the discrepancies in the statutes as they stand is recognized by the senate's adoption yesterday of a joint resolution, introduced by Messrs. Comas and Dodd. This reads as follows:

"Whereas, there now exists certain grave discrepancies in our present school laws which should be amended or changed so as to bring our system of public schools to the highest state of efficiency; therefore

"Be it resolved, That a committee of three from the senate and five from the house be appointed a committee to act with the state school commissioner to consider this matter and report to the present session what changes are needed relative thereto."

Analysis in Criminal Cases.

The recent experience of the authorities of Tattnall county, who, in their desire to have an analysis made in a criminal case, were confronted, the other day, with the fact that there is no law making this the duty of the state chemist, is responsible for a bill introduced by Senator McLean yesterday. Senator McLean lives in Tattnall. The purpose aimed at in the measure introduced by him yesterday is to secure the cooperation of the office of the state chemist in such criminal cases as it may be required in order to meet the ends of justice. The bill provides that the state chemist shall analyze and report to the proper authorities the result of analysis made upon a stomach or other part of the body of any human being whose death was caused, or could have been caused, by poison. He is not required to make such analysis except upon application of the ordinary of the county, indorsed by the solicitor general where the crime, or alleged crime, was committed.

Criminal Insane by Themselves.

The separation of the criminal insane from other insane wards of the state is desired by Senator Merritt, who has introduced a bill for that purpose. The need for such legislation has upon a number of occasions been pointed out by officials both of the penitentiary and of the insane asylum. The bill provides that in every case where a convict is sentenced to the penitentiary and becomes insane, whether in the hands of a lessee or otherwise, such convict shall be removed to and kept at the prison farm during the term for which he may have been sentenced, or until such insanity is cured, and the prison commission shall make such provisions for the care, maintenance and medical treatment of such insane convicts as is proper in such cases; provided, that such convicts as are now in the state sanitarium under the provisions of either section 1183 or 1186 of the criminal code, shall be returned by the superintendent thereof to the prison commission so soon as arrangements have been made to care for said convict as is provided in this act.

First Franchise Arbitration.

The report from the first franchise tax arbitration was received by Comptroller General Wright yesterday. This came from the gentlemen who have had in hand the Wrightsville and Tennille, Hon. J. Pope Brown representing the state, and Mr. Alex Akerman representing the company. This company's franchise had been assessed by Comptroller General Wright at $117,000. The value placed upon it by the arbitrators is $70,000.

Visitors at the Capitol.

United States Senator Bacon, Congressman Brantley of the eleventh, and former Congressman Fleming of the tenth district were among the callers at the capitol. Another distinguished visitor at the capitol was Hon. Henry Maynard, who represents the Norfolk, Va., district in congress. Colonel Maynard was passing through the city and called at the capitol with Congressman Brantley to pay his respects to friends there.

Two Committee Assignments.

The story of a new business enterprise in Haralson county is told in two senate committee assignments just made. About ten days ago Dr. Golden, senator from the Haralson district, started a bank at his home town. A day or two ago he was, at the suggestion of one of his fellow senators, placed upon the committee on banks; yesterday at the suggestion of Senator Davis, chairman of the committee on finance, he was added to the membership of that body also.

For the Law Schools.

The house committee on general judiciary yesterday reported back with recommendation that it do not pass, the bill by Mr. Howell, of Meriwether, which proposes to repeal section 4406 of the code which permits the admission to the bar of graduates from certain law schools in the state, including Mercer law school, Emory law school, the Atlanta Law school and the law school of the University of Georgia. Inasmuch as the Atlanta school and the Emory law school are no longer open, and the university law school complies with the requirements in other respects, having a two-years' course, the bill affected only the Mercer law school.

A committee from the trustees of Mercer apeared before the committee to oppose the bill. Among them were Judge Thomas G. Lawson, Dr. W. W. Landrum, Judge F. M. Longley, Judge Alvan D. Freeman and Hon. J. Pope Brown. Judge Lawson read a memorial addressed to the legislature against the proposed legislation. Hon. Warner Hill and Judge J. L. Sweat appeared in behalf of the Bar Association to urge the passage of the measure. Mr. Hill made an argument in its favor.

The committee as stated, reported the bill adversely, and treated likewise another measure which proposed to give the state examining board the right to pass on the curriculums of law schools, whose students may be admitted on their diplomas.

State Board of Health.

The house committee on hygiene and sanitation yesterday made a favorable report on the bill proposing to establish a state board of health for Georgia. This bill is a substitute for a similar measure introduced some time ago by Dr. Whitley, of Douglas. The bill has received the approval of the governor and attorney general, and is in the shape and form desired by the physicians of the state, a committee having recently been appointed from their number to take the matter in hand. Dr. James B. Baird and Dr. Willis F. Westmoreland appeared before the committee yesterday afternoon and made brief talks in behalf of the measure. The bill was approved with practically no opposition.

Adjutant General Bird.

The military committee of the house wrestled again with the bill relating to the appointment of an adjutant general yesterday afternoon. This bill was introduced by Mr. Adams, of Putnam, and proposed to amend the military law passed at the last session so as to make confederate veterans eligible for appointment to the position of adjutant general.

Colonel Clifford L. Anderson and Assistant Adjutant General J. Q. Nash appeared before the committee to oppose the bill. There was no disposition on the part of the militia officers to have disqualified confederate veterans. They only expressed the desire that any one appointed to the office should be thoroughly qualified for it.

Finally an agreement was reached by which the governor will be unrestricted in making the appointment, except that the person appointed must stand an examination to be prepared by the field officers' examining board. This amendment was satisfactory to all parties, and the bill in this shape was favorably reported.

Uniform Text-Books.

The house committee on education held a very brief meeting yesterday afternoon and promptly made a favorable report on the substitute bill providing for a uniform system of text books for the common schools of the state. To this bill are attached the names of Messrs. West, of Lowndes; Mitchell, of Thomas, and Whitley, of Douglas.

The bill is similar in most respects to that of Senator Dodd, of the forty-third, which was recently passed by the senate.

There was some complaint from the opponents of the measure to the effect that the committee finished its work so quickly that it did not give them an opportunity to be heard. Chairman Holder states, however, that it was five minutes after the appointed meeting time before the bill was taken up.

"One Dose Convinces."

Mozley's Lemon Elixir acts gently on the bowels without any unpleasant effect. It is a perfect liquid laxative. 50 cents per bottle at all drug stores.

TWO SPECIAL EXCURSIONS.

Chautauqua Lake, N. Y.

Via Erie R.R. from Cincinnati, $11.30 round trip, July 3d and 24th, good 30 days. Train leaves Cincinnati daily 8:30 p. m., with through sleeper and Cafe Car, arriving at Lake 8:29 a. m.; Buffalo 10:55 a. m. Erie and Chautauqua folder with full list of hotels and boarding houses with rates per week and description of lake furnished on application to connecting lines, or to C. W. Pettit, T. P. A., Erie R. R., No. 202 North Cherry street, Nashville, Tenn., or Erie R. R., No. 11 West Fourth street.

PEONAGE EXISTS IN TWO COUNTIES

Federal Grand Jury at Montgomery Complimented by Judge Jones.

Montgomery, Ala., July 17.—(Special.)—The federal grand jury today made its final report showing they had returned ninety-nine true bills, involving eighteen persons, for peonage and conspiracy. The jury reported that conspiracies were formed and carried on in two localities between justices of peace, constables and employers of labor to convict ignorant and defenseless persons and sell them into involuntary servitude that the parties might make pecuniary profit.

The report then gives detailed accounts of how these things were carried on and adds that the state authorities, although the offense has gone on for several years, cannot punish the offenders because of their influence, the timidity of witnesses and the unwillingness of jurors of the vicinity to do their full duty.

The grand jury further says these things exist in only two localities and they are gratified to report "that such a state of things exists nowhere else in the district. We set out the facts in this report without exaggeration or the one hand or extenuation on the other. We think that the truest friends to our people are those who tell the exact truth as to these matters. The great body of the people in this district, save very few, who are lost to all sense of justice and wish to profit by oppression, are violently opposed to these practices."

Judge Jones complimented the jury, saying:

"The time is not far distant, if it is not now here, when all right thinking, honorable people will realize and declare that in setting the laws of the United States in motion to prevent outrages upon helpless and ignorant citizens of Alabama, who are as well citizens of the United States, and under its protection, you have been the truest and best defenders also of the honor of the south, the state and its people."

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LADIES ARE HEARD FROM.

Council Committeemen Hear from Them Regarding Probation System for Juvenile Offenders.

Several ladies of Atlanta were heard from yesterday morning by the members of the ordinance committee, of which Councilman Winn is chairman, and the committee on hospital and charities, of which Alderman Longino is chairman. The ladies want the probation system for juvenile offenders inaugurated in Atlanta.

The question was referred to a committee consisting of Councilman Winn, chairman; Alderman Longino, Alderman Inman, Councilman Harwell, Councilman Key and City Attorney Mayson. This committee will comunicate with those cities that now have the probation system on trial for the purpose of ascertaining how it is working. The report will be submitted to the joint committee for action.

The following ladies appeared before the councilmen yesterday morning:

Mrs. W. P. Pattillo, Mrs. Edward T. Brown, Mrs. J. H. Gilbert, Mrs. A. V. Gude and Dr. Frances Bradley.

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PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

CLARK HOWELL.....Editor
ROBY ROBINSON.....Business Manager

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CONSTITUTION PUBLISHING CO.

ATLANTA, GA., July 18, 1903.

More "hot-air" this talk of Root grabbing the resignation root.

Perhaps Candidate Roosevelt feels that the B'nai B'rith vote is at stake.

Every Georgia belle must acknowledge Elberta is queen of the July.

Your Uncle Grover doesn't regard his Joshua frame of mind as any josh.

We trust the Spanish war veterans' organization has no pension significance.

This weather is conducive to a beautiful borax complexion and clammy seaweed tresses.

Boss Platt, of New York, has just reached his three score and ten, and he's far from "a dead one."

One Antonio Barone, of New York, not content with killing his mother in law, likewise killed his father in law.

Next year is leap year. Ought to make the politicians show a little becoming modesty and let the office seek them.

However the nation may differ on sectional lines, it is an enthusiastic unit when it comes to the Georgia watermelon on ice.

A Washington scientist has discovered a worm which preys upon mosquitoes. If the scientists don't let up the worm will turn.

Our weather man knows how highly we always speak of the Atlanta midsummer climate, and we look to him to help bear us out in it.

We read in a literary note that our leading present day authors diet almost exclusively on breakfast foods. We had suspected as much.

The Baltimore American chides the g. o. p. for its "marked tendency to go to sleep." We call that shabby to the Rooseveltian strenuosity.

The World's Work is very elaborately advising us how to spend a vacation. Give us the spondulix to spend and trust us to do the rest according to Hoyle.

Young Johnny Rockefeller says he gets light through prayer. That's a "tarnal sight" cheaper than the rest of us get it through the Standard Oil monopoly.

Massachusetts is said to have never had a lynching since the Pilgrim Fathers lynched Indians. Cotton Mather's "witches" were gibbeted in due legal form.

Why is it that none of our modern poets seem to have risen to distinction sufficient to make their photo and personal indorsement sought by the patent medicine advertiser?

The British government has increased the pension of Poet Laureate Alfred Austin. Trying to make him so fat and epicurean that he will mercifully desist from trying to sing?

A Pennsylvania man who discovered he was illegally holding an appointive office returned $151 to the state treasury which he had drawn as salary. Do not overlook the fact that this was in Pennsylvania.

An Indiana farmer's wife has just been granted a divorce because her unconventional and uncouth lord had a habit of sleeping with his boots on. She would have been justifiable had she caused him to die that way.

A sleeping negro was run over by a train and killed in western North Carolina the other day. He had merely sat down on the track to cogitate a few hours on the race problem and, brooding over his wrongs, straightway fell asleep.

Mr. Bryan's name was "cheered to the echo for five minutes" at the recent Tammany celebration. Mr. Cleveland received "the ovation of the occasion" at the inauguration of the St. Louis exposition. "A horse and a horse," so to speak.

Old Cassius M. Clay's ex-child wife, Dora Brock, recently declined to submit to a reportorial interview, with a broomstick and six-shooter emphasis. Dora seems to have imbibed the general's hallucination that the "Vendetta" is pursuing her, and she seems to have the general's capacity to stand it off.

There may be mothers of school girls in Atlanta who will say amen to the sentiment of the Philadelphia matron who sent her daughter with this note to the school ma'am:

"Miss Brown: You must stop teach my Lizzie finical torture she needs yet readin' and figors just cause more as that. If I want her to do jumpin' I kin make her jump.

"MRS. CANAVOWSKI."

Southern Cottons in China.

Secretary Hay has succeeded by the wisdom and persistence of his diplomacy in securing the open door policy in Manchuria. His success will be hailed and praised by other countries whose statesmen have tried and been baffled in attempts to achieve what he has so consummately brought to pass.

It is a gain for them second only to the value of the concessions to his own country and the trade of its people.

A notable and praiseworthy feature of Secretary Hay's negotiations was the noble resolution not to confine his diplomacy to the selfish behoof of the United States. Looking afar he saw that the way of wisdom lay in making the supreme demand for a universal principle—the equality of commercial privileges throughout the world. This equity is a policy that the United States may need often to appeal to in the future. Therefore it was the highest order of statesmanship that made him plant himself on the principle that he would not accept preferential privileges for this country, but insist upon open ports for the whole world. This is the gain for universal civilization and commerce that will win for him a great fame for generations to come.

The success thus attained is of special importance to the south and in the same hour that his triumph is announced our consul in Neuchwang warns us that the Russian cotton manufacturers of Moscow are to be our strong competitors, no less dangerous than those of England, Japan, France and Germany.

The south ought to be able to manufacture the goods required in the Chinese markets more cheaply than any other country on the globe. Our facilities for transportation are better for reaching the entry ports. We can, if we will, undersell the world in north China cotton goods markets.

Here is the place and now is the time for the southern mill men to get together and ascertain just what they must do to monopolize those markets. Whatever can be learned as to the goods demanded, the terms of delivery and payment, packing and transport should be carefully investigated and adopted. It is the south's opportunity to open a secure market for millions of bales of cotton goods that can be more easily and cheaply made here beside our fields than by any of our competitors. Delay in preparation and invasion will be dangerous. What we neglect others are sure to eagerly appropriate.

Our Soldiers Should Go to Camp.

Next week the Fifth regiment of Georgia state troops, which includes the Atlanta companies, will be called into annual encampment at Rome. At the same time the First regiment of Georgia cavalry, of which the Governor's Horse Guards, of this city, is a constituent, will encamp near Savannah.

The value of a well organized, equipped and trained militia was asserted by Washington and Jefferson. They knew the sovereign services rendered by the "minute men of '76," but for whom the revolution would have been ended in its first irruption. They remembered how the farmers were wont to gather and perform what seemed stupid evolutions in imitation of the perfectly drilled royal troops, but when the due time came those "embattled farmers fired the shot that rang 'round the world" and finally whipped the best rented soldiers of Europe to a finish.

It was the old-fashioned musters of our southern militia that gave Jackson the volunteers who made Packenham's army look like a cyclone had struck them at New Orleans, that furnished the invincibles who won our southern Indian wars, and that gave to the southern cause in 1861 those armies whose victories were continuous until the northern legions learned from them "how to fight."

It is a patriotic duty right here in Georgia to maintain an efficient militia. That we cannot have without military observation, training and common knowledge of evolutions. It is also right that Atlanta should be fully represented in these encampments. It is to the credit of the capital city of the state. Our companies are good and seasonable soldiers and we are not ashamed of them. Therefore our citizens should see to it that every available one of them is released for the scant week needed for attendance on these annual encampments.

Abolition of Days of Grace.

The three days of grace allowed by law on time banking paper is a survival of an old custom that had its uses in the days of scant banking facilities and when men living outside of bank towns had to be notified by infrequent mails of the due-date of their notes, bills of exchange, etc.

That day is gone by and the necessity for maintaining the old custom is destroyed by electric wires, fast mails and rural free deliveries of mail matter. So well recognized is the fact that nearly two-thirds of the states of the union have abolished the days of grace and in them business is done on the sensible basis of paying paper on the day it is due by its face terms.

A note for thirty days should be a note for thirty days and not for thirty-three. The man who thinks he gains three days' time on the bankers and note-shavers by the three days grace law is fooling himself like a rank simpleton. The discounter in a state where the grace law prevails always figures thirty-three days' interest, or discount, as the case may be, and enters up his just due to that amount before the customer is out of sight.

It is just as easy to do business "on the dot" as to create all the worry and annoyance of the grace period for nobody's real benefit. To the bankers of the state it is a source of confusion and extra work. It is misleading to many of their customers and leads to much trouble by men forgetting just when they are to pay their paper in bank.

The action of the house of representatives in passing the bill to abolish these days of grace in Georgia is commendable as a step towards placing the state in the growing column of states that have adopted this reform. There are no sufficient reasons visible for keeping this useless ratchet on the wheels of our financial facilities and the abolition of it will simplify banking methods and make it easier for financial men and their customers to get along without annoying and sometimes serious misunderstandings.

Major General Leonard Wood.

That is the title by which, after August 8, "the general doctor," as his army enemies prefer to name him, will be known. It pleased the president yesterday to order the promotion of Brigadier General Leonard Wood to succeed Major General S. B. M. Young, who is promoted to be lieutenant general, vice Miles, who retires August 8.

However the mere technicalists among army men or their laymen friends may regard the promotion of General Wood, we are satisfied that it will strike the average American citizen as a most deserved and proper honor for the president to bestow upon this particular officer.

It is easy enough for those who know only by hearsay of the career of General Wood to speak disparagingly of his services. But those who were in the best position to see him in the very maelstrom of the duties devolved upon him at Santiago and Havana, and now in the Philippines, can never be convinced that he was but a carpet knight in his environment and is the happy victim of unreasoned presidential favoritism.

England, France, Germany, Spain and other great countries have conferred even higher honors, orders, crosses, jeweled garters, promotions, estates and peerages upon men who have done no more arduous and faithful work than Leonard Wood did for the United States in Cuba. A notable case of almost equivalent value, was that of Sir Henry Wood in India, and to whose labors England to this day owes the redemption of her colonial power and prosperity in that land from the odium that weighed upon it from the days of Warren Hastings.

It is objected that without having had any technical—and that means West Point—training for army command Wood is liable, if he lives, to be chief of staff and virtual commander of the American armies for fifteen years—most probably years of profound peace. But what of the antecedent military education of George Washington before he took the office of commander in chief of the continental armies? What of Old Hickory Jackson—when did he go to West Point, or command more than a ragged regiment of Tennessee mountaineers before he became the foremost fighting general of his times?

The people see in Leonard Wood the man of a great occasion who was equal to it. He served well, honestly and effectively. For that they will applaud the wisdom and justice of his promotion.

The Kishinef Resolution.

Russia appears to have issued her ultimatum that she will not receive or consider the monstrously voluminous petition signed by Americans of every creed and country asking religious security and immunity from wanton massacre.

This is scarcely a fair action upon the part of the czar, who but a few years ago proposed a magnificent scheme of European disarmament, backed up The Hague tribunal and otherwise advertised himself as the especial apostle of world-wide peace—going so far, even, very recently, as to proclaim a sort of "religious liberty" ukase for the Russians themselves.

It is also an ungenteel return to this country for its long maintained friendship with Russia and the splendid and timely aid so freely sent by these same American petitioners to the famine-stricken people of Russia in days not so long ago.

But the czar is his own master and has the autocratic right to say that the Kishinef affair is "an internal affair" about which he will not be interpellated or advised by foreign powers. He has said it and the question now is whether he shall be allowed by the powers of Christendom to maintain his attitude.

It is no satisfactory answer to the high humanity which dictated this American petition to say that wholesale butcheries of helpless religionists because of their ancient faith are local police laches of his empire. Nor is it meeting universal expectation for the czar to say to us, or any other country, that we have cases of violence, lynching and racial troubles of our own.

The answer to those objections is that religious butcheries are not known and would not be tolerated for a day in this nation, to speak only for ourselves. Secondly, the United States has always received with respect the protests of other countries, as Turkey and China, when wrongs have been done by our people to their subjects living and earning wealth among us. Thirdly, that our lynchings and burnings or race conflicts are incited by crimes and are spasmodic and not officially ordered or sanctioned by the representatives of the national government.

The czar must either end these persecutions of the Jews, or revise his code of international relations, for if they are repeated flagrantly a day will come when the humane powers of the globe will address him in a voice that he will hear and by methods that will be effective to the end so respectfully and humbly sought by our American petitioners.

Death of Dr. Williamson.

Atlantans were shocked with sadness in reading the news yesterday of the death of Rev. Dr. C. P. Williamson, formerly pastor of the First Christian church of this city, which occurred in Baltimore on Thursday. It is only a few weeks now since the good man was exchanging greetings with thousands of his former parishioners and friends upon our streets.

Dr. Williamson endeared himself to Atlanta in an especial manner. He was a man of abilities, sympathies with every good and of sterling character. His activities in all excellent works, in church and civics, was tireless, and he bore himself so well in his divine office as to win the respect and confidence of every class of our citizens. Called to higher duties in the educational work of his church, he was making rapid and splendid progress when stricken with the disease to which nature has finally succumbed.

"His works do follow him," for in this community are hundreds who owe to his personal and Christian zeal the inspirations which have urged them to better, happier and more hopeful living.

Governor Northen on Public Schools.

In another column we print some extracts from the address made by ex-Governor Northen, before the summer school for teachers at Athens, yesterday.

Few men in the state are so well fitted to discuss educational topics ably and wisely as is ex-Governor Northen. He has given practically the larger part of his life to successful teaching and during his terms as governor impelled the state to better and broader methods of public instruction. His whole head and heart are enlisted in the great work of promoting public schools that shall be competent to abolish the curse of illiteracy from our people.

Notable in the first instance is Governor Northen's appeal for the substitution of a board of public school commissioners, composed of trained educators, for the present perfunctory board. Not for a moment disparaging the intelligence and zeal of the state officials who compose that board, but who were selected for other purposes than the intimate administration of schools, he truly argues that a board of experts is as essential for the right education of our youth as for the regulation of railway rates and the conduct of prisons. We do not think the argument of the ex-governor on that point can be gainsaid for a moment.

In the next place he finds that Georgia has not now the system of primary schools commanded by the constitution of the state. Measured by that instrument he declares the present system a substantial failure, disappointing in results and dissipating the funds by large measure.

It is in a sense incontestable that the phrase "the elementary branches of an English education only," contained in the constitution of 1877, has been turned into rubber by the legislation since enacted and, as under the "general welfare" clause of the national constitution, much has been foisted upon our present system that it should not carry.

The plea for longer school terms and more efficient teaching are iterations of demands that have been voiced continually by The Constitution and are becoming more strenuous every day. The way to secure these things by the process of local taxation is as plain as a turnpike and only the reactionary spirit of a false economy, or the meanness of pure and puerile greed prevents the application of the remedy.

It is a fair and ominous note of warning sounded to the people when Governor Northen tells our teachers that if ever any workmen would be justified in laying down their tools and forsaking their work our poorly paid teachers of Georgia would be those workmen. There is not a negro ditching along our railway lines who is not better paid for his work than the average Georgia teacher in our rural districts. And the great pity of the poor schools that result is the depopulation of the farms by people who are moving to towns where their children can get full terms of schooling, while other people refuse to re-occupy the farms because to do so means ignorance for their children.

The ex-governor's address is one that we can heartily commend to the consideration of every patriot in or out of the general assembly.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

North Georgia Citizen: Judge Parker is a good man, but Atlanta can't elect him president.

North Georgia Citizen: A great national highway from Chattanooga to Atlanta is the "real thing."

Woodbury Messenger: If anybody thinks whiskers have gone out of fashion, let him take a trip to the state capital and look at the Georgia legislature.

Rochelle New Era: Had you heard it? Atlanta has one. What? Why, a trust. Don't say so? Yes, indeed; but it is a very cold affair and may soon freeze out. It is an ice trust.

Lawrenceville News-Herald: Every patriotic Georgian feels proud of Atlanta. Why shouldn't he? She is a beautiful, progressive, up-to-date city, and compares favorably with any other in America. The larger cities have taller buildings, more beautiful residences, and prettier parks, but Atlanta has the most complete hotels, the best restaurants and the finest soda fount establishments. Hurrah for Atlanta! The people of Gwinnett county feel proud of the fact that they live within an hour's ride of this modern city.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA."

The Sighing World.

I.

The rivers sing on in the sunshine—
The trees wave their banners of green;
But still we're replying
To all, with our sighing—
The sighing that saddens the scene!

II.

No joy in the wonderful weather—
The beauty and bloom o' the way;
The glad bells are ringing,
The blithe birds are singing,
And we're giving our grief to the day!

III.

The world still as bright as God wills it
And all o' the brightness our own,
We only give tears
To the blessings of years,
And dwell in Life's deserts alone!

* * * * *

Politics in Billville.

Two candidates obliged us by plowing six acres for us yesterday.

Our school children have been patted on the head so often of late that every 10-year-old boy in the town is baldheaded.

Some of the candidates for local offices in this settlement are running so fast that the sheriff can't get close enough to levy on them.

* * * * *

A Note of Life.

Life's jest too short for sighin'—
The song still beats the sigh;
The rainbow's runnin' rosy
Round the storm that's in the sky.
An' all the world is loveliness,
An' all the world is light,
An' so—to Joy, "Good morning,"
An' say to Grief, "Good night!"

* * * * *

A Fine Tribute.

Here is an eloquent extract from William Marion Reedey's estimate of the late William E. Henley:

"No modern better than he could voice the melody of sorrow and he had no superior in chanting the gospel of courage. Whether his muse concerned itself with hawthorne and lavender, or with the song of the gallows tree, or with the thick sweet mystery of chloroform, or with the depiction of London street characters, the song was always true to the theme. There was an honesty in Henley's poettical method that we find nowhere else among his contemporaries."

* * * * *

Summer Joys.

What joy the summer's bringin'!—
A tree where shadows flit,
And a mockin'bird a-singin'
In the green, sweet top of it!

And sounds of bees a-hummin'
In meadows drenched with dew;
Hints of the harvest comin'—
The harvest that's for you!

* * * * *

For Weal or Woe.

Perhaps, after all, this is about the best view to take of the summery situation:

"We do not mind the weather—
We never do repine;
We're in this world together—
Praise God for rain and shine!"

* * * * *

Two new southern magazines are promised for early fall publication. The more the merrier! We have authors enough to fill all their pages.

* * * * *

A Singer in Trouble.

We regret to hear of the following accident which "happened" to the poet of The Adams Enterprise:—

"Providence afflicts us
Beyond the golden rule;
Lightning struck our smokehouse,
An' nearly killed our mule.

But, just before it thundered,
And ere the rain had poured,
We had the mighty wisdom
To have the mule insured."

* * * * *

A War-Like Poem.

The following, entitled "A War-like Family," is going the rounds. We suspect that it appeared originally in the esteemed Whitsett Courier. It has all the earmarks of the Sweet Singer of southwest Georgia:—

We are a war-like family,
From grandpa down to son;
We're warriors, that is plain.
My daddy fell at dire Bull's Run—
Then rose and run again.

"My grandpa served at Lexington;
He stood the hottest fire,
Mid bursting shells most dire—
(He was chief cook for Washington;
The "fire" was in the kitchen,
The "bursting shells" had chicks in).

"I fought for Cuban's freedom;
I was down south with Bryan,
The Spanish troops defying;
My deeds are worthy mention.
Sat in the camp and courted death,
Drew my pay and drew my breath,
And now I draw a pension."

* * * * *

Hot Times in Billville.

If this weather continues, we'll all burn up a few years before the preacher said we would.

Our family is still at the seashore, enjoying the ocean breezes and writing for our salary every week.

The weather's quite warm, but we're enjoying life under a green oak tree, with one darky to fan us, and another to pull the mint for the juleps.

* * * * *

To the Light.

There's hope for the country: the people
Are pushing their way to the light;
Bells in each town and steeple
Are ringing to Sorrow, "Goodnight!"
There's hope for the country: we sing it
In even the sadness of sighs;
Let the bells in wild ecstacy ring it
Till it reach to the blue of the skies!

* * * * *

A southwest Georgia poet writes: "The birds are singing all day long, but I don't have time to hear them." All of which goes to show that the farmers are getting along with their work and business is booming. F. L. S.

TO FORECLOSE BIG MORTGAGE.

Trust Company Pushes the Shipbuilding Combine.

New York, July 17.—Judge Kirkpatrick, sitting in the United States district court, signed an order for the application of counsel representing the Mercantile Trust Company, of New York, permitting that corporation to foreclose the $16,000,000 mortgage of the United States Ship Building Company held by it as trustee for bondholders. The order was signed in the absence of counsel representing Receiver James Smith, Jr., of the ship building company. The petition may be filed with any United States district court and a day will then be fixed for argument by counsel for and against the allowance of the foreclosure. Receiver James Smith, Jr., will oppose the suit.

The permitting the filing of the petition has been anticipated by counsel representing the receiver and the legal battle to prevent the foreclosure when it takes place will be of a sensational nature.

NORTHEN ADDRESSES STATE SUMMER SCHOOL

Discusses Need of Better State School System Offers Some Pertinent Suggestions.

Athens, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—The following is a summary of the address delivered by Hon. W. J. Northen before the university summer school in Athens yesterday morning upon the "Future of the State." Ex-Governor Northen said:

"Since the organization of this institution I have watched with increasing interest its steady growth in usefulness to all the people of the state. This new feature, in which I now have the honor to take part, gives me special pleasure as it gives evidence of further enlargement of your helpful work. I would be glad if it were possible to attend every session of your summer school that I might catch the inspiration of your attendance and your work for the betterment of our schools and thereby the advancement of the state.

"It has been announced that I am to speak to you on the future of the state. Living as we do, under a republican form of government, it is a matter of wonder that we have not yet, after all these years of experimentation settled upon more fixed policies for the growth and development of our institutions. I have found great interest recently in the study of the national platforms adopted during the last thirty years by the several political parties. The statements therein contained are supposed to be the expression of intelligent statesmen as to the policies to be adopted to secure and maintain an ideal government for a free people. It is curious to see, not only how men of political experience differ among themselves, but how they actually disagree with their own opinions as the years advance and different political parties come into power. In confirmation of what I am now saying we have only to listen for the announcements to be made in the forthcoming platforms adopted for the next national campaign.

"Whatever may be our differences on party lines, along commercial, industrial and financial relations, there are certain fundamental elements of successful free government upon which we are all agreed that ought to have our pronounced advocacy and adherence.

"Whatever may be our personal views and party policies we are all agreed if the highest ideal of the nation is reached we must attain, in each individual instance, to the highest ideal of citizenship.

"The authority of our government is not lodged in princes, kings nor potentates, but in the individual sovereignty of the individual citizen. Its final character must be illustrated in the aggregate will of the majority. Public opinion makes the law of the nation and the government of the people. Public opinion is but the aggregation of individual opinions, that finally, either passively or in active cooperation, accept the majority as law. If public opinion is intelligently and honestly formed the standard of government will be high. If it is shaped by ignorant men, without morals, it will be destruction.

"With these statements granted and universally accepted, as they are, we go further together and all agree that no man can make an ideal citizen of a republican government without sufficient education to understand and apply the fundamental principles that ought to control a free people.

"We go still further and all agree that so essential to good government is the education just described that the state should itself undertake to furnish it absolutely free of cost to every man who is to become a citizen of the commonwealth and exercise his rights as a sovereign in control.

Schools Bulwark the State.

"Having gone thus far in generalities, I shall venture to say that the future of the state does not depend, primarily at least, upon the products of the soil, the abundance and variety of its mineral resources, the vastness of its commerce and its industrial development, but upon the intellectual and moral strength of its people. The meaning of this statement is, if our government is made stable our schools must be made efficient and all our children must receive from them the best possible instruction. This is the natural and logical conclusion from the universal acceptance of the fundamental principles just announced. If the future of the state depends upon the intellectual and moral strength of its citizens, the future of the state must depend, in the last analysis, upon the character of our schools and the efficiency of our teachers. I am here to say that the people to whom I am now addressing myself carry, more completely, the burdens of society and of government than do the legislative, judicial and executive departments of the state all combined. No class of our people are supposed to understand school matters better than those who teach the schools. If the system is wrong, the machinery clumsy there ought to be no one to discover it sooner than those who are required to run it. If teachers do not create public sentiment on school matters the question comes not who will, but who can?

"The highest and most responsible office held in Georgia is not found in the man who makes the law, the judge who tries the criminal nor in the governor who simply administers the affairs of state, but in the man who controls the schools that make the citizen who deposits the ballot that makes or unmakes the commonwealth.

Some Suffrage Statistics.

"May I now call your attention to some results from our present system that has been in operation more than a quarter of a century. The census taken for 1900 reports the white population for this state to be 1,181,294. Of these there are 101,264 above 10 years of age who can neither read nor write—over 11 per cent; 49,078 males and 52,186 females. The census further reports 270,879 white voters for the same year, 82,062 of whom could not read the ballot they deposited. Twelve counties in the state furnished twenty voters out of every 100 who did not know whether they held their ballots upside down or right side up. Every four men who deposited an intelligent ballot were accompanied by one man who could not, for the life of him, tell for whom he voted. These conditions present a spectacle at this late day in our civilization that should arouse to thought and action every patriotic citizen of the state. Thirty-two thousand illiterate white voters armed with the power to make or unmake the state. Put along with these white voters 125,678 illiterate negro voters and there is cause for alarm for the security of our institutions. I shall leave to some one else to say what shall be done with negro voters. I am discussing now the future of the state from the standpoint of the white man.

"There seems to be inefficiency in our system somewhere and I shall venture to submit to you some criticisms for your consideration.

My first criticism is that the general assembly has not provided a thorough system of common schools for the education of the children as required in the fundamental law of the state. The system fails, first, in its organization, and, second, in the lack of funds to maintain it. Let it be distinctly understood that, in this criticism, I do not intend any reflection whatever upon the officers connected with the organization. My criticism is not upon the officers, but upon the system.

Faculty School System.

The first provision of the system creates a board of education composed of the governor, attorney general, secretary of state, the comptroller general and the state school commissioner. This provision is made, not for the efficiency of the system, but it is tried as an expedient to save money rather than make citizens. Not a single member of this board except the commissioner was made a state officer because of his fitness to become a member of the state board.

I submit, if the state needs a commission to regulate railroads so as to secure for us reasonable rates for the transportation of our cotton bales to market, surely the minds and the morals of our children are entitled to equal consideration and money investment by the state. If our children are entitled to special commission to furnish guards and enforce penalties and impose stripes when they are guilty of violation of law, surely, surely they are entitled to equal consideration and money investment by the state to prevent lawlessness and make them citizens worthy of the state.

Why should we have a commission to study railroads and make rates and decline to have a special commission to study school systems and make citizens? If education prevents crime, why should there be a commission to punish crime and not a commission to prevent crime by the proper enlightenment of the future citizen? Without going further into criticism of the system as originally constructed, it is sufficient to say it has been amended from time to time greatly to the detriment of the schools, until it has become a mass of contradictions and unconstitutional irregularities.

The bill, as I understand it, now before the general assembly will not, in my judgment, meet the demands of the case and certainly not the needs that I am now discussing. The bill, as I am informed, proposes a commission to be made of a limited number of senators and representatives to determine certain specific phases of the school question. I am proposing a commission to be made permanent, whose business it shall be to study the whole question and formulate a system adapted to our peculiar conditions and remain in office after the system shall have been enacted into law and through the state school commissioner administer the system and apply its requirements until it is made to meet our necessities as a thorough system of common schools. This commission, in my judgment, should be made of two capable school men with the state school commissioner, ex-officio, a member, and not composed of members of the general assembly who, like the members of the present state board of education, were not elected because of any special fitness for considering school questions.

With such a commission as the beginning point in a system, the people could feel well assured that there would be no need for continued unwise and hurtful amendments by the legislature, at least for some time to come. For this suggested change there would be required an additional amount of money that would finally inure greatly to the benefit of the state. Are not the children of the state entitled to it?

With a commission to give the state a system, the next criticism I would make is found in the limited means for making teachers.

During my administration I had the honor, in my first inaugural address, to recommend as follows:

"If the state carries forward, successfully, the great work it has undertaken, we must have better teachers for the schools, longer terms for instruction and better pay for the service. For the training and instruction of teachers the state needs a normal school or normal institution; for longer terms and better pay, the system needs more money. The governor of the state receives his salary when it is due. The judges of the courts receive their pay upon demand. The members of the general assembly obtain their per diem upon call. The teachers in our public schools are the only servants of the state whose pay depends upon contingency and doubt. The honor of the state demands a change. All the interests of the state urge upon you favorable consideration of efficient plans for the better education of the masses."

This resulted in the extension of the school term from three months to five; the inauguration of the present system of institutes and the establishment of this most excellent normal school.

What the system needs now is an enlargement of this institution so as to meet adequately and completely the demands of the state in training every teacher that is allowed to take charge of a state school. The greatest evil of the system is found in the large number of poorly prepared teachers. If it be true that the future of the state depends upon the intellectual and moral strength of its citizens, the state cannot afford to be niggardly or sparing in the preparations necessary to prepare teachers for the grave and responsible duties that await them.

Teachers Paid Too Little.

I desire to stress another grievous fault of the system as found in the painfully small salaries paid the teachers of the state schools. This change should be made not simply to get higher salaries for the teachers, but that the children may be better trained. "You can get more talent to teach your boy when you pay a good price for it than when you pay only as much as it takes to feed a pauper or maintain a criminal in the county jail."

This great body of state teachers should formulate some plan of demand that will prevent the abuse they have suffered all these years that enforces the scaling of accounts to a miserable pittance as pay for the services rendered the state. Press the question until it is fully and fairly answered. How is it that every state officer of the civil system, including the negro porters at the capitol, can be promptly paid and the teachers alone are told to discount their bills and wait until after everybody else consumes the public money before they can hope to get theirs? I stand here in my place to denounce the policy as unfair and inquitous. Eight thousand teachers scattered throughout every county in the

Continued on Seventh Page.

MANY CHANCES ARE ASKED FOR

Railroads Desire Extensive Improvements Near New Depot.

New Nelson Street Viaduct, Subway Under Mitchell Street Viaduct and Six-Foot Fill at Hunter and Madison Streets Are Some of Them.

Important and extensive changes and improvements will be made by the railroads that will use the new union depot in the vicinity of the site of that structure.

The fact that these changes are to be made both in the grades of the streets and in the appearance of the sites of present structures was brought out strongly during the meeting of the committee on streets, of which Alderman Terry is chairman, yesterday afternoon. The meeting was called to order in the committee room at the city hall by Councilman John H. Harwell, the acting chairman.

Following is a statement of the improvements and changes that the railroads desire making:

A new Nelson street viaduct, extending from Madison street to Elliott street, to be erected jointly by the city and the railroads.

A new subway under the east approach of the Mitchell street viaduct, the entire expense to be borne by the railroads.

A change in the grade of the west approach to the Mitchell street viaduct in order to give more clearance under that portion of the viaduct.

A retaining wall along the curb line of Elliott street, thus allowing the railroads the use of the land at present used for sidewalk purposes, the railroads bearing the entire expense of erecting the wall.

Changing the grade and width of Madison street from Peters street to Alabama street by grading off the knoll between Peters stret and Nelson street, by making a fill of 6 feet at Hunter street and cutting away a few inches at Alabama street and widening the street by making it 50 feet in width from Peters street to Mitchell street, 60 feet from Mitchell street to Hunter, and 50 feet from Hunter street to Alabama street.

Changing the grade of Mitchell street from Forsyth to Madison streets by cutting away the knoll near Madison street.

Changing the grade of Hunter street from Forsyth to Madison streets, by making a fill of 6 feet at Madison street and running back to Forsyth, where the grade will be undisturbed.

Opening and slightly widening Alabama street so as to make it connect with Madison street.

Changing the grade of Mitchell street from the west end of the viaduct to Elliott street.

During its meeting of yesterday afternoon the street committee granted the petition of the railroads regarding the changes in the grades of Madison street, from Peters street to Alabama street; Mitchell street, from Forsyth street to Madison street; Hunter street, from Forsyth street to Madison street, and Alabama street, from the fire engine house to Madison street.

Action upon all other requests and proposals was postponed until the next meeting of the committee.

The meeting of yesterday was attended by President John Egan, of the Central; J. S. B. Thompson, of the Southern; Chief Engineer H. M. Steele, of the Central; President J. W. English, of the Atlanta Terminal Company, and others.

Alderman Inman and Councilman Holland were the only two members of the committee who opposed the motion of Councilman Hynds to grant the petition of the Atlanta Terminal Company. They did so because they feared that claims for damages would be filed against the municipality. Later Councilman Holland stated that he would withdraw his signature from the minority report that had been written, and Alderman Inman then agreed to refrain from making a minority report, leaving the other members of the committee free to sign a favorable report and practically referring the entire question to council for settlement.

Several speeches were made during the session of the committee, Captain English leading and being followed by Mr. Egan and Mr. Thompson.

Improvements in Medicine.

Progress is affecting every branch of invention, production and manufacture in the world. The "latest improvements" are looked for in every line, and meet with a royal reception on the part of the people as soon as made known through the "latest improved" newspaper. As an example, look upon Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, which represent the most modern ideas of a scientific, twentieth century medicine,—a sweet, palatable, aromatic little tablet, put up in a dainty little enameled box just right for the vest pocket or purse—nothing to break or make a muss—yet do their work powerfully though gently.

One Dose Convinces.

Mozley's Lemon Elixir promptly relieves constipation and all irregularities of the stomach and bowels. 50 cents per bottle at all drug stores.

WEEK-END RATES

To Wrightsville Beach Via Seaboard Air Line, $7.80 Round Trip.

Tickets on sale every Saturday good returning to leave Beach Tuesday night. Train leaving Atlanta at 12 noon connects with Pullman at Hamlet, arriving in Wrightsville Sunday morning at 7:30. Train leaving Atlanta at 8:10 Saturday night connects with Cafe Parlor Car from Hamlet to Wilmington, arriving at Beach 12:45 p. m. Sunday. Call at City Ticket Office, 116 Peachtree St., for further information, and Pullman reservations.

HAWKES, THE OPTICIAN,

Grinds the finest eyeglass lenses and guarantees scientific, comfortable and artistic frame adjustment. On the viaduct.

Sterling Silver Combinations

The case combinations offer a wide choosing in both the indispensables and luxuries in silver. Oak and mahogany chests are the receptacles of the elaborate combinations, while leather, silk-lined cases serve for the simpler ones.

Ice Cream Sets, Almond Sets, Bullion Sets, Salad Sets, etc.

Maier & Berkele,
31 Whitehall Street.

HON. W. E. STEED, OF TAYLOR, OPPOSES CONVICT BILL

HON. WALTER E. STEED, of Taylor county, chairman of the penitentiary committee, spoke at length yesterday in opposition to the Felder convict bill. Mr. Steed held the attention of his hearers throughout his remarks, and his speech in full follows:

This bill could properly be called a general bill with a local application to those counties now working their misdemeanor convicts. Section 2 provides that the county authorities shall have no authority to hire to private individuals or corporations, but in section 8 the counties are given the authority to hire to other counties for compensation. In section 10 the prison commission shall employ the remaining convicts in making boots, shoes, caps, clothing, etc., for the inmates of the asylums. The prison commission are also required to buy farm lands and equip it with modern machinery, and they are enjoined from allowing this labor to come into competition with free labor. The machinery should be so used as not to come into competition with the machinery of the farmers.

The system of road working as provided in this bill would be equally burdensome upon the wage earner and laboring man who has no lands to improve or vehicles to travel the roads, yet he is required under this road system to pay as much taxes proportionately as the man whose lands the roads improve.

According to the report of the prison commission made October 1, 1902, thirty-two counties work their misdemeanor convicts upon the public roads. If under the provisions of the Felder bill they receive and work their felony convicts, they will receive for this purpose 1,000 convicts for the report shows 1,187 convicts in the penitentiary from these counties. Deduct the females, aged and infirm, who will have to be cared for at the state farm, and there will remain for these counties, at least, 1,000 convicts to be worked on the roads. Divide the other 1,000 convicts out among the other 105 counties, it would give these counties, provided the division were equal, nine convicts each. The total number of convicts whose labor is sold under the present system is 2,000. This labor, if sold again, should produce a net amount of $300,000 per annum, or a total of $1,000,000 in five years, which would go to the common school fund and be distributed in each county according to the school population. If, therefore, the labor worth $100,000 is given to thirty-two counties, they receive a benefit to that extent which the remaining 105 counties do not share. From the labor of the other 1,000 convicts, the common school fund would get $100,000, which would be pro rated among all the counties. According to the last report of the state school commissioner, the attendance in all the common schools averaged 265,305. The thirty-two counties which worked misdemeanor convicts showed an average attendance of 8,203. Therefore, in the distribution of this $100,000 these thirty-two counties will receive $30,906, and the remaining counties will receive $69,094. It follows then that thirty-two counties will receive the benefit of $30,906, while the remaining will receive $69,094 for 105 counties. Paragraph 1, section 16, in article 7 of the constitution of Georgia, is as follows: "The general assembly shall not vote resolution or order granting any donation or gratuity in favor of any person, corporation or association." Counties are corporations, made so by constitutional provision. Article 11, section 1, paragraph 1. County roads are county property, just as city streets are city property, and acording to constitutional provision, the state can not levy taxes or make appropriation to build such roads. The only purpose for which taxes can be raised are set forth in article 7, section 1, paragraph 1, of the constitution. The labor of felony convicts is the property of the state and is now worth $200,000 per annum, net. To give this labor to counties for road building, and especially to a few counties, the benefits not being shared by all alike, must necessarily be a donation or gratuity to the counties who receive the benefit. This view is borne out by the supreme court of Georgia in case of penitentiary company No. 2, et al. v. Nelms, principal keeper, et al., 65 Georgia, page 503. This idea is borne out still further and more satisfactorily in the 70th Alabama supreme court report, page 493. In the case cited, the court held that the resolution giving the labor of 250 convicts to the Marietta and North Georgia railroad was not viewed as conferring a gratuity upon this corporation, because it was a well known historical fact that the maintenance of the convicts had always been a burden upon the state up to that time, and that the assumption of this burden was a consideration upon the part of the corporation returned to the state for such labor. It is now a well known fact that convicts are now worth $100 per capita per annum net above cost of maintenance. Hence, it follows that the labor proposed to be given to the counties the state receives no compensation, hence the giving of it must be a gratuity.

It would be just as legal to divide the rental of the state road among the counties now working their misdemeanor convicts for the purpose of having their roads worked, or to sell the state road and divide the proceeds thereof among these counties. Is there a member of this house who could contend for one moment that such an act could be legally done?

This bill, if enacted into a law, would absolutely destroy the integrity of the penal system of the state and completely localize and individualize the convict system.

Again, referring to the terms of the bill, there is no provision whatever as to how long the counties shall keep the convicts when received under the terms of the bill from the prison commission. Many counties have abandoned the road working system, and it follows in the light of the experience of the past that many counties, even should this bill become a law, abandon the system of working roads with their convicts on account of the burdens of taxation to maintain the expense of such a system, yet there is no provision whatever for the return of these rejected convicts, nor any provision made for the expense of returning same to the prison commission, nor is there any provision as to where and how they shall be kept until they are rehired.

This bill is a clever scheme to corrall the convicts of the state in a few of the larger counties, and thereby create a county convict trust. This trust once formed these counties could easily pool their interests and limit and restrict the price which they would see proper to pay the state for these convicts. The terms of the bill absolutely limits and restricts the markets in which the labor of these convicts shall be sold only to those counties working their convicts upon the public roads.

Effect of the Felder Bill on Farmers.

No sooner shall this bill have gone into operation than the owners of the saw mills, turpentine farms and mines will immediately go into the farming districts of the surrounding counties and offer from $1.25 to $2 per day to farm hands and thereby withdraw not less than 5,000 farm hands, thereby demoralizing the free farm labor and advancing the price of it to ruinous rates. As has before been stated, there are over 2,000 felony convicts upon whose labor these various public works are dependent. It is safe to say that one free labor hand would not do more than half the work now done by a convict. Free labor would only work three or four days in the week and the working days would be considerably shorter. It is therefore safe to say that it would require as many as two and one-half times as many free labor hands to replace the convict labor that would be withdrawn from the saw mills, turpentine farms and mines under the provision of this bill. The farm labor in Georgia is so high and scarce at the present time that the farms in some sections are almost unable to have their crops worked. This question is a more serious one than many members of the legislature are aware. No one with the

HON. WALTER E. STEED,
Who Spoke Yesterday Against the Felder Convict Bill.

exception of the farmer who has to contend with this great problem has any conception of the present alarming conditions. Agents are now scouring this state for free labor to work on the farms and public works in the southwest and western states of the union.

Seventy-five per cent of the negro school population resides in the cities and towns of this state, and under the provisions of this bill, in addition to receiving the value of 1,000 convicts upon the public roads, would still get their pro rata part of the common school fund, which would otherwise go to the poor white children of the rural districts.

The amendment is a shrewd scheme to catch the vote of the small counties. This is splendid political ingenuity and legislative strategy. The author of it is to be congratulated upon conceiving a plan which, on the surface, seems to be plausible and equitable. He doubtless lay awake at night while the toiling farmers of the state were sleeping devising ways and means by which a drag net might be thrown out to corrall the convicts in a few large counties to improve the property of wealthy real estate owners. The scheme is beautiful and fascinating; it is intended to catch the people while they are napping. It is being backed by large delegations who are up here now urging the passage of this bill. They come first in the name of patriotism and next in the name of charity and commercial progress. They are literally "going about doing good unto others" for the sake of commercial and social progress, and their broad patriotism in this direction is doubtless receiving its ahead of praise from those who will receive direct benefits from the passage of this bill. They are to show us how to change from the lease system, which is now in operation in over 50 per cent of the union and also by the federal government in Ohio, involving the handling of 2,500 felony convicts, whose labor brings $250,000 into the state treasury, to another system known as the road working system. They propose to do this in a "jiffy," as it were, while we wait and behold this magnificent legislative spectacle. These suggestions are not merely factious, but are borne out by the facts and records taken from the official records of the prison commission.

They do not pretend to deal with the policy of working felony convicts of all colors, ages, sizes, sexes, grades upon the roads with the misdemeanor convicts. This question is elemental and one that strikes out the very foundation of the penal system of the state. Imagine, if you can, the sickening, shocking spectacle of working burglars, robbers, murderers and rapists along our public highways alongside of the hapless boy whose sentence was perhaps for no greater offense than that of shooting birds or fishing out of season. Think of an army of 528 murderers, 628 burglars and 126 rapists working upon the public roads, necessarily in some instances subjecting the victims of their brutal fiendish acts to look upon those brutes who have ravished them. Could there be a more damnable or demoralizing system devised.

Now let us pluck the feather of this strange wild bird and see of what its meat is made. Let us examine the privileges and benefits that we are told by its advocates that will flow so copiously into the treasuries of the small counties. It accords to the small counties having only two or three convicts the remarkable privilege of leasing them to the larger counties who will undertake to work their convicts and who are now working them. This limits and restricts the markets only to those counties working their own convicts. Some counties would get nothing out of it. For instance, Murray county and one or two others have no felony convicts at all. Therefore, these counties would receive absolutely nothing, whereas, now they at least get their pro rata share of the hire of the convicts in the shape of the common school fund.

It is perhaps of interest to examine what would be the financial effect of such a system. Here are figures showing the amounts the larger counties would receive under the Felder bill, showing an increase in each instance, which would mean a corresponding loss to the small counties:

Bibb county school population		14,008
Under the present system Bibb gets of the $100,000 net hire of convicts		$1,918.41
Under the Felder bill she will get hire of 110 convicts worth ..	$11,000.00	
She will get also her proportion of the net hire of the remaining convicts estimated under new contracts at $100,000, the same she now gets	1,918.41	
	$12,918.41	
Showing net gain to Bibb		$11,000.00
If she does not participate in the majnder she gets nevertheless a gain of $11,000 less $1,918.41—$10,081.59.		
Chatham county school population		17,208
Under the present system Chatham gets of the $100,000 net hire of convicts		$2,603.57
Under the Felder bill she will get hire of 151 convicts worth	$15,000.00	
She will also get her proportion of the net hire of the remaining convicts at $100,000 the same as she now gets	2,603.57	
	$17,703.57	
Showing net gain to Chatham of		$15,100.00
If she does not participate in the remainder she will nevertheless show a gain of $15,100—$2,603.57, or $12,496.43.		$28,38,388.83
Fulton school population		24,640
Under the present system Fulton gets of the $100,000 net hire of convicts		$3,727.03
Under the Felder bill she will get hire of 289 convicts worth ..	$28,900.00	
She will also get her proportion of the net hire of the remaining convicts estimated under the new contracts at $100,000, the same she now does..	3,727.03	
	$32,627.03	
Showing net gain to Fulton of		$28,900.00
If she does not participate in the remainder she will nevertheless show a gain of $28,900, less $3,727.03, or $25,172.97.		
Pickens county school population..		3,813
Under the present system Pickens gets.....		$426.36
Under new contracts she will get in addition her proportion of $100,000		426.36
		$852.72
Under the proposed amendment, having but one convict she will get		$100.00
Pickens net loss		$752.72
Murray's school population		2,988
Under the present system Murray gets		$453.59
Under new contracts she will get in addition to her proportion of $100,000		453.59
		$907.18
Under proposed amendment, having no convicts she will get nothing.		
Net loss to Murray county		$907.18
Paulding county school population		3,939
Under present system Paulding gets ..		$595.97
Under new contracts she will get in addition to her proportion of $100,000		595.97
		$1,191.94
Under the proposed amendment having but 1 convict she will get		$100.00
Paulding's net loss		$1,091.94

Another injustice under this system would be done to the country merchants who now get the trade of the 5,000 free laborers who would be employed in saw mills, turpentine farms, etc., taking the place of the convicts when they are withdrawn to the public roads under the provision of this bill. The owners of these public works would, as they always do when they employ free labor, have their own stores and commissaries. These free laborers would spend at least $8 per month to maintain themselves. This trade would amount to more than from $300,000 to $350,000 per annum, which is now going to the country merchants of our state.

In conclusion, the substance of Mr. Felder's proposition is simply this:

To abolish the system under which the convicts are now being employed in Georgia and in over 80 per cent of the states of the union and by the federal government at Columbus, Ohio, which system has proven to be a most successful and satisfactory system by which felony convicts can be employed, and under which system the state of Georgia will receive in future a net revenue of approximately $200,000 per annum or $1,000,000 in five years, which may be applied to the common school fund. Working the convicts on the public roads would deprive the state of this revenue and thereby materially impair the public school facilities.

To draw from the farmers 5,000 farm hands approximately, thereby materially injuring and inconveniencing the farmers.

To deprive the country merchants of the trade they now enjoy from the farm hands, which will approximate $250,000 to $400,000 per annum, but last but not least, he now proposes to concentrate in a few of the large counties, who are now working their misdemeanor convicts, the felony convicts also, the effect of which will be that the convicts will be located in fifteen or twenty of the large counties and more than 100 counties will receive no benefit from their labor whatever, and will also be deprived of the amount which they would get for the common school fund.

After a careful study of this question it is clear to my mind that there is but one solution to this great problem, and it is simply this: To hire the convicts for another period of five years and apply the $1,000,000 net which the state will receive from their labor to the common school fund of Georgia for the education of the farmer's children, and not allow the convicts to be concentrated in a few large counties for the benefit of a few patriots who are here now in the interest of the state to form a convict trust to the detriment of more than 100 counties in Georgia.

REGULATION OF DISEASES.

Interesting Bill Introduced by Dr. Shannon—Pension Resolution Passed by the House.

Outside of the discussion of the convict bill there was little business of interest transacted in the house yesterday.

Mr. Shannon, of Monroe, introduced an interesting measure which proposes to amend the act approved December 20, 1897, giving county authorities the power to enforce regulations to prevent the spread of smallpox. Mr. Shannon's bill proposes to extend the provisions of this act so as to cover all other infectious and contagious diseases. The measure will be considered by the committee on hygiene and sanitation.

The house, after some discussion, passed a resolution by Mr. Beauchamp, of Butts, to pay the pension of Mrs. Mary E. Flint for three years back. Mrs. Flint resided for a little more than two years in Alabama, but did not change her residence from Georgia. Affidavits were introduced to show that she was prevented from returning to her home in Butts county because of illness. The house passed the resolution, which, if it becomes a law, will give her pension money amounting to $180.

The following new bills were introduced in the house:

By Mr. Rankin of Gordon—To amend section 840, volume 1, of the code.

By Mr. Buchanan of Early—To amend the act creating the city court of Early county.

By Mr. Butts of Glynn—To amend the act establishing the city court of Brunswick.

By Mr. Shannon of Monroe—To authorize county and municipal authorities to enforce vaccination and quarantine regulations.

By Mr. Watson of McDuffie—To require more than one witness to confessions or incriminating statements.

By Mr. Owen of Pike—To incorporate the Milner school district.

Will Go Before Commission.

Jackson, Miss., July 17.—(Special.)—The attorneys representing the yellow pine lumber interests of Mississippi will forward their petition to the interstate commerce commission within the next few days complaining against the recent advance of 2 cents per 100 in the rates on yellow pine. The decree of Judge Niles, who recently refused to give the lumbermen an injunction, has been received, and by an agreement of the attorneys it dismissed the case without prejudice to the interstate commerce commission. It is hoped to reach a hearing of the case during the early fall.

Masons To Invite Roosevelt.

Raleigh, N. C., July 17.—(Special.)—Grand Secretary John C. Drewry, of the grand lodge of Masons, is arranging to send a special committee of influential members of the order to Washington to invite President Roosevelt to come here in October to attend the great Masonic bazaar, which is to raise the remainder of the funds needed to build the Masonic temple here. Senators Simmons and Overman will be asked to join with the committee in the invitation. Hon. James B. Richardson, of Tennessee, now at the head of Masonry in the world, will also be invited.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century
PREPARED BY
J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

STRAIGHT ROADS MADE POSSIBLE

Senator Van Buren's Bill Special Order for Tuesday.

The bill of Senator VanBuren to permit railroads to exercise the rights of condemnation in cases where, in order to straighten their lines or change their grades, they may want to make changes between their termini, has been made a special order for next Tuesday. This gives to railroads already constructed the same rights that are enjoyed by roads which are projected or in process of construction, nothing more. It is understood to be especially designed to meet the cases of roads first constructed as narrow gauges and built under contracts which gave the builders a certain specified amount of bonds per mile. In such cases there was no effort to make the line the shortest possible. The change from narrow gauge to standard gauge, and the fact that in the development of railroad building problems which, at the time of the construction of these roads, seemed impossible, have now become simple, makes it desirable and possible to straighten out and shorten these lines in spots. It is to give these companies the power to do this by condemning and paying for the necessary right of way that Senator VanBuren has introduced his bill.

In order that there should be no possibility, under its terms, of doing injustice to any town or city, the following amendment was adopted by the railroad committee:

"Provided, That in so relocating or reconstructing any portion of the line of railroad for purpose of reducing its grades and curvature, no railroad company shall have the power to leave off of the line of its railroad any incorporated city or town without the consent of the authorities of said city or town, or to leave off the line of said railroad any village at which there is, or shall be a station, after said station has been established, without the consent of the [illegible] of the county in which same [illegible]

[illegible] this amendment, the bill seems to [illegible] every possible objection.

The School Fund Cases.

The senate passed the bill of Senator Hopkins, of the seventh, to permit occupants of certain lands sued for by the state to plead as defense the possession of the lands for twenty years.

This bill relates to the suits now pending or to be brought for the recovery of land lots originally set aside for school purposes. It provides:

"That in all actions now pending or that may hereafter be brought by the state for the recovery of lots Nos. 10 and 100, or any parts of said lots, in certain counties in this state as described in the act of December 15, 1818, and all subsequent acts relating to said lots 10 and 100 in any of the counties of this state, set apart for the benefit of the poor school fund, the defendants may plead as defense to said action the actual or constructive bona fide possession of said lots under color of title for a period of twenty years prior to the filing of said action."

When the bill was reached Senator Hopkins had upon his desk a number of law books and concealed somewhere about his person was a thoroughly thought out and well digested speech which had been prepared in support of the bill. But the senator from the seventh is an old and experienced legislator, and when no signs of opposition manifested themselves, he put a stopper upon his speech, realizing that more times than a few have bills been killed through the anxiety of their authors to speak. When the vote was called for the ayes were 27 and the nays 0, and the bill was passed. Later, however, Senator Tisinger gave notice that he would, at the proper time, move reconsideration.

Had Hard Sledding.

The house resolution of Hon. Joe Hill Hall providing that the joint finance committee shall make a between-sessions investigation into the books of all of the several departments of the state, as well as of the treasurer, as is now required by law, ran against several snags in the senate yesterday and finally wound up by resting upon the table.

When it was first called up by Senator Davis, chairman of the finance committee, it was apparent that there was objection to it in several respects. For one thing, nobody could quite understand why that resolution added four members of the house to the standing committee. When it became evident that in this shape it could not pass, Senator Davis asked that it be temporarily tabled. Later he prepared an amendment striking out this provision for four additional house members and again called it up for consideration.

Senator Harrell demurred to the provisions of the resolution. He thought that if there were any occasion for such investigation it should be made by an expert accountant, who should report to this joint committee at the next session. He could see no sense in having the committee meeting daily for not to exceed forty days, as the resolution provided, at a cost of $4 a day and all necessary expenses, during the recess. He figured out this cost, and expressed the opinion that the matter ought to be more thoroughly looked into before the senate concurred in the resolution. On a show of hands there was a majority of the senate, but not a constitutional majority, for the resolution, and Senator Davis again asked that it be tabled. This was done.

Another Bill Tabled.

The bill of Mr. Felder, of Bibb, relating to the filing of second claims was tabled upon motion of Senator Park. The bill received a favorable report at the hands of the majority of the general judiciary committee, but there was a minority report signed by Messrs. Tisinger, Perry, Dodd and Merritt, these senators taking the position that the present law on this subject is sufficient. After some questioning concerning these reports Senator Matthews moved that the bill be made the special order for Wednesday next. This was opposed by Senator Tisinger, who said it means to give undue dignity to the measure, which he thought ought to be disposed of now. Senator Perry said in his judgment the bill should be killed. Before there was any debate over its provisions Senator Park moved that it be tabled, and this motion prevailed.

House Bills Passed.

The following house bills were passed by the senate:

By Mr. Calvin, of Richmond—To authorize the city council of Augusta to lay and maintain boulevards, drainage, parks and parkways outside the limits of the city.

By Mr. Blackburn, of Fulton—To authorize street railroad companies to engage in the business of furnishing steam heat or power, and other purposes.

By Messrs. Mayson and Candler, of DeKalb—To change the corporate line of Edgewood, DeKalb county.

By Mr. Thurman, of Walker—To amend an act in reference to the road laws, providing for the payment of a commutation tax, and for other purposes.

Nominations Confirmed.

In executive session the senate confirmed the nominations of the following gentlemen: Hon. W. W. Stark, judge of the city court of Jefferson, and Hon. R. L. J. Smith, solicitor of the same court. Also that of Hon. William A. Slaton, solicitor of the city court of Washington for an unexpired term.

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Metal Parts Rust Proof.
Positively Guaranteed if *"President"* is on buckles
Everywhere 50 cts., or by mail postpaid.
Light or dark, wide or narrow.
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NORTHEN AT SUMMER SCHOOL

Continued from Sixh Page.

state are enough to compel a change. Demand your rights and stand upon your demands. I do not like to counsel rebellion, but if ever there was a time when labor should throw down its tools and walk away from the shop and leave the industry untouched that time has come to the teachers in Georgia, if your appeals are not heard and satisfied.

Longer Terms.

My next criticism is upon the length or rather the shortness of the school term. A child cannot be made advance properly with five months' tuition and seven months' idleness. The state should furnish five months' tuition and require the locality to furnish the additional two months, or better, three by local taxataxation. If the state can compel a tax for five months, the state can compel a tax for seven months and should do it, if the common good so requires.

Whatever may be the plan adopted, the term should be lengthened and attendance required or we will lapse into ignorance and possible degeneracy. Thus far I have discussed the system as to its efficiency. It deserves also to be considered in its application. I am in position to pronounce our system practically a failure unless the people in the rural districts can be concentrated or the schools consolidated.

If the school system continues in its present lack of application the rural districts will soon be abandoned or the children living in them will grow up without instruction. If the change can be made in either way I have suggested, the rural districts will greatly increase in population and the state be greatly advanced in tax values thereby. People are moving away from the rural districts because they cannot have satisfactory school facilities and people are declining to move in for the same reason.

A vital question to be considered is, can we afford to allow these dangers to threaten us? Shall the rural population continue to move to the towns or shall proper school facilities be furnished in the consolidation of the schools or the concentration of the people?

Concentrate the People.

It is gratifying to know that the consolidation of schools has been quite satisfactorily accomplished in some counties and that it will be tried in others, but the better thing to do, if we can make it possible, is to concentrate the people.

For twelve years past I have been trying to concentrate the people in the country districts by introducing the European system of farming known as village farms. Whilst I have brought 13,000 people into the state in that time I have not been able to locate them so as to carry out my plans as indicated.

If we could ever induce men of means to invest in a body of land, say 2,000, 3,000 or 4,000 acres, and so divide it as to furnish small farms for twenty, thirty or forty farmers whose homes would be built in the center of the plat as a village, we would make an object lesson that would be repeated many times over the state, as it would carry with it the solution of all the problems that vex our country conditions and make profitable money investment for the stockholders.

I have come to you profoundly concerned about the future of the state as dependent upon the conditions I have presented to you. Recognizing the great responsibilities you carry, because of your relation to conditions that make our society and our citizenry, I shall give you my sympathy and my help whenever it can be made possible for me to serve you.

Heat, dust, mosquitoes, malaria and hay fever are unknown at Tate Spring.

Change of Schedule Via Central of Georgia Ry., Effective Sunday, July 19, 1903.

On and after above date train No. 3, due in Atlanta 7:25 a. m., will arrive 7:35 a. m. Suburban train No. 102 will leave Atlanta 7:15 a. m. instead of 6:25 a. m., and suburban train No. 103 will leave Jonesboro 7:15 a. m., daily except Sundays, and arrive Atlanta 8:05 a. m.

The latest "wrinkle" in underwear—underwear to fit. Fit body, mind and pocketbook. Underwear that does underwear duty, yet is the thinnest of the thin; handsome enough in finish for outer wear.

Blue silk trimmed, drop stitch, white honeycomb, and the ever popular Balbriggan, garment **50c**

Ecru, a blue ribbon lisle garment **75c**

An imported Swiss lisle mesh in white garment..... **$1.00**

Swiss gauze lisle, with the drawers a trifle heavier. Long or short sleeve shirts, "regular" and "stout" drawers, garment **$1.00**

Drop stitch lisle in blue or white, long or short sleeves, garment **$1.00**

German silk stripe lisle, especially adapted for wear, garment **$1.50**

Finest domestic lisle, made especially for us by the American Hosiery Co., white, ecru, pink and blue, garment..... **$2.00**

Nainsook underwear, long or short sleeve shirts, drawers with elastic bottoms and seams..... **50c**

A Little Shirt Advice

Replenish your stock of negligee shirts. Here are three names. Each in itself is a guarantee of respectability,

E. & W. Shirts, $3.50
Manhattans, $3.50 to $3.50
Our Own Label, $1.00 to $3.50

We have a special with attached cuffs, black and white and colors, neat effects at **$1.00**

A New Tie Perhaps

Midget four-in-hand, all colors of silk 50c
Strings..... **25c**
New weaves in gray foulards, four-in-hand. **50c**
Ties for Vestless wear.

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ENTIRE BUILDING—SIX STORIES AND BASEMENT.

1st Floor—Men's Clothing, center; Furnishings, left; Hats, right; Shoes, rear.
2d Floor—Children's Store.
3d Floor—Tailoring, front; Trunks and Bags, rear.
4th Floor—Overall Department, Reserve Stock and Furnishing Stock.
5th Floor—Work Shops.
6th Floor—Reserve Clothing and Shoe Stock.

SOCIETY

Concert This Afternoon.

THIS afternoon at the Piedmont Driving Club there will be the regular Saturday afternoon concert, beginning at 5:30 o'clock and continuing during the driving hours and later during the dinner. The afternoon programme is:

Two Step, "Smart Set," Boox.
Medley Overture, "Harvest Days," Von Tilzer.
"A Norwegian Episode," Bendix.
Selection from "The Brigands," Kerker.
Waltz, "The Belle of Bohemia," Englander.
Dance Caprice, "Southern Beauties," Herman.
Gems from "Orpheus," Offenbach.
Waltz, "Marion," Eilenberg.
Selection, "Sallie in Our Alley," Englander.
Two-Step, "My Bamboo Queen," Von Tilzer.
Direction Mr. Charles T. Wurm.

The table d'hote dinner will be served as usual at 8 o'clock, the tables to be set on the terrace, and at its conclusion there will be dancing in the ball room of the New York building.

The dinner this evening will be the occasion of an unusually large assemblage, and besides several dinner parties to include twelve and fourteen, there will be numerous smaller ones. Among those to entertain are Mr. and Mrs. Milton Dargan, Mr. Willis Ragan, Mr. Percy Adams, Mr. J. G. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Montgomery.

To Miss McMillan.

ONE of the most delightful and congenial dinner parties to be given at the Piedmont Driving Club this evening will be that at which Mr. Percy Adams entertains in compliment to Miss McMillan, of Knoxville, Tenn.

His guests will include besides Miss McMillan:

Miss Frances Newman, Miss Nellie Harris, Mr Hugh Foreman, Mr. John Little, Mr. Perrin Gamble and Mr. Hudson Moore.

Afternoon Reception.

THE brilliant reception given by Mrs. Jennie Finley and Miss Lucy Durham Tuesday afternoon at their home in Decatur, complimentary to Miss Anna Louise Matthews and Miss Ruth Jackson, of Athens, brought out a large number of charming and beautifully gowned women. The afternoon being an ideal one, the guests were received on the lawn, which was made more attractive with rustic seats, easy chairs, rugs and tables holding bowls of roses and nasturtiums. A beautiful musical programme by Wurm's orchestra, which was stationed on the porch, was enjoyed. Delightful ices were served and the punch bowl was presided over by three pretty girls, Misses Virginia Barton Crane, Georgia Durham Crane and Laura Ansley.

Mrs. Finley and Miss Durham were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Edward Ansley, Mrs. John Montgomery, Mrs. Sidney Crane, Misses Matthews, Jackson, Lake, of Mobile, and McLellan. Those calling were Mrs. Nellie Candler, Mrs. J. W. Mayson, Mrs. Bucher Scott, Mrs. Clifford Cowles, Mrs. Albert Braswell, Mrs. W. J. Houston, Jr., Mrs. R. L. West, Mrs. Charles Harman, Mrs. Hooper Alexander, Mrs. Wiley Ansley, Mrs. Horace Ehle, Mrs. H. T. Rodman, Mrs. E. P. Roberts, Mrs. Sanders Roland, Mrs. John Pearce, Mrs. Paul Smith, Mrs. W. O. Steele, Mrs. J. E. Schofield, Mrs. Charley Weeks, Mrs. Tom Fulton, Mrs. Bruer, Mrs. Eugene Hardeman, Mrs. Edgar Dunlap, Mrs. Kate Kimball, Mrs. Park Glenn, Mrs. J. P. Laird, Mrs. Joseph Green, Mrs. Ruth Pattillo, Mrs. T. P. Ramspeck, Mrs. A. J. Sams, Mrs. Eugene Wilson, Mrs. Irwin Stone, Mrs. Alfred Warren, Mrs. Cody Laird, Mrs. Samuel Stovall, Mrs. Flake, Mrs. Gardner, Mrs. George Ramspeck, Mrs. Chamberlin, Mrs. Drury Powers, Mrs. John Bucher, Mrs. W. M. Ansley, Mrs. Lawrence Everhart, Mrs. McCalla, Mrs. J. G. Patton, Mrs. Hamilton, Mrs. Shumate, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. John Hamilton, Mrs. Shumate, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. John Cunningham, Mrs. Tom Martin, Mrs. W. T. Landrum, Mrs. Louise Green, Mrs. W. T. Pratt, Mrs. Loyd Parks, Mrs. Dade Sams, Mrs. T. C. Mason, Mrs. Manley Boykin, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Bates, Mrs. Bedinger, Mrs. Sherrard Kennedy, Mrs. Alice Billups, Mrs. Charley Gibbs, Mrs. Lee Gash, Mrs. John McLellan, Mrs. O. L. Cloud, Mrs. Mamie Pope, Mrs. Branch McKinney, Mrs. Homer George, Mrs. Hunter Pope, Mrs. Tom Cooper, Misses Mable and Sybil Jewett, Louise and Lilly Lathrop, Ethel Mason, Clemmie Patton, Ella Smith, Louise Scott, Cora Williams, Maud Johnson, Adelaide Everhart, Annie, Florrie and Bessie Jones, Louise McKinney, Blanche Ehle, Hettie Strickland, Laura Candler, Kate Loulle and Georgia Hillyer, Lella Hardeman, Mary Hobbs, Jennie Malone, Mary Lovejoy, Annie Ansley, Lucy Bowden, Addie Boyd, Bella Footman, Emma Kirkpatrick, Kate and Harriet Milledge, Jean Ramspeck, Lida Ramsey, Braswell, Lottie Ramspeck, Ina and Gertrude Brown, Bruer, Margaret Cotton, Ethel Davis and Marie Parks.

To Miss Anita Stewart.

Miss Anita Stewart, one of the brightest members of Atlanta's younger social set, was complimented with a lovely "al fresco" party at the house of Miss Mary Robinson, in Social Circle. The hostess and her guest of honor were dainty in dresses of white chiffon.

Progressive flinch was enjoyed on the broad verandas. The score cards were daisies done in water colors.

Social Items.

Mrs. I J. Mangham, accompanied by her two little sons, from Griffin, Ga., are visiting Mrs. Frank G. Lake on Ponce de Leon circle.

Miss Agnes Louise Klein, who has recently returned from school in Minneapolis, will entertain at a progressive euchre party at her home on Forrest avenue Tuesday evening. Miss Mildren Cressy, of Minneapolis, the guest of Miss Robinson, on Forrest avenue, and Miss Josephine Lee, of Macon, the guest of Miss Mary Ryan, on Fulliam street.

Mrs. Aylmer H. Gray, of Aragon, Ga., and Miss Mary Davis Gray, of Shreveport, La., are visiting Mrs. Emmett D. Walsh, No. 363 Washington street.

Mrs. W. A. Camp and Miss Sara Camp are sperding several weeks at Long Branch. They will return to New York to spend the month of September.

Dr. R. E. Hinman and Mr. J. M. Speer left Thursday for Chicago, from which city they will make a tour of the Great Lakes.

W. A. Camp leaves Sunday for the east to join his family at Long Branch.

Mrs. Jack Cohen and her son, Harry, leave today for the north.

Judge L. F. Chester, of Beaumont, Tex., is stopping at the Surgical institute.

Miss Hattie W. Oertling, who was a member of the Wisconsin delegation to the recent Young People's Baptist Union Association, will remain in the city a month as the guest of Miss Amelia A. Burkert, 407 Capitol avenue.

Miss Hattie Burkhert, who has been visiting in Savannah for six weeks, will remain several months longer.

Mr. and Mrs. Julien Field leave this morning for a short visit to Tybee.

Mrs. D. Hammond left last night for Chicago, where she will visit Mr. and Mrs. Ed Hammond.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Stearnes leave today for a visit to Tybee.

Miss Barbara Adair has returned from an extensive visit north.

Mrs. Frank Stanton is in Buffalo, and will visit the Canadian resorts before returning to Atlanta August 1.

Mrs. A. D. Adair will visit Cloudland, N. C., in August.

Mrs. Sams entertained the teachers of Formwalt street school at an enjoyable luncheon Thursday.

Mrs. James G. Baird will visit Mrs. Cleveland Wilcoxon in August.

The Misses Lila and Lucy Glover, of Nashville, are the guests of Mrs. J. C. Hunter.

Mr. Percy Adams entertains at the Piedmont Driving Club this evening in honor of Miss McMillan.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Arkwright leave today for a visit to Asheville.

Miss Meta Lythgoe is at Cumberland island.

Miss Florence Williams has returned from Lookout mountain.

Mr. Frederick J. Paxon is in the east.

Mr. Hugh Brown Lincoln has returned from Tennessee.

Mrs. Simon Metzger and her sons, Herbert and Sidney, will leave Saturday for Asheville, N. C., where they will spend the summer months.

Mrs. J. J. Russell is spending several weeks at Asheville, N. C.

Mr. Eugene Fortson, of the marine corps, spent yesterday in the city on his way to visit relatives in Washington, Ga.

Miss Annie Wright, of Augusta, was in the city yesterday on her way to Columbus, Ga.

Miss Belle Nash has returned from a visit to Tybee.

Mr. and Mrs. James W. Wilson have returned to their home in Knoxville.

Miss Kathleen Jones will entertain informally at tea this afternoon in compliment to Miss Goodwin, of Lynchburg, Va., the guest of Mrs. Norwood Mitchell.

Miss Caroline McWilliams has returned to her home in Tennessee.

Miss Lula Calloway will spend the summer in Clarksville.

Mr. Williams Baylor, of Chicago, is in the city.

Miss Onita Turner is the guest of relatives in Cartersville.

Mrs. Hochstrasser and Miss Hortense Hochstrasser leave the flust of next month for north Georgia, where they will spend the remainder of the summer.

Miss Alice M. Morton has returned to her home in West Virginia.

Miss Marion Woodward will entertain at cards this morning at her home on Peachtree in compliment to Miss Blanche Carson's guests.

Miss Ina Carlton is visiting friends in Eatonton, Ga.

The friends of Mr. McWhorter Milliner will regret to learn that he is ill with malarial fever.

Dr. J. D. Cremer has returned from South Carolina.

Mrs. Dan Irby and Miss Carrie Wilson are at the Isle of Palms.

Miss Theodora Morgan has issued invitations for a reception next Friday night from 8 to 11 o'clock at her home on North Jackson street, in honor of Miss Hook, of Kansas.

Miss Baby Lynch left Wednesday for Michigan and Ohio.

Miss Florence Turk, of Milledgeville, returns home this evening.

Mrs. E. H. Reid, of Eatonton, who has been visiting in New York, is now the guest of her sister, Mrs. Virgil O. Hardon.

Mr. Van Astor Bachelor leaves today for a visit to Tate Springs.

Mr. Willis Ragan has returned from the east.

Mrs. C. S. Fischer and Miss Corinne Fischer leave today for Jacksonville and Atlantic Beach.

Miss Evelyn Young arrived in the city yesterday morning, and is with her brothers at their residence on Juniper street. Later she will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Dargan. It wil be a source of regret to Miss Young's many friends to learn that she will return to Louisville to reside, Mrs. Young being there now.

Mrs. John J. Lynch will go to Indian Spring next week.

Miss Florence Bradley is visiting friends in Chattanooga.

Mrs. J. O. Wynn is at Asheville, N. C. She will be joined later by Mr. Wynn and his young daughter, Miss Cora Wynn.

Mrs. Leila Baker returns this week from Lithia.

Miss J. C. Morrison leaves Tuesday for New York.

FOOD IN SORROW.

How To Lighten the Burden.

"Who feeds his body starves his grief." There may be heart wounds difficult to heal, but a well fed, healthy body and mind softens the trouble greatly. A lady of Homer, Ills., says: "About a year ago my dear little 4-year-old boy met with an accident which resulted in his death, and the anxiety and grief and worry that I experienced while watching his suffering and death resulted in my having nervous prostration. I could neither eat nor sleep, and I was soon a total, miserable wreck, sick enough to die.

"Then I was put on Grape-Nuts food, taking a half teaspoonful at a meal; the amount was gradually increased until I could eat about three teaspoonfuls at a time. I began to improve almost immediately, gaining strength steadily day by day, until now I have entirely regained health and am well throughout.

"Of course, my sorrow will never entirely leave me, although they say time heals all wounds, but I am glad to be strong again mentally and physically, for I can bear my burden better. I feel confident that if I had not used Grape-Nuts I would never have been well again." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Send for particulars by mail of extension of time on the $7,500.00 cooks' contest for 735 money prizes.

SUIT SETTLED OUT OF COURT.

Alleged Road Owed Taylor More Than He Was Indebted to It.

New York, July 17.—A suit brought by the ancillary executors of Henry A. Taylor, deceased, against the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railway today for several hundred thousand dollars was discontinued in the circuit court. It was alleged that Taylor had acted as the agent in New York for the company and that in handling its finances, particularly those of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific, which it acquired, the company was indebted to his estate. A settlement was reached out of court. Accordingly releases were exchanged and Judge Lacombe signed the order of discontinuance.

Seventy-five Thousand To Return.

New York, July 17.—The signing of the arbitration plan of the builders and an agreement on the wage scale for another year by the bricklayers' union, it is said, insures the return to work on Monday of 75,000 men and the end of the building trades' tie up.

CONVICTS ARE DISCUSSED; SLATON FOR FELDER BILL

CONSIDERATION of the convict question in the house, which was proceeding upon the bill by Mr. Felder, of Bibb, providing for putting the convicts on the public roads, was brought to rather a sudden termination yesterday, temporarily, at least, by the introduction of a substitute, which presented the question in rather a different light—so much so that many members of the house wanted time to look into it. The result was the committee of the whole, on motion, reported progress on the bill and asked leave to sit again next Tuesday. The house acceded to the request and consideration of the matter will be resumed on Tuesday, immediately after the reading of the journal.

Only two speeches were made on the measure yesterday. Mr. Slaton, of Fulton, spoke in favor of its passage, while Mr. Steed, of Taylor, spoke against it. The speech of Mr. Steed is published in full elsewhere.

The provisions of the Felder bill have been printed several times in The Constitution. The measure provided for permitting each county to work its own felony convicts on the pbulic roads under certain conditions.

The substitute is, in principle, similar to the Felder bill. It provides, however, for a totally different distribution of the convicts. This measure was prepared by Messrs. Holder and Hardman, of Jackson, and Shackelford, of Clarke, and, it is said, has met with more favor in the house than the original measure. Under the substitute the felony convicts of the state are to be apportioned among the different counties of the state for work on the public roads, in accordance with population. This would give such counties as desire to work felony convicts on the roads, one convict for about every 1,200 inhabitants. But those counties which do not desire to so work their felony convicts will be entitled to receive the income from such convicts to be applied on their proportion of the school fund. In other words, each county may have the privilege of working so many felony convicts on the public roads, or it may receive the income from such convicts as it supplies, to go toward the school fund.

After the introduction of the substitute, Mr. Steed concluded his speech, and further consideration of the bill went over until next Tuesday.

Mr. Slaton's Speech.

Mr. Slaton spoke in favor of the Felder bill. His speech, in part, is as follows:

In so far as it may be possible, it is better to allow each community to regulate and control its own affairs. As I understand it, it is the duty of the individual to provide first for his own welfare, and the responsibility for his conduct rests upon himself. That responsibility is not limited, not measured by what others may do. Such has been the crowning glory of the Christian civilization, and the distinguishing tenet of faith of the Anglo-Saxon race. * * *

Why should the cities be arraigned in this argument? In the county of Fulton, the city supplies the great proportion of the county taxes, and an almost equally great proportion of these taxes are expended outside of the city among the farms of the county. Outside of the city of Atlanta there are over 2,000 white voters, a large proportion of whom are farmers. When an alliance is formed, when a granger movement occurs, the farmer of Fulton county is the brother of the farmer of Clinch county and all unite for the upbuilding of the agricultural interests. Why, therefore, when the representatives of Fulton county favor the use of the convicts upon the roads outside of the city of Atlanta should the cities be charged with improper motives? In the city of Atlanta, belgian blocks are laid at immense cost. We have macadamized roads in this county, running from Buckhead in the northern part of the county to Campbell county on the south, and to DeKalb county in another direction, and well worked roads nearly to the Chattahoochee in another direction. The best way to judge the sincerity of any man is to determine what he has done under similar circumstances. In Fulton county, the cost of the courts alone amounts to $80,000 a year. This does not include the cost of confining criminals in jail, nor of building jails. The building of the jail in this county cost $165,000. The county rate of taaxtion amounted to almost double the state tax. We have 277 misdemeanor convicts, which are now utilized in working the roads of Fulton county; and we have had the benefit of their labor for years and years. The county commissioners of our county state that if they can get 289 convicts now in the penitentiary from this county they can easily utilize them to advantage, and for twenty-five years to come their employment can be continued with profit directly to those living outside of the city in this county, with indirect benefit to the entire county. If the county commissioners have heretofore been employing to advantage the large number of misdemeanor convicts in working these roads and have learned the wisdom of such operation and they wish more convicts at the expense of this county to work on these roads, isn't that ample confirmation of their judgment, and a recommendation to other counties in the state to do likewise? * * *

Now, it is urged that the adoption of the provisions of this measure will injure the school fund, and will be unfair to the smaller counties of the state. This contention cannot be sustained by the facts. The amount received last year for the common school fund was approximately $1,600,000. The amount received by the school fund from the convicts was $85,000, which approximately was 5 per cent of the school fund. The convicts brought last year on an average $96 each. We can only judge from the past what these convicts would bring. We hear gentlemen stating that they would bring $200 apiece. * * *

But taking the price of the convicts at $96 apiece, will there be any imposition on the smaller counties? The gentleman from Hancock who opposed this bill, and arraigned the cities, represents a county which last year received from the common school fund $14,796. It had in the penitentiary fifteen convicts. The 5 per cent which it would lose from the common school fund would be $730, while the amount that the county would receive under the lease of those convicts would be $1,500, or 100 per cent profit the county of Hancock could use for the purposes of education. The gentlemen from Glascock county opposes this bill. His county received last year the sum of $3,082 from the common school fund. The number of convicts from that county were seven. The 5 per cent of the common school fund which it would lose would be $150, which would be offset by $700 for the lease of the convicts. The home county of the eloquent gentleman from Coweta received last year $15,247 from the common school fund, and had nineteen convicts in the penitentiary. Five per cent of the school fund being $750 would be counterbalanced by Coweta county receiving $1,900 for her convicts. The county of Taylor, represented by the able author of the bill continuing the present system, received last year $6,254 from the common school fund. It had seven convicts in the penitentiary. It would lose $300 of the school fund, to be replaced by $700 from the hire of the convicts, which could be utilized for educational purposes. * * *

Gentlemen have stated on the floor of this house that the vote of the representatives from the counties having the largest cities will be for this measure, because thereby those counties obtain advantages. It is true that we do bear in our courts the expense of convicting the criminal, and we do sustain heavier burdens in a thousand ways than many who live in the rural districts. We do pay taxes the amount of which would stagger those accustomed only to look at the state rate. We do have in the large cities poverty and destitution to an extent of which none are aware except those who live within their confines.

It is further stated that the cities are due for their development to the wealth that comes to them from the country. I wish to admit this by saying that that wealth which the cities receive, and which they most highly appreciate, is in the splendid citizens sent to us from every county in the state. They are men of character, intelligence, thrift and industry, fresh from the touch of nature, and developing wherever they go; yet they always retain within their hearts a love of the home from which they came, and these cities made up of residents from all over the state cannot be alienated from their counties to the citizenship of the metropolis, and would not permit a damage to be done to the counties with which to them are connected the tenderest relations of life.

THE PASSING THRONG

A popular traveling man who comes regularly to Atlanta is noted for the queer bits of information he picks up, nobody knows where, and as the occasion arises communicates to his friends. The other day he was introduced to a stranger and volunteered the following unique remarks on the subject of handshaking:

"Did you ever stop to think why men shake each other's hands when they wish to extend a friendly greeting?" he asked. "There is, or rather was, a very good reason for it.

"The custom has come down to us from ancient times when your ancestors and mine were savages, going about with clubs and tomahawks in their hands. When two of these shaggy fellows met in the woods the first thing that popped into the mind of each was: 'I wonder if that stranger is going to hit me on the head with his ax?'

"With careful step and alert regard of the other each one advanced, and if the intent of both was peaceful, what could be more or better evidence of the fact than a shifting of the club or tomahawk from the right, or weapon hand, to the left and allowing the other fellow to seize and hold the right hand?

"That is just what the suspicious savages did and as time went by and things grew a little more civilized the custom was retained and the grasping of hands became the established form of salutation."

An Ohio attorney was among the guests at a local hotel the other day, and as a number of other guests have cause to remember, he was a fine story teller.

"We used to have a quaint character on the bench in our circuit," he said. "He was a good judge, well versed in the law, and presided with dignity over his court. But still he was made the hero of all the amusing anecdotes told in the vicinity.

"The judge was an intimate friend of one Herman Schmidt, proprietor of 'Frankfort saloon,' a well patronized resort, and a great part of his honor's time outside of business hours was spent at a table with Herman.

"One fall the judge went to Washington on a pleasure trip and a day or so after his return came to see Herman to pour in his appreciative ear the details of the trip.

"'They have a museum at Washington, Herman,' remarked the judge with his peculiar lisp. 'It'th called the Thmithsonian Insthtitute and they've got a mummy there. Did you ever thee a mummy, Herman?'

"Herman's cerulean eyes had never been so blessed and the judge undertook to describe the mummy, explaining at great length and very minutely the dried and shriveled skin, the expression of the face, the carving of the sarcophagus and other facts of interest in regard to the late Pharaoh. Having discoursed for an hour in a fashion that would have been the envy of an Egyptologist, the judge paused and regarded Herman for a moment with a very wise look. Then he said in confidential tones:

"'But Herman, mummies aren't my kind o' men!'"

One of the Atlanta hotels has introduced a novelty in etymology on the new jackets of matches with which all guests of the hostelry are supplied. The words newly introduced are "Amiplan" and "Europlan," terse and easily spoken abbreviations that bid fair to become popular with busy traveling men.

T. F. Johnson, former collector of the port of Savannah, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Johnson is a son of former Governor Herschel V. Johnson and is an uncle of President Preston Arkwright, of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company.

Bryan Cummings and Henry Cohen, of Augusta, are in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Kirby, of Jacksonville, Ills., are spending a few days in Atlanta.

Lieutenant Commander W. B. Caperton, of the United States navy, was in the city yesterday.

Dr. and Mrs. M. C. Reeves, of Vidalia, La., are in the city.

E. B. Terrell, of Greenville, was registered at a local hotel yesterday.

Dr. W. Troy Bivings has returned to the city after an absence of several days.

Nutro-Crisp
The Ready Cooked Granular Wheat Food
The Food for Strength.
At Your Grocer's.

RUSSIA FIGHTING THE ZIONISTS

Attempt Will Be Made To Suppress Movement.

New York, July 17.—According to the Russian correspondent of a Jewish paper published here, Russia, in its effort to suppress the Zionist movement, will hereafter enjoin the promoters from holding meetings to advocate their cause and collecting money. All existing organizations will have to disband and cease their activities.

The reason for this attitude on the part of the government is explained by the correspondent in a statement attributed to a member of the Russian ministry, to the effect that it has been found, instead of centering all their efforts upon the colonization of Jews in Palestine, the Zionists have created a world power for the purpose of strengthening their position in the lands where they live.

HEART FAILURE KILLED ARTHUR

Doctor Says That Stroke Was Due to Over Emotion.

Winnipeg, Manitoba, July 17.—Heart failure, due to over-emotion, was the cause assigned for the sudden death of Chief P. M. Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers last night.

"Out of the fullness of the heart the mouth speaks," were the opening words of the last speech that Chief Arthur will ever deliver. The speaker then paused slightly, seemingly in an effort to control his feelings. The chairman had just presented him a beautiful floral engine. As the venerable leader began the sentence, "I want to say a few things, as it may be my parting words to many of you," his emotion seemed to be getting beyond his control. His voice lowered slightly, but without losing its clearness, he continued:

"We are here tonight, no one can tell when—"

At this point, five minutes after midnight, the speaker fell. Ladies present were the first to utter a sign of alarm. In an instant many hands were ready to give assistance. Several rushed forward to support him. Dr. MacArthur hurriedly ascended the stairs and Mr. Arthur was carried off the platform. The doctor examined the patient and pronounced him dead.

"Heart failure due to over-emotion," he said. An affecting scene followed the doctor's announcement.

The funeral took place at 1 o'clock this afternoon from the undertaking rooms. The remains will be taken to Cleveland, Ohio, for interment.

Body To Be Shipped to Cleveland.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 17.—A telegram received at the headquarters of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in this city early today from Winnipeg stated that the body of Grand Chief P. M. Arthur, who dropped dead there last night, would at once be embalmed and shipped to Cleveland. The remains will probably reach here Sunday morning.

Deceased was 72 years old and is survived by his wife and two children, C. B. Arthur and Mrs. Samuel Haserot, both of whom live in this city.

Assistant Grand Chief A. B. Youngson, of the brotherhood, is lying critically ill in a hospital at Meadville, Pa., and has not been informed of Mr. Arthur's death.

JOE JACOBS IN CARLSBAD.

Popular Local Druggist, Who Is Now in Europe, Sends Postal Cards to His Atlanta Friends.

Joe Jacobs, the popular druggist of Atlanta, who is now touring in Europe, was a visitor at Carlsbad on July 6.

He directed a number of postal cards to friends in Atlanta. The backs of the cards contain a view in the famous European resort. Over his signature is, "Findest du mich?" but a careful search of the hundreds of faces fails to reveal the smiling features of Dr. Joe. He will be absent from Atlanta for some time yet.

RAILWAY NOTES.

John M. Egan, of Savannah, president of the Central of Georgia, was a citizen of the Atlanta railroad world.

A large crowd of Elks and their friends will leave today over the Southern railway for the national convention of that order to be held in Baltimore. A large number have already signified their intention of taking advantage of the excursion trip to the City of Monuments for the regular one fare rate.

In proof of the growing increase in the amount of business done by the Atlanta offices of the Southern railway are the figures of District Passenger Agent J. C. Beam for the two weeks just ended, which show a tremendous increase over the figures for the two corresponding weeks of last year.

D. W. Lum, engineer of bridge and building construction of the Southern railway, with headquarters at Washington, D. C., was in Atlanta transacting business in connection with his office yesterday.

E. G. Thompson, traveling passenger agent of the Southern, with headquarters at Savannah, was in the city yesterday.

W. J. Dickinson, of Louisville, third vice president of the Louisville and Nashville, was an Atlantan for yesterday.

There will leave over the Seaboard on Monday an excursion to Wrightsville Beach, N. C., and among the passengers will be Rev. Len G. Broughton and his choir. They will hold special services at this famous resort Tuesday evening.

Reduced Rates Announced.

Chicago, July 17.—James Charlton, of the Transcontinental Traffic Association, has reduced rates on the basis of one fare for the round trip for the American Bankers' Association, San Francisco, October 20-23; triennial conclave Knights Templars, San Francisco, September 5-9; National Live Stock Association, Portland, Oreg., January 12-15; Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, Seattle, August 18-21.

Many Changes in N. & W. Officials.

Roanoke, Va., July 17.—The Norfolk and Western railway today announced the following changes in the traffic department of that road, effective July 15:

T. S. Davant is appointed freight traffic manager, with offices at Roanoke.

J. R. Ruffin is appointed general freight agent, with offices at Roanoke.

F. C. Bryan is appointed division freight agent at Columbus, Ohio, to succeed J. R. Ruffin.

The following transfers are announced: C. H. Kingsbury, from Pittsburg, Pa., to Chicago as general eastern freight agent, with office in Marquette building. S. S. Bridgers, commercial agent, from Indianapolis to Pittsburg, Pa., with office in Park building.

T. M. Hume, from Columbus, Ohio, to Indianapolis, as commercial agent, with office in Stevenson building.

Labor Now in Great Demand.

Jackson, Miss., July 17.—(Special.)—A strenuous complaint of scarcity of labor comes from Yazoo county, where the new Belzoni branch of the Illinois Central is being constructed and new saw mills and lumber manufacturing plants erected. Negroes are being offered wages of from $1.50 to $2.50, and good teamsters are especially in demand. The work on the railroad is being greatly delayed on account of the labor famine.

YOUNG TO TAKE PLACE OF MILES

Brigadier General Wood To Be Major General--Other Army Promotions.

Washington, July 17.—The president has given directions for the preparation of commissions for the following promotions in the army:

Major General Young, to be lieutenant general, vice Lieutenant General Miles, who retires August 8.

Brigadier General S. S. Sumner, to be major general, vice Major General Davis, to be retired July 26.

Brigadier General Leonard S. Wood, to be major general, vice Major General Young, to be promoted.

Secretary Root today sent the following memorandum to the adjutant general for the promotion of colonels to the brigadier general and their retirement with that rank:

"By direction of the president you will prepare commissions for the promotion and retirement of the following officers, with the understanding that each has applied for retirement and comes within the requirements of the bill that passed the United States senate at its last session, namely, that each served creditably during the civil war for not less than one year and has a total service of not less than thirty-five years:

"John H. Page, Third infantry; William T. Haskin, Artillery corps; Charles M. J. Sanno, Eighteenth infantry; Charles F. Robe, Ninth infantry; Edwin B. Atwood quartermaster's department; John Simpson, quartermaster's department; Frank G. Hitch, Artillery corps; George B. Rodney, Artillery corps; Almond B. Wells, First cavalry; John B. Babcock, assistant adjutant general; Charles A. Coolidge, Seventh infantry; Henry Lippincott, medical department; Cyrus S. Roberts, Second infantry; J. Milton Thompson, Twenty-third infantry; Carl A. Woodruff, Artillery corps; David H. Kinzie, Artillery corps; John T. Tierna, Artillery corps; James Miller, Twenty-second infantry; David J. Craigie, Eleventh infantry; Alpheus H. Dowman, Twenty-fifth infantry; Edmund Rice, Nineteenth infantry; John Penny, Ninth infantry; Jesse Smith, Fourth infantry; Theodore F. Ford, Twenty-seventh infantry; Daniel D. Wheeler, quartermaster's department; James T. Cooper, Fifth cavalry; James W. Reilly, ordnance department; John A. Kress, ordnance department; Calvin DeWitt, medical department; Peter J. Cleary, medical department; Leon A. Mutile, Twenty-fourth infantry; Charles A. Woodruff, assistant commissary general.

Colonel C. C. Carr, Fourth cavalry, to be brigadier general, and retained in service.

What you pay for extracts is important, but what you get for your money is ten times more important. Burnett's Vanilla costs more because worth more.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1. Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., props. Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

Falling Chimney Killed Child.

Raleigh, N. C., July 17.—(Special.)—A very peculiar accident occurred at Newbern, resulting in the death of a 4-year-old child. The latter was playing in the yard of his home when suddenly, without warning noise, a chimney of a house in an adjoining lot fell and completely covered and crushed the child, whose mother was but a few yards away.

Don't shake your fist at the thermometer!

Don't fume; fuss and "kuss."

Don't carry your wardrobe on your arm.

Come here, and get the clothing you can wear with comfort—and let the weather weather it out; it will any way whether or no.

The right underwear will right some troubles. We are showing some special values at 50c, 75c and $1.00 a garment, in Cotton and Lisle Thread.

Eisemann Weil
THE DAYLIGHT CORNER
1 WHITEHALL ST.

Dr. Burkhart's Vegetable Compound
CURES STOMACH TROUBLE.
Regulates the bowels perfectly, cures Constipation and digests food so you get the full strength and nourishment of what you eat. Thirty days' treatment 25c. All druggists.

MRS. ROSA F. MONNISH, M.D.
DR. W. A. MONNISH,
GRADUATES OF GERMAN AND AMERICAN COLLEGES.
DISEASES of WOMEN.
20 YEARS EXPERIENCE
RESIDENCE AND OFFICES NO. 349 PEACHTREE STREET-COR. FORREST AVENUE
ATLANTA, GA.

TOURING OUR MILITARY POSTS.

German Attache Is on a Trip of Inspection.

San Francisco, July 17.—Major Von Eltzel, military attache of the German legation at Washington, has arrived here from the east. By direction of Ambassador Von Sternberg Major Eltzel is making a tour of the various military posts in the west and will likely proceed to the Philippines before returning to his regular duties at the capitol. He has visited Forts Riley and Leavenworth on his way out here. During his stay here he will be entertained by Major MacArthur, commanding the department of California.

Invite Congressman Richardson.

Huntsville, Ala., July 17.—(Special.)—The county commissioners of Lauderdale county have invited Congressman William Richardson to address a good roads convention in Florence on July 25.

Farlinger's for Quality.

ESTABLISHED 1882—21 YEARS AT THE SAME STAND.

Home-Grown Vegetables.

Here's a list of the finest, freshest Georgia Grown Vegetables. Most of them were raised within a few miles of Atlanta, and all are excellent in size and quality.
Earliest orders get best selections, you know—though even the latest is not slighted.

Extra fine Tomatoes, quart .. 15c	Red Bunch Beets, per bunch.. 5c
Tomatoes, 4-quart basket 30c	Small Bunch Onions, bunch .. 5c
Fine Roasting Ears, doz 25c	Yellow Denver Onions, quart .. 10c
Tender Snap Beans, quart.. 2 1-2c	White Onions, per quart 15c
Fine Butter Beans, quart 5c	Squash, white or yellow, qt.. 2 1-2c
Fine Velvet Okra, quart 15c	Bunch Turnips, per bunch 5c
Cucumbers, firm and solid, ea.2 1-2c	New Irish Potatoes, peck 40c
Fine Head Lettuce, each ....5&10c	Florida Sweet Potatoes, peck . 40c
Green Cabbage, extra nice..5&10c	New Sweet Potatoes, peck .. 75c
Fancy Bell Peppers, doz .10, 15&20c	Carrots, per bunch 5c
Fancy Egg Plants, each ..5&10c	Parsley, per bunch 10c

Kalamazoo Blue Ribbon Celery, new crop... .....5 and 10c per stalk

Just in—a shipment of Hickmott's Giant California Asparagus, peeled and packed in glass jars, 50c and 80c.

Georgia Fruits and Berries.

Fine Cultivated Blackberries, 12½c quart.
Fine Huckleberries, 15c quart.
Strawberries fresh from our own Fulton County Farm, 25c quart.
Extra large, fine Elberta Peaches, 30c basket.
Pineapples, 10c and 15c.
Fancy Messina Lemons, 20c dozen.
Grape Fruit—Bananas—Apples—Grapes.
Extra Fine Cantaloupes, 5c to 15c. Watermelons on ice, 30c to 40c.

A. W. Farlinger, 321-323 Peachtree, Both Phones.

Watch Repairing....

I have recently enlarged and improved my Watch Repairing Department, and have every facility for doing the most complicated watch work at reasonable prices. Competent men in charge. Your work solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Charles W. Crankshaw
DIAMOND MERCHANT AND JEWELER,
Century Building. Whitehall Street. On the Viaduct.

PELICANS STALK OFF WITH GAME

Two Home Runs, Three Triples Play Prominent Part.

Delehanty Gets Second Home Run. Brouthers Also Hits Over Fence for Four Bases—Ely's Work Erratic—Thirteen Hits by Pelicans.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

New Orleans at Atlanta.
Memphis at Nashville.
Little Rock at Montgomery.
Shreveport at Birmingham.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

New Orleans 8, Atlanta 6.
Nashville 10, Memphis 1.
Shreveport 3, Birmingham 0.
Montgomery 5, Little Rock 4.

Southern League Standing.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Memphis	67	40	27	.597
Atlanta	63	34	29	.540
Nashville	63	33	30	.524
Little Rock	67	35	32	.522
Montgomery	66	33	33	.500
Birmingham	66	32	34	.485
Shreveport	65	31	34	.477
New Orleans	67	24	43	.358

The Pelicans flew the coop yesterday, and with much fluttering and sputtering, scratching and flapping, pounding and punching, biffing and bingling, and smashing, slashing and swatting, tucked the Crackers' heads under their wings (poor things), and storked off with the game by a score of 8 to 6.

In the muchly mingled melee the things which played a pertinently important part for the Pelicans were a pair of home runs over the left field fence by Delehanty and Brouthers, a trio of triples by Connors, Atz and Montgomery, to say nothing of a duo of doubles by Hurley and Dannehower, and even to snub a sextet of singles scattered about.

This contest will be jotted down among the many other interesting frays fought furiously on the Atlanta diamond, and in future years it will be among the traditions of the grandfathers as the game of triples and home runs, for it is by no means to be forgotten, nor passed over lightly, that while Mr. Jack Ely was both getting his bumps and pitching brilliant ball, the Atlanta slashers were smashing out swatlets which netted the swatfers three bags per, as it will be recalled that "Texas" Markley opened up the seventh with a binglet for three, which was immediately followed by Matthews' clout which netted a trio of bags.

In all there were five triples swatted out, and two home runs biffed overboard. Well, that was enough for one afternoon, anyway.

How Del Saved the Day.

Again it was Joe Delehanty who saved the day (and this time helped to win the day) for the Pelicans, for when in the third inning while Bill Brouthers was safely anchored on first, where he had landed on a single, and Hurley was swinging to second, where he had been helped by Bennett's error, it was Del who sailed gallantly forth with his one tail feather floating proudly after his doings of the day before, and with a mighty swat sent the ball hurling high into the atmosphere and over the fence into the muddy slush which surrounds Piedmont lake. Just three bull frogs were killed by that ball when it struck the mud, so Del will have fried frog legs for breakfast this morning.

It was this terrible swat by one of the members of the noted Delehanty family which put new courage into the breasts of the birds from the gulf, and which made them believe that they could hit Mr. Ely, for up to that time he had fanned no less than four of them, and they were beginning to feel shaky in the knee joints.

Ely Brilliant and Bad.

Even after that inspiring, confidence-infusing slash Jack Ely showed the songsters (who really cannot sing) that they were not so very many, and in the next inning caused two of them to vainly cleave the ozone. This leads us to remark on Jack's twirling.

It was of the erratic order. At times it was startlingly brilliant, then again it was either woefully weak, or else the hitters from the gulf were in unusual spirits. As for instance in the sixth, after one man was down, a pair of singles, a triple and a double were the sum total which netted three runs for the birds. Then Mr. Ely settled down and the next two men went out on easy ones from the infield to first base. Again in the seventh Mr. Brouthers had attempted to equal Mr. Delehanty in the matter of glory, and had clouted over the fence for a home run, Mr. Ely again settled down and fanned the next two men, Delehanty and Rickert, and caused Atz to fly out to center field. Again Jack Ely's erratic spirits were shown in the ninth when, after showing perfect control for eight innings, he suddenly took a balloon ascension, and sent three men to first via the Big Four route, thus forcing a runner across the plate.

However, the best will have their off days occasionally, and it cannot be denied that Jack Ely is one of the best in the business.

That short, sawed-off slab artist known as Dannehower, who did the twirling for the birds, was a little more consistent than Jack, and kept the seven hits taken from him badly scattered.

Aside from the much biffing already mentioned one of the noticeable features of the game was the gooselike reception given the man who is giving Perry Werden a hot race for the handsomeship medal. When Jack Law attempted to hug George Winters to his breast in the sixth inning and keep him there, the crowd did not appreciate his show of affection, so every time after that when he showed his handsome mug the crowd greeted him with stinging hisses.

How Runs Were Made.

Lynch scored Atlanta's first run in the first inning on his hit to right, his steal of second, Hurley's error which let him to third, and Winters' high drive and out to center field. Crozier scored in the second on his hit to right, Koehler's sacrifice, and Matthews' hit through second.

Stafford drew a free pass in the fourth, went to second on Dannehower's error, to third on Koehler's sacrifice, and scored on a passed ball. Winters hit to left in the sixth, went to third on Jack Law's error, and scored on Stafford's two-bagger to left.

In the seventh a pair of triples by Markley and Matthews and a wild pitch of Dannehower netted the Crackers two, and the last two runs made.

Bennett's error, Brouthers' hit to left and Delehanty's home run scored three for the Pelicans in the third. Atz's hit to left in the sixth, Montgomery's three-bagger to right, Law's single to short and Hurley's two-bagger to left scored three runs for the birds. Brouthers' home run over the left field fence netted one in the seventh. Connor's triple to right center and Ely's three free passes scored the last Pelican run in the ninth.

The Official Score.

The detailed score follows:

NEW ORLEANS—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Connors, rf.	5	1	2	0	0	0
Brouthers, 3b.	5	2	2	2	0	0
Delehanty, 2b.	4	1	1	1	1	0
Rickert, lf.	3	0	1	1	0	0
Atz, ss.	4	1	2	1	0	0
Montgomery, cf.	5	1	2	4	0	0
Law, 1b.	3	1	1	10	0	1
Hurley, c.	4	1	1	8	1	1
Dannehower, p.	4	0	1	0	6	1
Totals	37	8	13	27	9	3

ATLANTA—	ab.	r.	h.	po.	a.	e.
Bennett, 3b.	4	0	0	0	0	1
Lynch, ss.	4	1	1	0	4	0
Winters, rf.	4	1	1	1	1	0
Stafford, 3b.	3	1	1	12	0	0
Crozier, lf.	3	1	1	0	0	0
Koehler, cf.	2	0	0	2	0	0
Markley, 2b.	4	1	1	1	2	0
Matthews, c.	3	1	2	11	3	0
Ely, p.	3	0	0	0	4	0
*Lauzon	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	31	6	7	27	14	1

*Lauzon batted for Ely in ninth.

Score by innings:
New Orleans ..0 0 3 0 0 3 1 0 1—8
Atlanta ..1 1 0 1 0 1 2 0 0—6

Ely—Innings pitched 9. Opponents at bat 37. Base hits by opponents 13. Runs scored by opponents 8. Hit batsmen 0. Bases on balls 3. Struck out 10. Wild pitch 0.

Dannehower—Innings pitched 9. Opponents at bat 31. Base hits by opponents 7. Runs scored by opponents 6. Hit batsmen 0. Bases on balls 2. Struck out 8. Wild Pitch, 1.

Summary: Sacrifice hits, Koehler 2; Law. Stolen bases, Lynch, Delehanty. Two-bas hits, Stafford, Hurley, Dannehower. Three-base hits, Markley, Mathews, Atz, Montgomery, Connors. Home runs, Delehanty, Brouthers. Double plays, Matthews to Markley; Matthews to Stafford; Hurley to Law. Passed ball, Hurley. Time of game, 2:05. Attendance, 1,456.

GREAT TIME BY DAN PATCH

He Equals World's Pacing Record for Half Mile.

Columbus, Ohio, July 17.—The summer meeting of the Columbus Driving Association closed today. Dan Patch was driven a half mile against time and equaled the world's pacing record for that distance, 57 3-4, made by Prince Alert at Memphis. The first quarter was made in 28 3-4.

Weather clear; track fast.

2:25 trot, purse $800: Robizola won the second and third heats and race. Best time 2:12 1-4. Prince Caton won the first heat in 2:17 1-2. Bermuda Mail, Trixie, Mercury, Hortense and Phillis J started.

2:08 trot, purse $800: Maxine won the first and third heats and race. Best time 2:09 1-4. Baron De Shay won the second heat in 2:09 3-4. Rythmic started.

2:13 pace, purse $800: Star Hal won in two straight heats. Best time 2:09 1-4. Gold Call, Guy Red, Illinois and Gus Wilkes started.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Montgomery 5, Little Rock 4.

Montgomery, July 17.—In the tenth inning for Montgomery Whistler led off with a two-bagger and Burnett followed with another, winning the game. Whistler's hitting was the feature, he getting three two-baggers. Molesworth hit for a home run.

Score: R H E
Montgomery.. .. ..2 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—5 11 3
Little Rock.. .. ..1 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—4 8 1

Batteries: Streit and W. Clark; Persons and J. Clark.

Shreveport 3, Birmingham 0.

Birmingham, July 17.—Magnificent work of Fisher shut Birmingham out today. Beck's fielding at second on two occasions cut off runs, the plays looking almost impossible. Keenan was hit freely, but kept them well scattered. One thousand boys under the age of 12 years were admitted to the park free. Attendance, 2,600.

Score: R H E
Birmingham... .. ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 1
Shreveport.. .. .. ..0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0—3 10 1

Batteries: Keenan and Millerick; Fisher and Graffius.

Nashville 10, Memphis 1.

Nashville, July 17.—French was wild today and ineffective at critical times, while Bailey pitched a great game. Attendance 3,000.

Score: R H E
Nashville.. .. .. ..1 0 0 6 1 1 0 0 1—10 11 0
Memphis.. .. ..0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1 5 2

Batteries: Bailey and Fisher; French, Dunham, Accorsini and Fritz.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

National League Standing.

CLUBS—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pittsburg	75	52	23	.693
New York	73	46	27	.630
Chicago	77	45	32	.584
Cincinnati	71	38	33	.535
Brooklyn	71	34	37	.478
Boston	69	33	36	.478
St. Louis	74	26	48	.351
Philadelphia	72	22	50	.305

Pittsburg 6, New York 5.

Pittsburg, July 17.—Bransfield's three-bagger, followed by Leach's long hit, won the game for Pittsburg in the twelfth inning today.

Pittsburg .. ..0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1—6 12 3
New York .. ..0 2 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0—5 10 1

Batteries—Kennedy and Smith; Taylor and Warner; time, 2:25; umpire, Emslie; attendance, 5,000.

Cincinnati 7, Philadelphia 5.

Cincinnati, July 17.—Cincinnati took today's game by timely hitting. This was children's day and 25,000 people, mostly children, were present. The children were admitted free as the guests of President Herrman.

Cincinnati ....0 2 0 0 3 1 0 1 0—7 13 4
Philadelphia .. ....0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—5 7 0

Batteries—Hahn and Bergen; Washburn and Dooin; attendance, 25,000.

Camilla 4, Thomasville 0.

Camilla, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Camilla defeated Thomasville by a score of 4 to 0 in a tight game of ball this afternoon. The Thomasville boys made strenuous hard efforts, especially Mr. Hester, pitcher.

Sparks 7, Fitzgerald 6.

Fitzgerald, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Fitzgerald's costly errors lost the game to Sparks today. Score: Fitzgerald, runs 6, hits 6, errors 7; Sparks, runs 7, hits 8, errors 6. Batteries—Martin and Kay; Grimes and Nichols.

Brunswick 4, Savannah 0.

Brunswick, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—In a beautiful game of ball this afternoon Brunswick defeated Savannah by a score of 4 to 0. The feature of the game was the all-round good work of Pitcher Walker, of the locals. He struck out twelve and allowed only one hit. Walker has struck out between ten and fifteen men in every game he has played this season.

FOUR FAVORITES REWARD BACKERS

Rain Made the Scratches Numerous at Washington Park.

MEETING WILL CLOSE TODAY

Sidney C. Love Won the Fifth Race from Schwalbe and Hoodwink. Bunnie Bunton, Quoted at 5 to 1, the Longest Shot to Win.

Chicago, July 17.—At Washington Park today the rain, which early began to fall, made scratches numerous. Love ran in the colors of his former owner, M. H. Tichenor. Schwalbe set the pace until well into the stretch, when Love came with a rush and won going easy.

Four favorites won during the afternoon. The Procession began in the second race, at 1 mile, when Orsina, at 6 to 5, won, pulled up to a walk.

The Washington Park meeting will come to a close tomorrow, with the running of the Lake View and Wheeler handicaps.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs: Burnie Bunton, 100 (Farrell), 10 to 1, won; Scorpio, 111 (Dominick), 6 to 5, second; Vestry, 98 (Helgerson), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 4-5. Never Fret, Nellie Waddell, Zella Knight, Wain-a-Moinen, ran.

SECOND RACE—Mile: Orsina, 96 (S. Wilson), 6 to 5, won; Postmaster Wright, 112 (Helgerson), 9 to 2, second; Glassful, 102 (Davis), 8 to 5, third. Time, 1:42 4-5. Avoid and Marlin ran.

THIRD RACE—Five furlongs: Sweetie, 102 (Helgerson), even, won; Rainland, 103 (H. Phillips), 5 to 2, second; Elwood, 102 (C. Gray), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:09 4-5. My Alice, El Cortezo, General Steward, Grief, Spencerian and Henry Luehrmann, Jr., ran.

FOURTH RACE—Seven and a half furlongs: Brulare, 94 (L. Wilson), 6 to 5, won; Dr. Stephens, 104 (Knapp), 6 to 1, second; Beau Ormonde, 104 (Helgerson), 8 to 5, third. Time 1:36 1-5. Macy ran.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and 50 yards: Sidney C. Love, 97 (Helgerson), 5 to 2, won; Schwalbe, 105 (L. Wilson), 9 to 5, second; Hoodwink, 102 (J. Booker), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:46 2-5. Jack Ratlin ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth: Hermencia, 106 (H. Phillips), 8 to 5, won; Barrica, 101 (L. Jackson), 7 to 2, second; Fading Light, 86 (Robbins), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:57 2-5. Bard of Avon, Miracle II, ran.

Today's Entries at Chicago.

First Race—Five furlongs: Rainland, 118; Miss Crawford, 115; Martius, 111; Paris, 111; Toltec, Commodore, Tryon, Ouden, Ann Davis, Pat Hammond, Mast, 108; Gayoso, Watermelon, 105.

Second Race—Six furlongs: Bardolph, 117; Beautiful and Best, Stem Winder, First Chip, Americano, Lucket, Colonade, 107; Oronto, Sid Silver, 104; Floral Wreath, Ahola, Byways, Gypsene, Christiana A., 102.

Third Race—Lake View handicap, 6 furlongs: English Lad, 122; Flo Bob, 121; Peter Paul, Lonsdale, Proceeds, 119; Auditor, Prince Silver Wings, 118; Ed Tierney, Batts, Sanctum, Jason, 112; Don Domo, 110; Jerry Lynch, 102. Proceeds and Auditor, Brown entry.

Fourth Race—The Wheeler handicap, mile and a quarter: Six Shooter, 116; Monarka, 112; Flying Torpedo, 109; Lucien Appleby, 108; Nitrate, Aladdin, 105; Little Scout, 99; Bad News, 104; Jack Ratlin, 100; Gold Bell, 96; Flying Ship, 95; Gilfain, 91. Couple Little Scout and Aladdin, Bennett entry; Nitrate and Lucien Appleby as Durnell and Herz entry.

Fifth Race—Mile, selling: The Kentuckian, 108; Balm of Gilead, 106; Flaunt, 105; Evelyn Byrd, Echodale, 103; Moabina, 101; Little Duchess II, 98; Lord Touchwood, 90; Bob Franklin, 88; La Honda, 83.

Sixth Race—Mile, selling: Haviland, 110; Father Wentker, 108; Major Tenny, Hot, 103; Colonial Girl, Travess, Alfred C., 100; Esherin, 99; Warte Nicht, 93; Mary Glenn, 89; Our Bessie, 83.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

American League Standing.

CLUBS—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	75	46	29	.613
Philadelphia	75	44	31	.586
Cleveland	72	39	33	.541
New York	69	35	34	.507
Detroit	69	35	34	.507
Chicago	70	34	36	.483
St. Louis	67	32	35	.477
Washington	72	21	51	.291

Philadelphia 4, St. Louis 1.

Philadelphia, July 17.—St. Louis could not hit Waddell today and Philadelphia won easily.

Score: R H E
St Louis ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 4 2
Philadelphia .. ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0—4 8 0

Batteries—Evans and Sugden; Waddell and Schreck; time, 1:40; umpire, Hasset.

Chicago 6, Washington 4.

Washington, July 17.—Chicago bunched their hits and scored enough runs in two innings to win today's game. Washington's batting was heavy, but the hits did not come at the proper time.

Score: R H E
Washington .. .. ..0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 0—4 13 1
Chicago ....0 3 2 0 0 1 0 0 0—6 13 4

Batteries—Orth and Kittridge; Dunkle and Slatery; time, 1:52; umpire, O'Laughlin; attendance, 1,600.

Cleveland 11, New York 4.

New York, July 17.—Cleveland gave a fine exhibition of hitting in the opening game of the series by batting Chesbro out of the box.

Score: R H E
Cleveland ....0 4 0 0 3 4 0 0 0—11 14 1
New York ....1 0 0 0 0 1 0 2 0—4 5 2

Batteries—Moore and Abbott; Chesbro, Howell, Beville and O'Connor; time, 1:55; umpire, Sheridan; attendance, 2,500.

Boston 1, Detroit 0.

Boston, July 17.—A wild throw by Smith in a vain attempt to deprive Freeman of a three-base hit cost Detroit a close ten inning game with Boston today.

Score: R H E
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1 3 2
Detroit ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 4 4

Batteries—Gibson and Criger; Donovan and Buelow; time, 1:35; umpire, Connelly; attendance, 4,400.

Sparta 9, Greenesboro 5.

Sparta, Ga., July 17.—Sparta defeated Greensboro here today by a score of 9 to 5. The local team has not lost a game this season on the home grounds.

Augusta 23, Charleston 0.

Charleston, S. C., July 17.—(Special.)—A baseball team from Augusta mopped the earth with the Charleston team in a game played here this afternoon. The score was 23 to 0 in favor of the visitors. Only six innings were played.

Worcester Sells Out.

Montreal, July 17.—Montreal today acquired the Eastern League franchise of the Worcester baseball club. The team will start out on Monday as the Montreal team.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Indianapolis at Milwaukee, rain.
Kansas City 1, Louisville 2.
Minneapolis 7, Toledo 3.
St. Paul 4, Columbus 3.

Anniston 3, Talladega 2.

Anniston, Ala., July 17.—(Special.)—In the best game ever seen on the local diamond Anniston defeated Talladega this afternoon by a score of 3 to 2.

The game lasted twelve innings. With the score tied Talladega scored another in the twelfth. Anniston came to bat and got two men on bases. With two out and two strikes on R. Gamble he hit for three bases, scoring both runners. Douglass and Starr [illegible] opposing pitchers and pitched [illegible] Douglass allowing but tw[illegible] [illegible]fth. Seven hits were [illegible]

MEALS. VIGNAUX'S [illegible]NCH RESTAURAN[illegible] 15 SOUTH P[illegible]

NEW TWIRLER FOR CRACKERS

Napoleon Rucker Signed by Manager Powell Yesterday.

Last night local fandom was set agog by the announeement of Manager Powell to the effect that he has again whipped out his bunch of blank contracts and had one filled in and signed by another twirler of note, in Georgia and elsewhere.

The newly signed is Mr. Archibald Theophilus Napoleon Rucker, though he is known by his most intimate friends in and around Marietta, Ga., from whence he hails as "Nap" Rucker, the "Nap" being merely a shrinking of the name of the great French emperor.

Nap is a mountaineer, and like other hardy sons from the foothills of the great Appalachian range, he possesses the undaunted spirit of the mighty conqueror for whom he is named, and it is said that he has been making sons of swat throughout Georgia know of his greatness as a slab artist.

Napoleon, in the box, stands six feet tall, and when on the scales weighs 203 pounds. He possesses a left arm that has the power of a catapult, which sends the curving sphere over the plate at such a rapid rate of speed that it looks like a small pea. While he pitches with his left hand he can throw to bases like a shot with his right, so woe be unto the Southern Leaguer who attempts to play off the bases while he is in action.

He has curves by the bunch, so they say, and an eye like an eagle. Added to his other accomplishments is his fleetness of foot. Though being a man of ponderous frame and weighing more than two hundred, still he can sprint 100 yards in 10 seconds flat.

He has been pitching independent ball during the season, but after being importuned by Manager Ab Powell, has decided to cast in his lot with the Georgia Crackers. It is understood, however, that he never made up his mind to join the Atlanta team until he learned of the winning streak. He says he wants to be on a pennant winning team, and hence his choice of the Crackers.

He will report in Crackerland today, and will leave with the team for Shreveport this afternoon.

STRIKES.

LINE-UP OF TEAMS FOR TODAY.S GAME.

The last of the New Orleans-Atlanta series, and the last game before the team leaves for a swing around the western end of the circuit will be played at Piedmont park this afternoon beginning at 2 o'clock.

The game will be stopped at 4:15, which will allow two hours and fifteen minutes in which to play. The time of beginning the game has been moved up in order to give plenty of time to play the game out before the team leaves for Shreveport.

The team will line up in batting order as follows:

ATLANTA.	NED ORLEANS.
Bennett, 3b.	Connors, rf.
Lynch, ss.	Brouthers, 3b.
Winters, rf.	Delehanty, 2b.
Stafford, 3b.	Rickert, lf.
Crozier, lf.	Atz, ss.
Koehler, cf.	Montgomery, cf.
Markley, 2b.	Law, 1b.
Matthews, c.	Hurley, c.
Weyhing, p.	Adams, p.

Kill the goat.

The sizzling sound of the swatlet was heard yesterday.

Joe Delehanty bids fair to be a worthy representative of his noted family. His home run yesterday was a scorcher.

Jack Ely got the hardest bump yesterday he has yet received. Just thirteen in all. Still there was positively no hoodoo—it was simply a streak of hard hitting indulged in by the Pelicans.

Gloomy Gus Weyhing will be in the box for the Crackers today. Gus will annex his game just to show the birds a thing or two—then, too, Gus wants one of those $5 panamas.

Do not forget that the game today begins at 2 o'clock. Today's game will be played out if such a thing can be done in two hours and fifteen minutes. The game will be called at 4:15 o'clock in order to allow Atlanta to catch the train for Shreveport.

The members of the team presented Miss Gladys Lauzon with a handsome little gold ring set with a pearl yesterday. Ed will carry the present to his young daughter when he visits Pelicanville next week.

Napoleon Rucker is the name of the new twirler signed by Manager Powell. 'Tis said of him that he is an unconquerable conqueror.

Matthews increased his batting average yesterday by taking two out of three times up. If Matty would only keep up that lick it would help some.

The fans around the southern circuit are beginning to wonder what is the matter in the office of the president of the Southern League. It is remembered by all that Judge Kavanaugh promised to issue bi-monthly bulletins which would contain all official information of interest to the fans in the south, such as the official standing of the clubs and other things.

Now just at this time it would be especially refreshing to have a bulletin every two weeks giving the percentage of the different clubs as the various papers over the circuit are carrying percentages for some of the clubs which vary several points. Doubtless it is true the different scribes can keep track of the winning of the teams as well as the official secretary, but at any rate it would set at rest the troubled spirits of the fanatics to know that what they see is "official."

No harsh criticism is intended for Judge Kavanaugh and his administration, for of course it is well known that the Southern League has one at its head who stands head and shoulders above other minor, or for that matter major, league presidents. Doubtless some of the officials in the office need prodding up a little.

"As usually happens," remarked Sy Walters, Powell's newly signed twirler, "our North Carolina league went to the bad this year. The burst-up always comes about July 15, and it arrived on scheduled time this season. Stockdale, who was with Durham, has been sacked by Lew Whistler; Applegate, who was manager of the Durham team, is now with New Orleans, and I find myself, who was with Greensboro, here in Atlanta with Manager Powell. The other boys of that league have scattered to other parts."

Walters says they play fast ball in that league, but that patronage ceases after the weather gets too warm, and the inevitable comes about the time the other minor leagues are in need of players. This is the same league raided by Manager Powell several years ago when he was sorely in need of men for the Pelicans. It happened about this time of the year, and resulted as usual.

BOOKIES DEPLETE ROLLS OF TALENT

Knowing Ones Have a Bad Day at Brighton Beach.

TWO WINNING FAVORITES

Rain or Shine and Leipsic the Only First Choices To Reward Backers—Himself Captured the Handicap from Heavily Played Tugai Bey.

New York, July 17.—Rain or Shine and Leipsic were the only winning favorites at Brighton Beach today, the other events going to well played horses. The talent had a bad day. Himself easily captured the handicap at one mile and a furlong from the heavily played Tugai Bey. The favorite, Articulate, was a bad last. Weather cool; track fast.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Dinah Shad, 106 (Burns), 12 to 1, won; Tender Crest, 99 (Forehand), 8 to 1, second; Prince of Elm, 102 (Michaels), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 4-5. Sailor Knot, Short Cake, Trouville, Ruth Parrish, Harbor, Nine Pin, Sir Walt, Tommy Rot, Luminosity, Hydrangea ran.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs: Mamie Worth, 109 (Redfern), 7 to 2, won; Futurita, 108 (Gannon), 5 to 1, second; Our Nugget, 109 (Michaels), 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:13 4-5. Adios, Presentation, Stamping Ground, Lass of Linden, Triestesse, Coruscate, Florham Queen, Navosota, Many Thanks, Iconoclast and Bethel Gray ran.

THIRD RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: The Rhymer, 106 (Hicks), 5 to 1, won; Bellario, 106 (Michaels), 12 to 1, second; Lady Potentate, 96 (Connell), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:47. Ethics, Thornycroft, Leader, Baikal, Circus, Colonsay, St. Sever Past ran. Agnes D. left at post.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap, 1 mile and a furlong: Himself, 111 (Odom), 7 to 2, won; Tugai Bey, 97 (Wilkerson), 5 to 1, second; Cogswell, 90 (Creamer), 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:54 3-5. Elliott, W. R. Condon, Articulate ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs: Rain or Shine, 110 (Bullman), 8 to 5, won; Race King, 124 (O'Neil), 3 to 1, second; Baseful, 126 (Odom), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:14 3-5. Hopeful Miss, Silent Water ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth: Leipsic, 111 (Burns), 5 to 2, won; Hyland, 111 (Lewis), 5 to 1, second; King Carter, 111 (Shea), 100 to 1, third. Time, 1:49 1-5. Nuit Blanche, Nodo, Williamstead, Cocagne, Semper Vivax, Profitable, After the Ball, Duncannon, Pass Book, Earl of Norfolk, Lajara, King Post, Beverly and Russell Garth ran.

Today's Entries at Brighton.

First Race—Handicap, 7 furlongs: Luxcasta, 126; Young Henry, 124; Gay Boy, 115; Rose Tint, 111; Demurrer, St. Daniel, 107; Irish Jewel, 106; Ingold, Operator, Minotaur, 105; John A. Scott, Alard Scheck, If You Dare, Flying Buttress 100; Locket, 97; Salvatella, 90.

Second Race—Curragh steeplechase, selling, short course: Somerset, 156; Walter Cleary, Ohnet, 153; Glasgar, 146; Lord Radnor, Memorist, Gum Honey, 132; May Harrison, 130.

Third Race—The Venus, 5 furlongs: White Plume, 119; Petunia, Walterin, 114; Semitic, Marjaram, 109; Memoriam, 104; Audience, Glad Smile, Flammula, Lady Linden, Monsoon, Turquoise Blue, Inquisitive Girl, Cyprienne, St. Roma, 99.

Fourth Race—The Iroquoise, 1 1-8 miles: Brigand, 119; Fire Eater, Illyria, 111; Cardinal Wolsey 108; Monte Carlo, Tantalus Cup, Slave, 106.

Fifth Race—Handicap, 1 1-8 miles: Hunter Raine, 126; Sambo, 118; Lord Badge, 107; Courtenay, Peninsula, 106; Lanceman, Daly, 100.

Sixth Race—Mile and one-sixteenth: Homestead, 112; Tribes Hill, Water Tower, Satire, 111; Black Hussar, 107; Ardena, Belle of Troy, 106; Dekaber, 104; Sir Florian, Irish Jewel, 103; Rostand, Arminta, Syrlin, 101; Unterrock, 99; Star and Garter, 94; Squid, 91; Court Maid, 89.

AT ST. LOUIS

FEATURE OF THE CARD CAPTURED BY FOREHAND

St. Louis, July 17.—Forehand won the feature of today's Delmar card, a handicap at 6 furlongs, for 2-year-olds. Major Pelham, the favorite, got off badly and finished third. Track good.

FIRST RACE—Mile and seventy yards: Irving Mayer, 104 (Louden), 6 to 1, won; Daddy Bender, 92 (Bridewell), 12 to 1, second; Professor Neville, 108 (Wickart), 9 to 1, third. Time, 1:52 1-2. The Fiddler, Belle Simpson, Ben Hullum, Trialmore, Varner, Ben Hempstead, Lexell and Hengist ran.

SECOND RACE—Five furlongs: Fenian, 108 (Troxler), 8 to 5, won; Tootsey Mack, 109 (Watson), 13 to 5, second; Dusty Miller, 111 (Bell), 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:06. Enigman, Bustler, Lord Hermence, Signoria ran. Grangeman, Sweet Note and Sue W fell.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs: Alfio, 105 (Bridewell), 5 to 2, won; Lady Charlotte, 105 (Watson), 6 to 1, second; Snowdrift, 105 (Otis), 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:17. Three horses started.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs: Forehand 108 (Bridewell), 3 to 1, won; Clifton Forge, 108 (F. Smith), 10 to 1, second; Major Pelham, 108 (Troxler), 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 1-4. Mildred L, Magnolin, Orient, Mafalda, Talhouet, Tom Kiley ran.

FIFTH RACE—Six and one-half furlongs Miss West, 102 (Bridewell), 4 to 1, won; Nearest, 104 (F. Smith), 6 to 1, second; Four Leaf C, 104 (Wolf), 2 to 2, third. Time, 1:24 1-2. Mike Strauss, Ciales, Tom Crabb, Duela ran.

SIXTH RACE—Mile and seventy yards: Kinloch Park, 107 (D. Hall), 7 to 2, won; Eugenia S, 105 (Otis), 4 to 1, second; Dawson, 105 (Kelly), 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:49 3-4. Dominis, Fanny Knox, Chandoo, Legation ran.

Today's Entries at St. Louis.

First Race—Six furlongs, selling: Prince Light, Great Star, 107; Pirate's Daughter, La Rouge, Tenny Bell, 102; Una Price, 97; Milk Maid, 100; Jerry Hunt, Whitmore, 106; Dr. Clark, 99; Charles C., Lynch, Wellesley, 104.

Second Race—Mile and 70 yards, selling: Emma Myer, 73; Goo Goo, 86; Axares, 97; Miss Eon, 81; Helen Hay, Leila May, 84; Pamplona, 104; Pearl Diver, 82; Varner, 96; Galanthus, Weird, 995; King's Pet, 104; Venus Victrix, 1.

Third Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Wigwam, 106; Check Morgan, Don O'High, Athene, Hugh McGowan, Atlas, Max Rose, Matt Wadleigh, 108; Mizzen Mast, Brilliants, 111.

Fourth Race—Six and one-half furlongs, the Mound City stakes: Jordan, 110; Hilee, 107; Miss Golightly, 96; Fitz Kanet, 108.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs: Anecke, 99; Stand Pat, Bas d'Or, 100; Deutschland, 103; Sweet Dream, 104; Miss Mae Day, 109.

Sixth Race—Mile and 70 yards, selling: Charlie's Dream, 94; Tempt, 93; Maghoni, 78; Tony Lepping, Henry of Franstamar, 101; Broodler, Reducer, 98; Hook Se Oka, 89; Pyrrho, 109; Hegira, 92; Ida Penzance, Tickful, 102.

Seventh Race—Mile and three-sixteenths, selling: Carrie Hope 94; Ginspray, 107; Pirateer, 94; Josie F., 10?; The Way, 104; Menace, 105; Light Opera, 101; W. B. Gates, 107.

Astoria

Doctors spend much effort in summer amending man's over heated body. Too many strengtheners are an over-tax in warm weather.

If you drink Astoria you solve [unconsciously] this mooted question of how to supply cell-life without burdening the system.

It is nature's own prescription, giving you all the benefits of mother earth.

The best in Hops
For a Tonic

The best in Barley Malt
For a Food.

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1.25 a Dozen Delivered.

Atlanta Brewing & Ice Co.

Both Phones 1249.

WALLACE STABLE CO.
124 MARIETTA ST.

GAVE $100,000 FOR ARD PATRICK

Derby and Eclipse Winner Sold to the German Government.

London, July 17.—Ard Patrick, last year's derby winner, won the Eclipse stakes by a neck at the Sandowne park race meeting today. Scepter was second and Rock Sand, the winner of this year's derby, was third. Five horses started.

King Edward was present and the attendance formed the record for this course.

It is reported that Ard Patrick was purchased for $100,000 by Count Von Lehrdorff, in behalf of the German government.

Cordele 2, Quitman 0.

Cordele, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Cordele played an errorless game today, defeating Quitman by a score of 2 to 0. Laval pitched his first game for the home team and did brilliant work, twice striking out batters with the bases full. Chappel also pitched a good game for the visitors, but his support was a little ragged in two innings. Batteries—Cordele, Laval and Sullivan; Quitman, Chappel and Foster.

Huntsville 14, Columbia 7.

Huntsville, Ala., July 17.—(Special.)—This afternoon Huntsville again defeated the fast Columbia team by a score of 14 to 7. The feature of the game was the batting of Saillard, second baseman for the locals. Five times at bat he made three hits for three bags and one single. Batteries—Smith and Fisher for Columbia; Bradley and Swayne for Huntsville.

Columbus 13, Hogansville 5.

Columbus, Ga., July 17.—(Special.)—Columbus defeated Hogansville baseball team 13 to 5 this afternoon. Talladega, Ala., comes next Tuesday for five games.

BASEBALL!
PIEDMONT PARK,
TODAY AT 2 P. M.
ATLANTA
VS.
NEW ORLEANS
Last game at home for nearly three weeks.

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RATHER QUIET DAY IN COTTON MARKET

Opened Steady 21 Points Lower to 3 Points Higher.

FURTHER WEAKNESS SHOWN

In Which Near Months Declined Sharply—Market Closed Within 1 to 3 Points of the Lowest, 1 to 26 Points Down.

New York, July 17.—The cotton market opened steady, 21 points lower to an advance of 3 points following Liverpool cables, which were lower than expected on the near, while slightly better than due on the late positions. Following the call was an interval during which the near months showed further weakness, August selling down to 11.99, a loss of 27 points with September at 10.43, a decline of 16 points. The later months, however, were sustained by covering in spite of the generally favorable weather, and before long all positions were rallied by buying orders popularly credited to the New Orleans clique. Under this buying August was forced up to 12.20, while the later positions showed net gains of from 5 to 6 points. July was quiet and showed comparatively little movement. Toward midday there was a renewal of bear pressure encouraged by a partial withdrawal of supporting orders, generlly favorable crop advice and further reports of cotton headed in this direction from abroad for delivery on July contracts, and the market was soon sold down to about the opening prices. The balance of the session was quiet and rather irregular, and the market at the close was within 1 to 3 points of the lowest for the day. The final tone was steady and prices net 1 to 26 points lower. Sales estimated at 150,000 bales.

The following was the range of cotton contracts in New York yesterday:

MONTHS	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid and asked.
July	12.30	12.40	12.30	12.30	12.20-21
August	12.00	12.21	11.99	12.00	12.00-01
September	10.45	10.59	10.43	10.46	10.45-46
October	9.70	9.76	9.65	9.68	9.67-68
November	9.55	9.55	9.50	9.50	9.52-54
December	9.55	9.57	9.48	9.51	9.51-52
January	9.51	9.54	9.46	9.48	9.49-50
February	....	....	....	....	9.47-49
March	....	....	....	....	9.47-49
April	....	....	....	....	....
May	....	....	....	....	....
June	....	....	....	....	....

Futures closed steady.

Following table shows receipts, exports and stock at all ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS 1903	RECEIPTS 1902	EXPORTS 1903	EXPORTS 1902	STOCKS 1903	STOCKS 1902
Saturday	1417	4242	3680	3091	242434	281015
Monday	392	1555	5461	10315	250210	273436
Tuesday	1819	3632	3037	1822	241073	274138
Wednesday	767	1767	15567	4492	241728	266882
Thursday	16	2321		1043	225942	268018
Friday	957	2787	6362	9310	222290	255801
Total	5368	15603	32047	30578	......	......

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, July 17—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, demand fair with prices steady; middling uplands 6.34; sales 10,000 bales; American 9,800; speculation and export 4,000; receipts 2,000; American 1,600.

Futures opened steady.

	Open'g.	Closing.
July	6 25	6 18
July-August	6 20	6 16-17
August-September	6 15	6 13-14
September-October	5 66	5 65
October-November	5 29	5 27
November-December	5 20	5 18
December-January	5 14	5 12-13
January-February	5 13	5 11
February-March	5 13	5 10

Futures closed easy.

Review of the New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, July 17.— Spot cotton nominal; sales 4 bales. Quotations unchanged.

The future market at the opening showed some nervousness. July was 13 bid, a loss of 18 points, August was 13 lower at 12.85 and the other positions were at about yesterday's closing prices. After the opening the fluctuations were rapid, first above and then below the opening for the winter months. The trading was light and the market somewhat weak at the close, the list showing net losses of 18 points on July, August 23, September 11 and the more distant months 4 to 6 points.

Futures ranged as follows in New Orleans yesterday:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	....	....	....	13.00-10
August	12.81	12.85	12.78	12.75
September	10.85	10.62	16.48	10.46-47
October	9.58	9.61	9.53	9.54-55
November	....	....	....	9.38-40
December	9.44	9.46	9.35	9.37-38
January	9.39	9.39	9.39	9.34-36

Receipts at U. S. Prts.

New York, July 17.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1:

Galveston	2,091,566
New Orleans	2,296,810
Mobile	214,107
Savannah	1,297,476
Charleston	209,657
Wilmington	324,903
Norfolk	508,987
Baltimore	47,613
New York	57,191
Boston	98,458
Newport News	14,952
Philadelphia	26,631
Brunswick	118,217
Fernandina	3,124
Pensacola	136,104
Port Arthur	86,663
Port Townsend	89,584
San Francisco	35,447
Portland, Oreg.	1,541
El Paso	1,587
Eagle Pass	12,479
Laredo	13,709
Total	7,686,815

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, July 17.—Wheat: Spot No. 2 northern spring dull at 6s 5d; No. 2 red western winter quiet at 6s 2 1-2d; No. 1 California dull 6s 6 1-2d; futures quiet; July 6s 7d; September 6s 3 1-4d; December 6s 3 1-4d.

Corn—Spot American mixed easy at 4s 5 1-4d; futures quiet; July 4s 5d; September 4s 4 7-8d.

World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans, July 17.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares the figures of this week with last week, last year and the year before.

It shows a decrease for the week just closed of 152,723 bales, against a decrease of 144,069 last year and a decrease of 127,437 the year before last.

The total visible is 1,908,876, against 2,061,599 last week, 2,062,143 last year and 2,420,547 year before last.

Of this the total of American cotton is 965,876, against 1,042,599 last week, 1,302,143 last year and 1,451,547 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 943,000, against 1,019,000 last week, 760,000 last year and 969,000 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton, as above, shows a decrease compared with last week of 152,723 bales, a decrease compared with last year of 153,267, and a decrease compared with year before last 511,671.

Of the world's visible supply of cotton, as above, there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and continental Europe, 1,057,000, against 1,216,000 last year and 1,133,000 year before last; in Egypt 23,000, against 63,000 last year and 100,000 year before last; in India 57,000, against 433,000 last year and 573,000 year before last, and in the United States 252,000, against 350,000 last year and 615,000 year before last.

THE SPOT COTTON MARKETS IN DETAIL

MARKET.	Tone.	Middling.	Net Receipts.	Gross Receipts.	Sales.	Stock.	EXPORTS TO— Gt. B't'n.	Coastwise.	Continent.	France.
Atlanta	Nominal	12⅝	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
Galveston	Dull	12	6	6	36	1,932	....	....	....	....
Norfolk	Steady	12	....	....	....	328	....	113	....	....
Baltimore	Nominal	13	98	448	....	779	....	....	242	....
Boston	Quiet	12.70	13	213	....	....	....	....	....	....
Wilmington	Nominal	....	....	....	65	256	....	....	....	....
Philadelphia	Quiet	12.75	....	....	....	1,183	....	....	....	....
Savannah	Firm	12½	....	....	111	4,494	....	1	....	....
New Orleans	Quiet	12⅝	836	988	100	53,830	....	2,151	....	5,100
Mobile	Nominal	....	....	....	....	862	....	....	....	....
Memphis	Quiet	12 7-16	91	128	25	3,592	....	....	....	....
Augusta	Quiet	13	4	4	11	858	....	....	....	....
Charleston	Nominal	....	....	....	....	95	....	....	....	....
Cincinnati	Quiet	11	17	17	....	8,538	....	....	....	....
Louisville	Firm	12⅝	7	7	....	5	....	....	....	....
St. Louis	Quiet	12½	....	....	....	2,903	....	....	....	....
Houston	Quiet	12¼	7	7	51	3,184	....	....	....	....
New York	Quiet	12.50	4	450	200	158,437	....	....	1,020	....

Total receipts today, 957. Exports to France today, 5,100; to continent, 1,262. Stock, 222,290.
Consolidated receipts for week, 5,368. Exports to Great Britain for week, 17,455; to France, 8,100; to continent, 6,492.
Total receipts since September 1, 7,686,815. Exports to Great Britain since September 1, 2,775,905; to France, 777,324; to continent, 2,802,768; to Japan, 135,133.

OFFICIAL RANGE AND SALES OF STOCKS

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Cls. Bids. Today.	Cls. Bids. Yest'day.
Atchison	61,050	66¼	64⅝	66	64¼
do. preferred	3,252	89⅝	88⅝	89	87⅝
Baltimore and Ohio	21,240	84⅛	82⅞	84	82½
do. preferred	400	93	92	92	91⅛
Canadian Pacific	15,400	123⅝	122⅛	123⅛	122¼
Central of New Jersey	400	163	160	160	158
Chesapeake and Ohio	4,750	35⅝	34⅛	35⅛	34⅝
Chicago and Alton	1,800	25½	24⅝	25⅝	24½
do. preferred	500	66⅝	66⅛	66⅝	66½
Chicago and Great Western	3,450	17⅝	17	17⅛	16⅞
do. B preferred	200	34⅝	34½	34½	34½
Chicago and Northwestern	1,900	163⅝	163½	164⅝	164
Chicago Term. and Trans.	400	12⅛	12½	12	12
do. preferred	900	22½	21½	21⅝	21¼
C., C., C. and St. Louis	1,500	78⅝	76⅛	77⅝	78
Colorado Southern	430	15	14	14½	14½
do. 1st preferred	425	53	53⅝	53	52½
do. 2d preferred	700	23	22⅝	22¼	23
Delaware and Hudson	600	168½	167	168½	166
Delaware, Lack. and West.	700	249	245	246	244
Denver and Rio Grande	300	25⅝	25⅝	26	25
do. preferred	......	......	......	79½	79⅛
Erie	31,350	31⅛	30⅝	31⅝	30⅝
do. 1st preferred	9,600	67½	65⅝	67⅝	65¼
do. 2d preferred	3,750	54⅝	53⅝	54	53½
Great Northern preferred	......	......	......	175	170
Hocking Valley	300	78½	78	78½	77
do. preferred	......	......	......	86	85
Illinois Central	6,417	131¼	129¾	131	127⅝
Iowa Central	900	22⅝	22	22	24
do. preferred	300	38½	38	38½	40
Kansas City Southern	100	23	23	22½	22¼
do. preferred	......	......	......	41½	41⅝
Louisville and Nashville	3,000	108	106½	107⅝	106¼
Manhattan L.	3,873	133¼	132⅛	133⅛	131⅝
Metropolitan St. Ry.	1,350	119⅝	118⅝	119½	118½
Minneapolis and St. Louis	......	......	......	77	77
Missouri Pacific	2,680	100	98⅛	99⅝	97⅞
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	600	21	20½	21⅝	20⅛
do. preferred	400	44	42¼	43¼	41⅝
National Ry. of Mexico	......	......	......	19	19⅝
do. preferred	100	39⅝	39⅝	39⅛	38
New York Central	24,045	118½	116⅛	117⅝	115½
Norfolk and Western	2,300	64½	63½	64½	62⅝
do. preferred	......	......	......	88½	88½
Ontario and Western	3,175	24	23½	24	23½
Pennsylvania	39,773	121⅝	120⅛	121½	119⅝
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. L.	200	71	71	71	70
Reading	64,900	50½	49	50¼	48½
do. 1st preferred	......	......	......	82	81
do. 2d preferred	600	68	67⅝	68	67½
Rock Island Co.	33,800	30	27⅝	29¼	29½
do. preferred	1,700	67½	66	67	67½
St. L. and San Fran. 1st pfd.	......	......	......	68	68
do. 2d preferred	300	57	56¼	57	56⅞
St. Louis Southwestern	400	15⅝	15½	15	14⅝
do. preferred	400	34⅝	33½	34½	32½
St. Paul	41,900	143⅝	141	142⅞	140½
do. preferred	100	173	173	173	171
Southern Pacific	16,700	47⅝	45⅞	47¼	45⅞

Railway Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Cls. Bids. Today.	Cls. Bids. Yest'day.
Southern Railway	3,300	23	22½	22⅞	22¼
do. preferred	1,800	86½	86	86⅝	84⅝
Texas and Pacific	2,000	27⅞	26¼	27⅛	26¼
Toledo, St. Louis and West.	2,520	23¼	18⅛	20¼	22¼
do. preferred	6,340	35	32	33⅛	39½
Union Pacific	33,230	78⅝	76⅝	78	76⅝
do. preferred	300	86	86	86	85½
Wabash	2,100	23	22	22⅛	21½
do. preferred	5,610	40	38⅝	39⅝	38¼
Wheeling and Lake Erie	....	......	......	19	19
Wisconsin Central	1,025	19	18⅛	18⅛	18
Express Companies.					
Adams	......	......	......	221	221
American	100	185	185	180	178
United States	......	......	......	103	103
Wells-Fargo	......	......	......	185	185
Miscellaneous.					
Amalgamated Copper	62,350	49¼	46½	49⅛	46⅝
Amer. Car and Foundry	2,200	35⅝	34½	35	34
do. preferred	300	86½	85¼	86	86½
American Linseed Oil	......	......	......	......	10
American Locomotive	1,060	20¼	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
do. preferred	600	87⅝	87	87½	87
Amer. Smelting and Ref'ng.	8,975	43⅝	41	42⅝	41⅝
do. preferred	410	92¼	90⅝	91⅝	91
American Sugar Refining	16,200	117¼	114⅝	116⅝	116½
Anaconda Mining Co.	1,420	84	80	84	80
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	7,290	52¼	50⅝	52	50½
Colorado Fuel and Iron	5,200	58½	52	55	58
Columbus and Hock. Coal	400	16⅝	15½	16½	15¼
Consolidated Gas	1,500	188	186½	188	185
General Electric	2,535	168	166¾	167	163
International Paper	300	14½	14	14	14
do. preferred	250	67¼	67¼	67½	67
International Pump	......	......	......	37	30
do. preferred	......	......	......	77½	65
National Biscuit	......	......	......	37⅝	37½
National Lead	400	16½	16½	16½	16¼
North American	200	84¾	84½	84¾	83
Pacific Mail	200	24¼	24	24½	23
People's Gas	1,525	96⅝	95⅝	96⅝	95¼
Pressed Steel Car	650	48⅝	47⅝	48	48
do. preferred	......	......	......	84	84
Pullman Palace Car	450	202	201¼	201	199
Republic Steel	1,250	13⅛	13	13	13
do. preferred	500	72	71	71¾	70½
Rubber Goods	110	21	21	20¾	20¾
do. preferred	......	......	......	74¾	74½
Tennessee Coal and Iron	2,800	49¼	46½	48¾	47½
United States Leather	900	8¼	8	8¼	8¼
do. preferred	1,125	81	80¼	81	79¾
United States Rubber	1,100	13	12½	12	12
do. preferred	200	48⅛	48	48	48
United States Steel	200	26¾	26	26⅝	25⅞
do. preferred	9,700	77⅝	76¼	77	76
Western Union	545	83½	83	83½	82⅝
Va.-Car. Chemical Co.	940	46⅝	45¼	46⅝	45⅜
do. preferred	130	113	112¾	113	113
Seaboard Air Line	......	......	......	20¼	20¼
do. preferred	......	......	......	35⅛	35
do. bonds fours	......	......	......	78⅛	78⅛

Total sales for the day, 692,900 shares.

CLOSING BOND QUOTATIONS.

U. S. refunding 2s, registered	106⅝
do. coupon	106⅝
U. S. 3s, registered	107⅝
do. coupon	108½
U. S. new 4s, registered	134¾
do. coupon	135¾
U. S. old 4s, registered	111
do. coupon	111
U. S. 5s, registered	101¾
do. coupon	103
Atchison general 4s	99½
do. adjustment 4s	88½
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	99⅞
do. 3½s	92
do. convertible 4s	100
Canada Southern 2ds	106
Central of Georgia 5s	103
do. 1st income	71½
do. 2d income	28
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	103
Chicago and Alton 3½s	74
Chicago, B. and Quincy new 4s	90½
Chicago, M. and St. Paul general 4s	108
Chicago and Northwestern consol 7s	130¼
Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific 4s	100
C., C., C., and St. Louis general 4s	95
Chicago Terminal 4s	78
Colorado Southern 4s	87½
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	97½
Erie prior lien 4s	96
do. general 4s	82½
Fort Worth and Denver City 1st	105
Hocking Valley 4½s	104¾
Manhattan convertible gold 4s	100
United States Steel 2d 5s	79⅞
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	99
Mexican Central 4s	73½
do. 1st income	20½
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	99½
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	95
do. 2ds	79
New York Central general 3½s	96
New Jersey Central general 5s	127½
Northern Pacific 4s	101
do. 3s	71½
Norfolk and Western consol 4s	97½
Reading general 4s	94½
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol 5s.	110¾
St. Louis and San Francisco 4s	96½
St. Louis Southwestern 1sts	92
do. 2ds	74
San Antonio and Aransas Pass 4s	78½
Southern Pacific 4s	85¼
Southern Railway 5s	112¼
Texas and Pacific 1sts	115
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	75
Union Pacific 4s	100
do. convertible 4s	94¾
Wabash 1sts	114½
do. 2ds	106
do. debenture Bs	65½
West Shore 4s	107
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	90
Wisconsin Central 4s	87½
Continental Tobacco 4s	59¼
Colorado Fuel 5s	82
Rock Island 4s	78¼
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	94½

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, July 17.—Operations in dry goods have continued on a very small scale with buyers showing no desire to speculate, in spite of the fact that the future is admittedly strong and the possibilities of prices are toward a higher level. The statistical position is strong, but buyers do not seem to be worrying on this account.

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Grain Letter

Chicago, July 17.—There were quite a lot of crop estimates at hand today, and the crop information generally dominated sentiment in the wheat pit. The Trade Bulletin estimated the spring wheat crop at 265,000,000 bushels below the popular estimate. There was some covering on the part of the short interests. The world's wheat crop for 1903 was also reported to be short by 50,000,000 to 60,000,000 bushels as compared to last year. On the close the feeling was rather mixed.

Corn was steady, though early in the day there was some disposition to sell on the weak cables from the English market. The crop news was better, a result of continued good weather. The late market was rather nervous with professional interests in control for the most part. The outside element did a scattered business on both sides of the account. On the close there was a mixed feeling.

In oats there was a moderately active market.

Provisions were steady with a moderate trade.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, July 17.—Liverpool cables were rather disappointing to bulls. The opening was about 3 to 5 points off for August-September and September-October, and the others about unchanged to 2 points off. This was no response to our advance of yesterday. Our market opened about 8 to 27 points off for August and Septemebr, and about 1 to 3 points up for the others. The market was dull, but showed a strong tendency in the early morning and advanced a few points. Very little rain has been reported from the western parts of the belt lately, and it is likely that we will hear some complaints on this account. Liverpool grew weak later, and closed 3 to 7 points lower than the opening. In the afternoon our market became weaker and declined sharply, losing about all of the advance of the morning.

Weil Bros.' Crop Letter.

Opelika, Ala., July 15.—During the first half of July we have had alternately rain and sunshine, which proved to be just the kind of weather that was wanted for the development of the crop. The improvement has been very great indeed; the plant has attained considerable size, which it lacked very much. It is green, thrifty looking and healthy, and is blooming, but is still two or three weeks late as compared to normal seasons. In some localities it is still very grassy and will need considerable work; in fact, this crop will not be laid by, as is usually the case, by the 15th of July or the 1st of August, it will probably have to be worked until late in August, thus making the crop more expensive.

To sum up the situation, we would call the present outlook as quite promising, but late and somewhat spotted. Farmers are steadily at work and making good headway. Favorable weather is very essential.

The recent decline in the summer positions has given the mills who were short of supplies the chance of procuring cotton at fairly reasonable prices, and in consequence, many mills who had decided to shut down have abandoned that idea for the present.

Baxter & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 17.—The cotton market this morning opened dull with August contracts 21 points lower, September was 6 points lower and the near positions 1 to 2 higher. Cables were without inducement to the local crowd to go on with great enthusiasm on either side of the market. The weather situation was good for the crop. High temperatures were the rule over the entire belt, and the forecast was for showers in most sections where they would prove beneficial. Sentiment was somewhat mixed and a more favorable opinion of the market was entertained for the new crop months. The main point is, when new cotton is going to move freely. No new cotton of consequence is expected to reach the market for some weeks, hence the impossibility of forcing prices down at this time. Cables were 2 to 5 points lower today, but the continued demand for spot cotton in that market was an encouraging sign. Not much rain has been reported in the western half of the belt of late, and it would not be surprising to hear complaints on this account before a great while. Prices locally were weak most of the morning and business was of small volume. Manchester was dull.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 17.—Liverpool refused to respond to the advance on the near positions here yesterday. In fact, cotton is now coming here from that market for delivery. It is understood that some 10,000 bales are under engagement to be shipped. Weather conditions throughout the cotton belt are favorable to the development of the crop. A very quiet market with little interest shown except by the local trade. August has had fair support. The refusal of the foreign markets to follow the improvement here on the near positions is a great disappointment. A good Chronicle report is expected tomorrow, and it now looks as though the government report on Tuesday would also be favorable. This checks outside buying. A steady closing at the end of a quiet day with local trade rather bearish. The spot market was quiet at 20 points decline.

Cothran & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 17.—As a result of the corner in cotton; which prevents short selling on the one hand and the improved crop outlook which operates against buying on the other, there has been a rather uninteresting cotton market during the week. On Tuesday, a most satisfactory weekly weather report from Washington was issued, and a break was followed by demonstrations in August and September that carried prices back some. At no time was trading as active as during the previous week, though commission house business is very liberal and interest in cotton is such as to render conditions all that the most enthusiastic could desire. July and August are usually trying months. The crop is either made or unmade at this time, and the attitude of consumers at the entire session is usually determined before September 1. This year the situation is such as to render the outlook more than ordinarily perplexing. Spinners are practically without cotton. The visible supply is very small, but it is a question whether spinners have had as little cotton on hand in the last ten or fifteen years as they have today. A number of factors have combined to bring about this condition, such as uncertainty over labor troubles, the high price for raw material as compared with the price of manufactured goods and more recently the corner by New Orleans interests. This month means that when the new crop is available in September and October, there will be an enormous demand for the cotton, and at the same time the southern producer is more likely to ask higher prices than has been the case for some years. While the crop is progressing beyond expectations believed upon the low condition of May so large a crop will be necessary that there is as yet absolutely no evidence of anything like overproduction this season. There appears to be a ready demand for December and January on the 9½c basis. Should all go well with the crop between this date and the first week in August, one can easily understand prices of these positions getting to a 9 1-4c basis.

Bruce, Jones & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, July 17.—The nearby positions were the weakest at the beginning of business today, the losses extending from 5 to 21 points. The new crop positions exhibited the greatest strength, being 1 point lower to 1 point higher. The Liverpool cables were not calculated to inspire confidence, as they were distinctly disappointing from a bull point of view. Shorts of recent creation took advantage of the lower level of values to cover some of their short lines, and this made a firmer feeling in the nearby position, which quickly recovered their losses of the early portion of the day. Prices generally advanced materially above last night's close before there was any selling pressure brought to bear on the market. It was not until the latter portion of the session that prices gave way to the selling power, offerings being greater than the shorts could absorb. The weather and crop news was about on a parity with the recent reports which have been coming in, mostly designating the crop as vastly improved. The spot demand is better, both here and in Liverpool, which is very gratifying to the bull element, who have been predicting this for some time. The late trading was very dull, but prices at the close were slightly improved from the lowest of the day.

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Cotton Letter

New York, July 17.—First prices today in cotton futures were 6 points lower to an advance of 3 points. After a brief interval of irregularity there was a firm tendency, and all of the months showed losses recovered. There was good support by brokers who are credited with being closely identified with New Orleans bull contingent. The Liverpool spot markets were steady. The crop news was more favorable. The port receipts for the day ran about 1,000 bales. The ideas in reference to the movement for next week were quite bullishly inclined.

The London Wool Market.

London, July 17.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today numbered 12,435 bales. The attendance was large and trading animated. Fine grades were firm. Coarse and medium crossbreds were in demand at an advance of 10 per cent. Sales in detail:

New South Wales, 1,600 bales; scoured 9d@1s 9 1-2d; greasy 6 3-4d@1s 1-2d.

Queensland, 1,000 bales; scoured 1s 1d@1s 10 1-2d; greasy 8 1-2d@1s 1d.

Victoria, 1,400 bales; scoured 7d@1s 8d; greasy 7 1-4d@1s 1 1-2d.

South Australia, 300 bales; scoured 1s 1 1-2d@1s 4d; greasy 7 1-4d@11d.

Tasmania, 3,000 bales; scoured 1s 1 1-2d@1s 2d; greasy 5 1-4d@1s 3 1-2d.

New Zealand, 5,000 bales; scoured 6 1-2d@1s 6 1-2d; greasy 5 1-2d@1s.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 34 bales; scoured 1s 3 1-2d@1s 5 1-2d.

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ORDERS FROM THE TRADE SOLICITED.

WHEAT MARKET WAS EASY EARLY

Prices Declined from Opening on Free Stop-Loss Selling.

DECLINE LATER CHECKED

Good Buying Closed September Firm 1-4c Higher—Corn and Oats Steady a Shade Higher. Provisions Stronger and 10 to 15c Higher.

Chicago, July 17.—Wheat showed strength late in the session and the close was firm with September up 1-4c. Corn was steady and final figures were a shade higher. Oats were quiet and closed steady at a gain of 1-8c. Provisions were stronger and from 10 to 15c higher.

The early wheat market was easy on bearish crop news and the cables; prices declined from the opening on free stop loss selling. September opened 1-8@1-4c lower at 76 5-8@76 3-4c and sold off to 76 1-4c. Buying by commission houses checked the decline and the tone became firmer on excellent cash prospects and reported small country offerings. Under these influences September sold up to 76 7-8c, but lost some of the advance on renewed selling on the upturn. The close was firm at 77 7-8c, a gain of 1-4c. Bradstreet's report of exports of wheat and flour were 3,652,000, against 2,380,000 last week and 3,375,000 a year ago. Clearances were equal to 201,800. Primary receipts 458,500 bushels, against 942,300 last year. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 167 cars, which, with local receipts of 60 cars, 17 of contract, gave a total for the three points of 227 cars, against 151 last week and 424 a year ago.

There was considerable selling in the corn pit early on the better crop prospects and lower cables, and the feeling at the start was weak. Local bulls gave support at the decline, however. A fair demand from scalpers caused a recovery of the early loss, the market holding steady until the close. September was up a shade at 50 1-8@50 1-4c, after ranging between 49 3-4@50 1-4c. Trade was of fair proportions and cash demand good. Local receipts were 197 cars with 19 contract.

There was a fair trade in oats with commission houses leading. The market was generally steady within a small range. There was some selling pressure early by cash houses and elevator interests, but with this satisfied the tone improved. September closed steady at 1-8c advance, at 33 3-8@33 1-2c, after ranging between 33 1-8@33 1-2c. Local receipts were 190 cars.

Commission houses supported lard and brokers took on ribs and pork. The result was a strong market except for an easy start in lard. September pork was up at the close 15c at $14.55 with lard 10@12 1-2c higher at $8.12 1-2@8.15 and ribs 10c higher at $8.57 1-2.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat 85 cars; corn 235 cars; oats 230 cars; hogs 9,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
July, new	75⅝	76½	75⅝	76¼
July, new	75¾	16½	75⅝	76⅛
Sept., old	76⅝	77½	76⅝	77⅝
Sept., new	76⅝	77¼	76¼	77⅛
CORN—				
July	49½	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝
September	50	50¼	49⅝	50⅛
December	49⅝	49½	49	49⅝
OATS—				
July	39¼	38¼	37½	38
September	33¼	33½	33⅛	33¼
December	33⅝	34	33⅝	33⅞
MESS PORK—				
July	14.20	14.30	14.20	14.30
September	14.50	14.57½	14.25	14.55
LARD—				
July	7.82½	7.92½	7.80	7.92½
September	7.95	8.20	7.92½	8.15
October	7.75	7.80	7.67½	7.77½
SHORT RIBS—				
July	8.45	8.57½	8.45	8.57½
September	8.52½	8.60	8.40	8.57½
October	7.95	8.12½	7.95	8.12½

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	25,064	11,086
Wheat, bushels	24,050	32,510
Corn, bushels	146,300	834,933
Oats, bushels	237,450	304,780
Rye, bushels	4,750	....
Barley, bushels	22,000	....

Baxter & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 17.—The wheat market was fairly active and weak the first half hour, and then turned dull and was about steady the balance of the morning. The weakness was influenced by the cables, which were lower, reporting good weather, free Argentine and Indian shipments, while the weather conditions west were satisfactory. The professional trade appeared inclined to the bear side, and sells wheat with apparent confidence. Receipts of winter wheat are still very disappointing and are only about half of last year, and this small movement is being carefully watched.

The trade in corn was quiet during the morning at a slight decline. The offerings were not large. Weather conditions were reasonably favorable, but Secretary Wilson's statement was bullish. Receipts are not large, shipping demand good, and shipments today heavy.

Oats were moderately active and a little lower on favorable weather conditions and in sympathy with other grain. The quality of the new oats is reported fine.

Trade in hog products quiet all the morning, and prices showing rather limited change. Live hog receipts were small.

Cothran & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, July 17.—Wheat—Crop conditions unchanged, except in south Minnesota, where there is too much rain. Big demand for cash wheat in St. Louis. Export sales 17 loads. There was considerable selling early, long wheat coming out freely, the northwest news, the bear consideration and good weather inducing a great deal of liquidation. The news from the southwest was bullish, and there was buying by St. Louis, while local bulls were inclined to reinstate their lines. There is nothing in the situation that we can construe as being bearish and would certainly favor purchases on all recessions.

Corn—There was commission house selling early, but with a good demand for July and the expectation of 1,000,000 bushels cash corn moving out of here induced local shorts to cover. Export sales 210 loads. We feel friendly to corn and favor buying on recessions.

Oats—Sample oats were weak, in fact, very hard of sale, and commission houses sold September and December, with Howe buying May. We look for a large movement this week and lower prices seem inevitable.

Provisions were quite strong, local operators buying pork and ribs, while there was foreign buying of lard that looked like covering shorts. It looks to us as if the tendency was toward higher levels.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, Ga., July 17.—Flour: Diamond patent, $5.25; fancy patent, $4.60; straights, $4.35; extra fancy, $3.60; fancy, $3.30; first patent spring wheat, $4.75. Corn, choice white, 78c; No. 2 white 76c; No. 2 mixed 75c. Oats, white clipped, 56c; No. 2 white 54c; No. 2 mixed, 53c. Bran, $1.15. Brown shorts, $1.20; white shorts, $1.40. Victor food, $1.35 per 100 pounds. Quaker food, $1.25. Choice large bale, $1.25; No. 1 small, $1.20; No. 2 small, $1.10. Plain corn meal, 74c; bolted 68c. Pearl grits $1.60.

Chicago, July 17.—Cash quotations were as follows: No. 2 red wheat 75 3-4@76 3-4. No. 2 corn 50; No. 2 yellow 50 1-4. No. 2 oats 36@36 1-2; No. 2 white 41; No. 3 white 36@40. No. 2 rye 50.

Cincinnati, July 17.—Flour dull. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 78@78 1-2. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 50 1-2@50 3-4. Oats dull; No. 2 mixed 40.

New York, July 17.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red 84 3-4; options developed early weakness under liquidation, lower cables and favorable weather news. Rallying at noon on small receipts the market was later advanced by bullish estimates of the world's crop, and large weekly clearances; closed 3-8 net up; No. 2 red, July 84 1-8; September and December 82. Corn, spot, easy; No[illegible] options early decline [illegible] easier cables and [illegible] followed by a rally with wheat, closing steady and unchanged; July 57; September 56 7-8; December 56 3-8. Oats, spot quiet; No. 2 41; options easier.

St. Louis, July 17.—Flour dull but steady. Wheat higher; No. 2 red, cash and elevator, 77½; track 80@81½; July 77½; September 77½@77 5-8; No. 2, hard, 78@80. Corn firm; No. 2 cash 48½; track 48½@49; July 49; September 49 1-4. Oats dull; No. 2 cash 36; track 36@36½; September 32½; December 33 3-8; No. 2 white 41.

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Provisions.

Atlanta, July 16.—Regular rib sides, boxed, $8.60; half ribs $8.50; bellies 20-lb. average $9.20; Star hams 14 1-2. Baquet hams 13 1-4; California hams 9; Simon pure kettle rendered leaf lard9; Shield brand leaf lard 8 1-2; white cloud compound 7 1-2.

St. Louis, July 17.—Pork higher; jobbing, standard mess, $14.70. Lard lower at $8.75. Bacon steady; boxed shorts $9.50; clear ribs $9.62½; short clear $9.87½.

New York, July 17.—Lard quiet; western steamed $8.30; July closed $8.30, nominal; refined steady. Pork easy.

Cincinnati, July 17.—Lard firmer at $7.10. Bulk meats quiet at $8.62 1-2. Bacon steady at $9.75.

Chicago, July 17.—Mess pork $14.30@14.35. Lard $7.85@7.92 1-2. Short ribs sides, loose, $3.35@8.55; dry salted shoulders, boxed, 7 3-4@7 7-8; short clear sides, boxed, 8 1-2@8 5-8.

Groceries.

Atlanta, Ga., July 17.—Coffee, per 100 pounds, Arbuckle's $10.30; Lion $9.80, Cordova, $10.05; Blue Ribbon, 9 1-2; green coffee, choice, 10c; fair 8c; prime 6c. Sugar, standard granulated, 5.35. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle, $3.00@4.65; mixed, choice 20@28c; south Georgia cane, 35c. Salt, dairy sacks, $1.30@1.40; barrel, bulk, $2.50; ice cream, $1.00; common 55@60c. Cheese, fancy, full cream, twins 14 3-4c; singles, 15c. Matches, 15, 45 3-4@55; 300s, $1.50@1.75. Soda, Arm and Hammer, $1.75. Crackers, soda, 6c; cream, 7c; ginger snaps, 6 1-4c. Pie peaches, $1.75; table peaches $2.75@3. Canned tomatoes, $1.60. Canned corn $2. Best mince meat 10c lb.; choice, 7c lb. Oysters, F. W. $1.75; L. W., $1.20. Fancy head rice 7c; head rice 6c. White fish, 60-lb. keg, $2.90; white fish, 100-lb kegs $4.40, mullet fish 80-lb kegs, $4.50; macaroni, 7c lb.; pork sausage 8 1-2c lb. Sardines, oil, case $3.75; sardines, mustard, $3.50; salmon, case, $3.50@5.50. Pepper sause, dozen, 60c; catsup, pints, dozen, 85c; mustard, dozen, 90c; Pickles, 15-gallon 600s, $5.50.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, Ga., July 17.—Oranges $3@3.25. Lemons, fancy $.50 to $5.00; choice $4.25 to $4.50. Bananas, per bunch, culls, 75@$1; straigts $1.50@1.75. Nuts: Walnuts, No. 1 12 1-2; No. 2, 10 1-2; almonds 13; pecan 9 1-2 to 10; Brazil 12@13; mixed nuts 12 1-2c. Peanuts, Virginia, 4 1-2 to 6c; Georgia, 4c. Cocoanuts, per 100, $2.75. Pineapples $1.75@2.25 crate. Dates, 50lb boxes, 6@6½c; packages, 7½c lb. Figs 13 1-2@14c. Citron 15c. Raisins xx $1.65 per box; xxx $1.85 per box. Prunes small 5@6; large 6@7 1-2. Candy, common stick 6c lb; mixed 6 1-2c.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, July 17.—Eggs, fresh 12 1-2@13c. Country smoked bacon, 11@12½c; hams, 13@15c. Butter, Georgia fresh table 18@20c; Tennessee table 18@20c; Jersey, 18@20c, cooking butter, 12 1-2 to 15c; supply plentiful with demand slow. Live poultry, hens 35@37½c; fries, large, 22 1-2@25; medium 15@16c; small, 10@12 1-2c. Duck, puddle, 20@22 1-2c; Peking 27@30c. Dressed poultry, hens, 12 1-2@13 1-2c per pound; fries 15c per pound; cocks 8@10c pound; turkeys 12 1-2@14c. Onions, new crop 90c@$1.00 bu. Cabbage, Florida green 1@1 1-2. Irish potatoes, northern, 90c to $1 bushel. Sweet potatoes, 65c to 75c per bushel. Peas, white, $1.25...; do. lady, $1.75@2.00; stock $1.00@1.25. Dried fruit, Georgia apples 5c lb.; do. peaches 4@5c.

Fruits and Vegetables.

Atlanta, July 17.—Tomatoes $1@1.25 per crate; peppers $1.00@1.25 per crate; egg plants $1.75 per crate; lettuce 75c to $1 per crate; beans 25 to 50 per crate; peas $1.25 to $1.50 per crate; celery $2.50 to $3.00 per crate. New Irish potatoes, No. 1, 70@80c per crate; per barrel, No. 1s $2@2.25; No. 2s $2.00@2.25. Cantaloupes, $1@1.25 per crate. Cucumbers $1.15@1.50 per crate. Blackberries 5c to 7c quart. Watermelons $1@1.50 per car. Gooseberries 11 to 12½c per quart. Black raspberries 7 to 10c quart. Red raspberries 10@12 1-2c quart. Whortleberries 5@8c per quart. Melons $70.00@100 per car load.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, July 17.—Turpentine firm at 48; receipts 414; sales 356; exports 182. Rosin firm; receipts 930; sales 2,041; exports 873. A, B, C, D, $1.60; E, $1.65; F, $1.70; G, $1.80; H, $2.30; I, $2.75; K, $2.90; M, $3; N, $3.10; window glass $3.20; water white $3.40.

Charleston, July 17.—Turpentine steady at 47½; sales 70 casks. Rosin steady; sales 150 barrels; A, B, C, $1.50; D, $1.55; E, $1.60; F, $1.65; G, $1.70; H, $2.20; I, $2.55; K, $2.70; M, $2.80; N, $2.90; window glass, $3.05; water white, $3.30.

Wilmington, July 17.—Spirits turpentine firm at 48; receipts 94. Rosin nothing doing. Receipts 119. Crude turpentine firm at $1.75@3 and $3.25; receipts 759. Tar firm at $1.65; receipts 52.

The Metal Market.

New York, July 17.—There was an advance of 5s for spot tin in London to £122 15s, while futures advanced 10s to £120 5s. In New York tin was also a little higher, being quoted at 27@27.15.

Copper in London was slightly higher, gaining 5s on spot, which closed at £56 12s 6d and 2s 6d on futures, which closed at £55 15s. Locally, however, copper was lower, being quoted at 13.50@13.62 1-2 for lake and electrolytic and 13.12 1-2@13.25 for casting.

There was a decline of 1s 3d for lead in London, where it closed at £11 7s 6d. Locally lead was quiet and unchanged at 4.12 1-2.

Spelter declined 2s 6d in London, closing at £20 1s 6d. In New York spelter was 5.

Iron closed at 52s 4d in Glasgow and at 46s 6d in Middlesboro. Locally iron was quiet. No. 1 foundry, northern, $17.50@18.50; No. 1 foundry, southern, and No. 1 foundry, southern soft, at $17.75@18.25.

St. Louis, July 17.—Lead strong at 4.12 1-2. Spelter firm at $5.50.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, July 17.—Cattle: Receipts 3,000, including 1,500 Texans. Market steady; western good to prime steers $5.10@5.50; poor to medium $4@5; stockers and feeders $2.50@4.50; cows $1.50@4.40; heifers $2.20@4.75; canners $1.50@2.80; bulls $2.2g@4.35; calves $3@6; Texas fed steers $3.25@4.75.

Hogs—Receipts 10,000. Market 5c lower; good to choice heavy $5.45@5.60; light $5.35@5.70; bulk $5.35@5.60.

Sheep—Receipts 6,000. Market steady to 10c higher; good to choice wethers $3.75@4.10; fair to choice mixed $3@3.75; western sheep $2.50@4.15; native lambs $3@6.55.

Kansas City, July 17.—Cattle: Receipts 7,200 natives and 26 Texans. Calves, 200 natives and 100 Texans. Market active; choice export and dressed beef steers $4.65@5.15; fair to good $4@4.65; stockers and feeders $3.75@4; western fed steers $3@4.85; Texas and Indian steers $2.40@4; Texas cows $2.10@2.90; native cows $1.60@4; native heifers $2.25@4.50; canners $1@$2.40; bulls $2@3.55; calves $2.25@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts 5,000. Market strong; heavy $5.25@5.37 1-2; lights $3.20@5.50; pigs $5.10@5.50.

Sheep—Receipts 700. Market firm; native lambs $3.20@6.00; western lambs $3.00@5.75; fed ewes $3.00@4.85; Texas clipped yearlings $3.00@5.00; do. sheep $3.00@4.90; stockers and feeders $2.50@3.85.

St. Louis, July 17.—Cattle—Receipts 2,500, including 1,500 Texans. Market steady; native shipping and export steers $4.00@5.10; dressed beef and butcher steers $3.75@4.00; steers under 1,000 pounds $3.00@4.50; stockers and feeders $2.75@3.75; cows and heifers $2.25@4.35; canners $2.00@2.50, bulls $2.50@3.50; calves $3.00@5.75; Texas and Indian steers $2.50@4.25; cows and heifers $2.25@3.50.

Hogs—Receipts 3,000. Market strong; pigs and lights $4.80@5.80; packers $5.30@5.70; butchers and best heavy $5.30@5.60.

Sheep—Receipts 700. Market steady; native muttons $3.50@4.00; lambs $4.00@5.60; culls and bucks $2.25@4.25; stockers $2.00@3.15; Texas $3.50@4.25.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, July 17.—Cotton seed oil held about steady; prime crude f. o. b. mills 31c, new crop; prime summer yellow 42 1-2c; off summer yellow 37 1-2@38c; prime white 47@47 1-2c; prime winter yellow 47c; prime meal $27@27.50.

Memphis, July 17.—Cotton seed oil—Car lots, prime crude nominal; off crude 20@33c; prime summer yellow nominal; off summer yellow nominal; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car lots, nominal. Cotton seed meal—Prime $19.50@20. Cotton seed cake—Prime $20.

New Orleans, July 17.—Cotton seed oil—Prime refined in barrels 32 1-2c; off refined in barrels 37c; prime crude, loose 30c.

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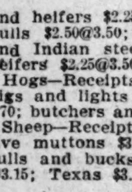
Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

"Want Ads"

The Constitution's "WANT ADS" are sure result-bringers.

Price, 10 cents per line.

No "ad" taken for less than the price of three lines.

Special rates given on contracts.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted for temporary position. See H. M. Ashe, general dealer, Smith Premier Typewriter Company, Atlanta.

WANTED—Today, two experienced stenographers; good salary. Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg.

WANTED—Specialty man with some money. Empire Business Bureau, Grant bldg.

MACHINISTS wanted on engine work. Must be competent men. Out of town. Steady work only. Open shop. Good wages. Apply at once at Hotel Marion. Ask for Wiley.

WANTED—Experienced male stenographer. Bring references. Apply between 10 and 12, 406 Austell bldg.

WRITE for newspapers in spare time; good pay. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—Young man of good address as manager established accident insurance agency; interest in business to right party Answer, stating age, experience and references. Address Opportunity, care this paper.

WANTED—Several persons of good character in each state for house of good standing; salary $20 cash weeky with expense money advanced. Colonial, Caxton bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Marble cutters. High wages and steady work for good men. The Blue Ridge Marble Co., Nelson, Ga.

WANTED—Several persons to manage district offices in each state for house of long standing; salary $21 weekly in cash each Thursday, direct from main office, with all expenses. Colonial Co., Caxton bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Experienced bed rubbers and polishers for interior marble work. Drake Marble and Tile Co., St. Paul, Minn.

GOOD boilermakers wanted, union shop, no trouble, high wages; come immediately. The Wabash and Weidner Boiler Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

SCHOOL officials are calling on us daily for teachers. Put us in position to offer your application by registering now. Special inducements for few days. Interstate Teachers' Bureau, 74 North Broad st., Atlanta.

WANTED—Energetic men to represent us in the south. Guaranteed salary or commission. Ad. Dodd, Mead & Co., 805 Austell bldg., Atlanta.

SITUATIONS WANTED — MALE.

WANTED—Position by first-class stenographer and telegraph operator; can furnish first-class references. XJ., care Constitution.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WRITE for newspapers in spare time; good pay. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

SALESMEN WANTED—We want first-class whiskey salesmen with established trade in and about Atlanta. Good salary to good men; specify references with application. Cahn, Belt & Co., Baltimore, Md.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED for the next year at Centerville, Ga.; pay is about $600 per year. Apply to E. J. Mason, Char. Bd.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

I HOLD a good note for $600 that I will give a liberal discount on for cash. Address H. C., care Constitution.

THE PRUDENTIAL RESTAURANT in the Prudential building at 35 North Forsyth street is offered for a quick sale for $800 cash. Come and see me quick. I am due to arrive in Chicago on the 30th.

WANTED—Man or woman with $3,000 for Cuban enterprise that will pay 100 per cent within six months. Address W. N., care Constitution.

FOR SALE—Drug store located in an enterprising town; only drug store; four doctors; stock about $2,000. Address W. L., care Constitution.

PAINT your roofs with the celebrated "A.-G." roof coating; stops leaks; guaranteed. T. C. McDonald, 234 Central ave.

HANDSOME half-tones made on short notice by the Southern Engraving Co., Atlanta.

PERSONAL.

WE are headquarters in Atlanta for making all kinds of newspaper cuts, such as zinc etchings and half-tones. All work guaranteed to be as represented. Address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga.

SAVE money by buying the best and cheapest coals from J. W. Wills & Co. 'Phones 356. All kinds—Jellico, Corona, Anthracite.

PRESS CLIPPINGS—Harrison's Southern Press Clipping Bureau, established in 1895, is the only press clipping bureau in the United States making a specialty of reading southern weeklies and small dailies. Our daily construction bulletins give all building and financial information in advance of all other sources. We furnish information and press clippings on every conceivable subject. Send for samples. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Some one wishing to cooperate in helping deserving young man work his way through school. Address Philanthropist, care Constitution.

LADIES' COLUMN.

$2 PER MONTH rent only for the light running, noiseless No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson. Bell 'phone 480. Office 71 Whitehall.

THE No. 9 Wheeler & Wilson is rapid, light running and noiseless; one-third faster than any other. Office 71 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 480.

ALL kinds of the best coal at cheapest prices. Don't buy until you try us! J. W. Wills & Co., 'phones 356. Wholesale and retail.

LADIES—You can get $2 per month on every idle $100 you have. Safe, legitimate, confidential. Address Partner, care Constitution.

ANIMAL STORIES.

A Tale With a Moral.

"O, Clarence dear," cried Mrs. Rat,
"What have you found to eat?
I'm sure it must be something nice,
And know it must be sweet."
But Mr. Rat just gruffly said,
"You're right, it can't be beat,"
And never offered Mrs. Rat
A mouthful of the treat.

He ate away the livelong day
And far into the night.
His better half she wept and pleaded
For just a little bite.
But Mr. Rat ate on until
The bag was empty quite.
Now comes the sequel, and I think
It really serves him right.

The next day he commenced to grow
And got both tall and fat,
By noon he was the size of any ordinary cat.
At dinner time poor Clarence lay
Quite sick upon the mat,
His size more like an elephant
Than that of any rat.

WHAT HAVE YOU FOUND TO EAT?

Now, sweet, forgiving Mrs. Rat,
So worried did she feel,
She sought the paper bag from which
He ate his hearty meal.
"The Magic Fertilizer" she
Saw printed on the seal,
And put her little brain to work
With courage and with zeal.

She found a bag of alum and
A lot she did apply,
And soon was well rewarded, for
While watching by and by
She saw him shrink to normal size,
And, with a little sigh,
She gently murmured in his ear,
"I'm glad you didn't die."

MORAL.

If some new food you chance to find,
First try it on your neighbor;
It's apt to save you suffering,
And others thought and labor.

WANTED—BOARDERS.

A FEW boarders can be accommodated with rooms and board at 183 Whitehall. Bell 'phone 2239.

LOST.

LOST—Friday, July 10, in Atlanta or Marietta or on train between the two places, a large silver brooch having engraved upon it copies of Thorwalsden's pictures of Night and Morning. Reward if returned to E. E. Pomeroy, 925 Century building, Atlanta, or Biltmore, Marietta. 7-18 19

FOUND.

FOUND—At 54 N. Broad st., a new and elegant line of wal papers, and the best workmen obtainable. Burnett & Gordon, Bell 3441; Standard 276.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS—We buy second-hand upright pianos for cash. If you have one for sale call and see us. McArthur & Sons Co., No. 99 Peachtree street.

WE BUY and sell second-hand pumps, machinery of all kinds. Machine repairs done promptly. Campbell Electric and Machine Mfg Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MORE than ten thousand Remington typewriters are used for instruction purposes in the schools of the United States and Canada—over 2,200 more than all other writing machines combined. This condition is created by the demand for Remington operators; therefore, it clearly reflects the choice of the business world. We have several excellent places open for local representatives in Georgia; also excellent positions for first-class salesmen, traveling and local, at the Atlanta office; positions paying handsomely men of energy, integrity, and ability. Good salesmen without typewriter experience preferred. W. T. Crenshaw, 106 N. Pryor street.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC: B. Rosenfeld, the tailor, formerly of 4 Walton street, has moved to 28 1-2 Peachtree street.

SOUTHERN ENGRAVING CO., Atlanta, conducts the best equipped engraving plant in the south.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. Julius R. Watts & Co., 28 Whitehall st.

OUR engraving plant is complete. We are specially fitted for making halftones of the finest quality. The product of our factory is as fine as can be turned out in the east or west. For prices and particulars address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga.

PANAMA AND STRAW HATS cleaned while you wait. M. Kirschbaum, 133 1-2 Whitehall.

BEST coals! Lowest prices! Prompt delivery! Don't buy your winter's supply of coal until you try J. W. Wills & Co. 'Phones 356.

FOR SALE — MISCELLANEOUS.

REFRIGERATORS at cost while they last. Robison, 18 E. Hunter. 7-19 tf

PARTIES wishing cuts for catalogue and high-class printing can find them in our establishment. We make the finest half tones and zinc etchings. For prices and further information, address Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga.

WE ARE especially prepared to make newspaper cuts. In order that a half tone may show up well in the newspaper it must be made especially for printing of that character. Our newspaper half tones receive the highest praise by publishers generally. For price and further information, address the Southern Engraving Company, Atlanta, Ga.

$600 "CHICKERING" piano $40. Robison, 18 E. Hunter. 7-19 tf

FOR SALE—Pair of gentle carriage horses. Good lookers. Cobs. Will sell for $300. Address H. H., this office. 7-18 19

REFRIGERATORS at cost while they last. Robison, 18 E. Hunter. 7-19 tf

AUTOMOBILES, bicycles, sundries and repairs. Alexander-Elyea Company, the largest bicycle supply house in the south. 35 North Pryor street.

YOU can exchange your old furniture for new at Robison's, 18 E. Hunter st.

FOR SALE—Woodworking machines and iron machine tools, new and second-hand. Richards' Machine Co., 64 S. Forsyth st.

MONEY TO LOAN.

SPECIAL home funds to lend; any amount; 5 and 6 per cent. Write or call. S. W. Carson, 6½ South Broad.

MONEY supplied salaried people without security. Largest business, 46 principal cities. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

THE SOUTHERN MORTGAGE COMPANY places loans on Atlanta property and Georgia farms. 24 S. Broad street.

QUICK LOANS at low rates on property anywhere convenient to Atlanta. W. P. Pattillo, second floor Gould building.

MONEY ADVANCED SALARIED PEOPLE without security; easy payments Union Investment Co., 515-516 Empire bldg.

LOANS made on city real estate. Purchase money notes bought. Low rates and no delay. S. B. Turman & Co., corner Broad and Alabama.

WE MAKE LOANS
WITHOUT REAL ESTATE
WITHOUT MORTGAGES
WITHOUT SALARY ORDERS
WITHOUT COLLATERAL
ATLANTA DISCOUNT CO., 817 and 815 Century building.

SPECIAL home money to loan at 5 per cent in sums to suit without delay. R. M. Gann, 328 Empire.

ATLANTA banking and Savings Co., 218 Century building, buys purchase money notes. Loans on real estate.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, Room 46 Inman building, real estate loans.

CHEAP local and eastern money for quick loans. Edwin P. Ansley, 6-8-10 E Alabama street.

$50,000 TO LOAN at small rate of interest in amounts of $500 and upward on good city property. No delay; money on hand. G. J. Dallas, 19 South Broad.

LOANS, without real estate, mortgage, salary orders or collateral. 416-417 Empire building.

MONEY advanced responsible salaried people without security. American Discount Co., No. 516 Lowndes bldg.

ELEVATORS.

ELEVATORS, hand, belt and electric, of all sizes, furnished and installed. Campbell Elec. and Mac. Mfg. Co., Nos. 16 and 18 E. Mitchell st.

MORSE, WILLIAMS & CO., manufacturers of freight and passenger elevators. Repairs and inspection a specialty. 56 South Broad st., Atlanta.

RICHARDS Machine Co., 64 South Forsyth street, Bell 'phone 1693, manufacturers of freight and passenger elevators. Repairs made without delay. Machine work of all description done promptly.

PALMISTRY.

MME. Del Rey, psychic palmist, has moved from 87 Garnett to No. 64 Church street, two blocks from Carnegie library.

PALMISTRY—Mme. Del Rey, psychic palmist, expert reader of fine lines in the hand, advises you on sickness, love, family and business matters, law suits, investments, changes, success, lost articles, etc. You meet no callers. Charges moderate. Hours 9 to 9 daily. 64 Church street, two blocks from Carnegie library.

FURNITURE.

THE cheapest place to buy furniture, mattings, rugs on cash or easy payments. J. C. & J. G. Evins, 73 Whitehall.

HIGHEST cash price paid for second-hand furniture, refrigerators, etc. Call or write 39 W. Mitchell street. Bell 'phone 1743.

THE CHEAPEST place in Georgia to buy furniture. Robison's, 18 E. Hunter.

MEDICAL.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE for the cure of Liquor, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine, Tobacco and Cigarette habits. Indorsed and adopted by U. S. Government. For information address Keeley Institute, 591 Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES

TYPEWRITERS—New and second-hand—especially "Williams." Hardin Co., 78-80 Peachtree, largest dealers and best repairers south.

THE "Blickensderfer" typewriter now sold from the company's own office, 15 1-2 Peachtree st. The Blickensderfer Mfg. Co.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—1,000 old feather beds, pay highest cash prices for same. Send orders, call or write Joe Underwood, 38 Piedmont ave.

PLUMBING.

AARON BEACH, AGENT, PLUMBING. 'PHONE, BELL 3514. 63 S. FORSYTH STREET.

BELLINGRATH PLUMBING COMPANY, 40 South Pryor. Bell 'phone 1192. All new work guaranteed for one year.

HAIR DRESSING.

MISS I. Z. CLAYTON, Mrs. George Skinner, Piedmont Hotel Ladies' Hair Dressing Parlor, next door to barber shop. Expert manicure and chiropodists, facial massage. Forty years' successful scalp treatment. Full line hair goods.

WAGONS AND CARRIAGES.

FINLEY CARRIAGE Co.—Rubber vehicle tires, complete stock carriages and delivery wagons. Special prices and terms. Depot wagons a specialty.

ACCOUNTING AND AUDITING.

AUDITING costs little, is worth much. Are your accounting methods satisfactory? Correspondence solicited. W. J. Dibble, room 8, 69 1-2 East Alabama st., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE—FIXTURES.

FOUR nine-foot wall cases, five plate glass counter cases. Charles W. Crankshaw, diamond merchant and jeweler, Century building, on the viaduct.

DYEING AND CLEANING.

SOUTHERN DYE AND CLEANING WORKS, main office 38 N. Forsyth st. Skillful, prompt and reliable.

MARBLE AND GRANITE.

A LARGE stock of finished monuments on hand. Cherokee Marble and Granite Works, Hunter street and Piedmont avenue; opposite state capitol.

MARKETS AND BAKERIES.

CREAM and Rurina bram bread baked twice each day. Ask your grocer to keep it. D. L. Thomas, manager, 113 Peachtree.

GUM LABELS.

GET OUR PRICES on gum labels, any size, shape and quality. Evans Printing Co., 5 East Mitchell. Bell 'phone 3495.

RESTAURANT.

FOR BEST 25c MEALS,
CALL AT VIGNAUX'S
FRENCH RESTAURANT,
16 SOUTH PRYOR.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city. Call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. Y. Thrower, renting agent, 39 North Forsyth street.

GET our weekly rent bulletin giving descriptions of everything to rent. We move tenants free; see notice. John J. Woodside, Renting Agent, 50 North Broad.

FOR RENT — MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Three floors 125x25 feet at 30 South Pryor street, admirably adapted to light manufacturing or lodge rooms. Rent reasonable.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—I have a beautiful lot 18x20 in Oakland cemetery for sale, near the office. Call and see me. G. J. Dallas, 19 S. Broad st.

FOR EXCHANGE—REAL ESTATE

UNINCUMBERED property to exchange for equities; farm for city property; vacant for improved; residence for investment, and vice versa. For exchanges, see Chas. P. Glover, 716 Prudential bldg.

HAWKES, THE OPTICIAN,

Grinds the finest prescription eyeglass lenses and fits frames scientifically, insuring comfort, elegance and durability. On the viaduct.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

B. ROSENFELD, the tailor, formerly of 4 Walton st., moved to 28 1-2 Peachtree street.

For Sale by Girardeau & Saunders, 24 Walton Street, Prudential Bldg.

$52,000.00 will buy a corner lot, 201 by 311 ft. to R. road; close in on one of the best business sts. in the city. North side, or will reserve the R. R. and sell 201 by 130 for $32,000.00; is half improved and rents for $250.00 per month.

[illegible]00 will take two stores near the [illegible] of the city on a good business [illegible].

[illegible]500.00 will buy a lot 85 by 195 to alley on Edgewood ave., best part of Inman Park.

$2,600.00 will take an 8-room house and two stores; corner lot, north side.

$1,150.00 takes a 5-room cottage; sewer, water and gas; big bargain.

$1,000.00 will buy a 4-room house inside 3-4 mile circle, north side. Paved street, water, gas on street; rented for $10.00 per month.

$2,000.00 will take 250 acres of fine land that is heavily timbered with short-leaf pine timber, in Mitchell county. Has never been boxed. Call for Glenn Faver. 'Phone 164.

William S. Ansley, Real Estate, 217 Century Building.

NORTH side lots! I have two beautiful lots on one of the best streets on north side near West Peachtree and North avenue, which I can offer at a sacrifice for next few days. $3,000 will buy both lots, and they are worth $4,000 today.

A BARGAIN in south side home. Think of it. Lot 100 feet front, nice shade, not far out. 8-room house on car line, fine neighborhood. Lot about 200 feet deep. $4,000.

CENTRAL business store property. 3 stores close in. All rented paying good interest and can be bought for about $40,000. See me about this and I will give particulars. Phone 288.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps: Able-bodied unmarried men, between 21 and 35; good character; must speak, read and write English. Marines serve at sea on men of war in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions, and at naval stations in the United States. Apply Recruiting Office, 75 Peachtree st., Atlanta, Ga.

Sheriff Sale for August, 1903.

Will be sold before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August, 1903, within the legal hours of sale, to highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit:

All that tract of land in the city of Atlanta, in land lot 78, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning on the south side of Simpson street 110 feet from the corner of Williams and Simpson streets, thence east along south side of Simpson street 47½ feet, thence extending back southwardly, same width as front, 150 feet. Said land is bounded on west by a 10-foot alley extending from Simpson street entire length of said lot and open into the rear of said lot for a turning ground for wagons and vehicles a space 47½ by 18 feet, the right to use said alley and turning ground as a means of ingress and egress being appurtenant to the lot herein conveyed. This is the land conveyed to said Ryle by M. T. Gentry by deed dated January 31, 1889, and recorded in book F4 of records of said county, page 388, a deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of Hamilton Douglas, as administrator of D. M. Ryle, deceased, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Harry Estes v. said Hamilton Douglas, administrator, as aforesaid.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, being lot No. 26 of the Washington Heights Improvement Company plat, in land lot No. 74 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at the southeast corner of Washington and Jefferson streets and running thence south along the east side of Washington street 50 feet and extending back east along south side of Jefferson street same width as front 200 feet to a 20-foot alley; a deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Lizzie G. Haden to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company v. said Mrs. Lizzie G. Haden.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that certain parcel of land situated in Fulton county, Georgia, being a part of land lot 51 in the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a point on the south side of Houston street 81 feet east from Valentine street and running thence east along the south side of Houston street 41 feet, thence south 95 feet to an alley, thence west along said alley 39 feet, thence north 103 feet to beginning point, known as part of original city lot No. 8 in block 103; a deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of Fayette N. Landrum to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Neal Loan and Banking Company v. said Fayette N. Landrum; said land being in his possession.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in land lot No. 46 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, being lot No. 16 as per plat of June 8, 1882, on file in the office of G. W. Adair, fronting 52 feet on the east side of Hilliard street, commencing 199 feet north of Highland avenue and extending east same width as front 122 feet to Summit avenue on the north side and 121 9-10 feet on the south side, being the property conveyed to said Goldsmith by W. E. Williams by deed recorded in deed book 108, page 18, and also another lot, commencing at a point on south side of Simpson street 110 feet from the corner of Williams and Simpson streets, thence east on Simpson street 47½ feet and running back same width 150 feet, being in land lot 78 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, and being the property conveyed to said Goldsmith by J. M. Stewart by deed recorded in deed baak R4, page 22; said deed was filed for record on May 16, 1896, and was recorded in deed book 113, page 822, on the 22d day of May, 1896, in the record of deeds of the clerk superior court of Fulton county; a deed having been filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of John H. Goldsmith to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of American Trust and Banking Company v. said John H. Goldsmith.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: An undivided one-fourth (¼) interest in and to all that certain tract of land situated in Fulton county, Georgia, and being part of land lot 190 of the 17th district of said county and situated at the northwest corner of Marietta road and Rice street, fronting 321 feet on the Marietta road and running back 1137 feet, more or less along the north side of Marietta road and known as the Mary Berryman property. Levied on as the property of W. W. Haden to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Atlanta National Bank v. said W. W. Haden, principal, and T. P. Westmoreland, indorser.

JOHN W. NELMS, Sheriff.

July 10, 1903.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—George L. Keller vs. Martha A. Keller, Fulton Superior Court, Fall Term, 1903, No. 10819. To Martha A. Keller—Greeting: By order of court, you are hereby notified that on the 17th day of June, 1903, George L. Keller filed suit against you for divorce, returnable to the fall term, 1903, of said court.

You are hereby required to be and appear at the fall term, 1903, of said court, to be held in and for said county on the first Monday in September, 1903, then and there to answer petitioner's complaint, as in default thereof the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness the Honorable J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 17th day of June, 1903.
ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.
Etb P. Upshaw, Attorney for Plaintiff.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Mrs. Ada Platt vs. Clarance M. Platt, Fulton Superior Court, Spring Term, 1903, No. 10380. To Clarance M. Platt—Greeting: By order of court, you are hereby notified that on the 17th day of January, 1903, Mrs. Ada Platt filed suit against you for divorce, and the same has been made returnable to the fall term, 1903, of said court.

You are hereby required to be and appear at the fall term, 1903, of said court, to be held in and for said county on the first Monday in September, 1903, then and there to answer petitioner's complaint, as in default thereof the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness the Honorable J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said court, this the 18th day of June, 1903.
ARNOLD BROYLES,
Clerk Superior Court, Fulton County, Ga.
Edgar Latham, Plaintiff's Attorney.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED proposals will be received up to 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesday, July 22, 1903, at the architect's office in the Temple Court building, Atlanta, Ga., for the furnishing of all labor and material for the building and completion of the Georgia Masonic Home, to be erected 3½ miles north of Macon, Ga.

Plans and specifications are now ready and can be had by applying to Architects J. W. Golucke & Co., 412 Temple Court building, Atlanta, Ga.; Chairman Max Meyerhardt, Rome, Ga., and at the office of Washington Dessau, Macon, Ga.

Each contractor submitting a bid must inclose in said bid a $1,000 certified check, made payable to Max Meyerhardt, grand master, as a guarantee that the said contractor within 10 days will enter into contract and give a good and solvent bond in the sum of $10,000 for the faithful completion of said contract. On his failure to give said bond within the prescribed time, the said check to revert to the trustees of the Georgia Masonic Home as liquidated damages. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Address all bids to Grand Master Max Meyerhardt, and mark bid Georgia Masonic Home.
MAX MEYERHARDT,
Grand Master.

State and County Tax Sales for August, 1903.

Will be sold, before the court house door, in the city of Atlanta, the first Tuesday in August, 1903, within the legal hours of sale, the following property to-wit: The same being seized and held under and by virtue of fi. fas. issued by myself as tax collector of Fulton county as the property of parties named below for their state and county tax for the year below named:

All that tract or parcel of land in land lot 117, of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at the northwest corner of Greensferry avenue and Ashby street, thence in a westerly direction along the northern side of Greensferry avenue 200 feet, more or less, thence northerly 112 feet, more or less, thence easterly 200 feet, more or less, to Ashby street, thence south along the western side of Ashby street 129 feet, more or less, to point of beginning, and being known as lot No. 35 of the Culver and Hood property according to the plat thereof recorded in deed book 105, page 756, of the record of deeds of Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Emma J. Culver to satisfy a fi. fa. in favor of the state and county against said lot and said Emma J. Culver for state and county tax for year 1897. Sold for benefit of Weyman & Connors, transferee.
A. P. STEWART,
Tax Collector and Ex-Officio Sheriff.

PLEASE REMEMBER THAT THE

ATLANTA BAGGAGE COMPANY

is the only *TRANSFER COMPANY* authorized by the railroads to check your baggage from trains to residences or from residences to any point in the U. S.

Office Baggage Room Union Depot. Phones 205.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

Showing the arrival and departure of passenger trains of the following roads, union depot, Atlanta, Ga.:

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Savannah.	7 25 am	*Macon.	1 40 am
*Macon.	11 20 am	*Savannah..	7 50 am
Savannah..	7 45 pm	*Macon..	4 05 pm
Suburban Trains:		*Savannah.	9 20 pm
Jonesboro.	6 15 am	Suburban Trains:	
Jonesboro..	8 15 am	Jonesboro.	6 25 am
Jonesboro..	2 15 pm	Jonesboro.	12 20 pm
Jonesboro..	5 40 pm	Jonesboro.	3 45 pm
		Jonesboro.	5 10 pm
Sunday Only:		Sunday Only:	
Jonesboro..	8 55 am	Hapeville.	9 00 am
Hapeville.	10 45 am	Jonesboro.	12 50 pm

Leave Atlanta 1:40 a. m., (sleeper in depot 10 p. m.) and 7:50 a. m. for Vienna, Cordele, Fitzgerald and Waycross via Montezuma and Atlantic and Birmingham railroad.

Leave Atlanta 1:40 a. m., (sleeper in depot 10 p. m.) and 7:50 a. m. for Cuthbert, Bainbridge and Tallahassee via Ga. Fla and Ala. R. R.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Nashville	7 30 am	*Nashville	8 22 am
Marietta	8 32 am	Marietta	12 10 pm
Nashville	11 45 am	Nashville.	4 30 pm
Marietta	2 40 pm	Marietta	5 30 pm
Nashville	7 30 pm	*Nashville	8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
LaGrange	8 20 am	Montgomery	5 30 pm
*Selma..	11 40 am	Montgomery	12 55 pm
Selma..	12 40 pm	*Selma.	4 20 pm
*Montgomery	7 35 pm	LaGrange..	5 30 pm
*Selma	11 40 pm	*Montgomery.	11 15 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
Norfolk	7 50 am	Clinton, S. C.	7 40 am
New York....	3 50 pm	New York	12 00 n'n
Clinton, S. C.	8 20 pm	Norfolk	8 10 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From—		Depart To—	
*Augusta	5 00 am	*Augusta	7 55 am
Conyers	6 45 am	Lithonia	10 05 am
Covington	7 45 am	*Augusta	3 35 pm
*Augusta	12 50 pm	Conyers.	5 00 pm
Lithonia	3 25 pm	Covington	6 10 pm
*Augusta	8 15 pm	*Augusta	11 45 pm

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Southern Railway

TRAINS LEAVE ATLANTA.

6:30 A. M.—NO. 13 DAILY. Solid vestibule train. Pullmans to Cincinnati.
7:00 A. M.—NO. 16 DAILY. Brunswick.
7:00 A. M.—NO. 30 DAILY to Columbus.
6:10 A. M.—NO. 35. DAILY. Pullmans to Birmingham and Kansas City; arrive Birmingham 11:45 a. m., Memphis 8:05 p. m., Kansas City 9:45 a. m.
7:50 A. M.—NO. 12 DAILY. Local to Charlotte, Danville and Richmond.
7:55 A. M.—NO. 7 DAILY. Chattanooga.
12:00 Noon.—NO. 38 DAILY. Washington and Southwestern Limited. Sleeping, library, observation and club cars through without change. Dining cars serve all meals en route. Ar. Washington 6:42 a. m.; New York 12:43 p. m.
12:45 Noon—NO. 40 DAILY. New York Express. Day coaches, sleeper between Atlanta and Washington and Charlotte to Richmond and Norfolk. Arrive Richmond 7 a. m., Norfolk 8:30 a. m.; Washington 9:45 a. m.
4:10 P. M.—NO. 30 DAILY. Fort Valley.
4:10 P. M.—NO. 10 DAILY. Macon.
4:15 P. M.—NO. 37. DAILY. Pullman sleeping car and day coaches to Memphis. Birmingham 9:50 p. m., Memphis 7:15 a. m.
4:40 P. M.—NO. 22 DAILY. Columbus.
4:30 P. M.—NO. 18. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. "Air Line Belle." To Toccoa.
5:00 P. M.—NO. 15. DAILY. Sleeper to Cincinnati. Sleeper Chattanooga to Louisville. Ar. Chattanooga 9:50 p. m., Cincinnati 8:10 a. m., Louisville 10:35 a. m.
6:15 P. M.—NO. 25. DAILY. Makes all stops. Arrives Anniston 9:15 p. m.
10:45 P. M.—NO. 14. DAILY. Florida Limited. Through sleepers to Jacksonville and Tampa. Sleeper to Brunswick.
11:35 P. M.—NO. 97. NIGHT TRAIN TO BIRMINGHAM. Pullman sleeper and day coaches. Sleeper open 10:00 p. m. Arrives Birmingham 5:35 a. m. Passengers can remain in sleeper until 6:30 a. m.
12:00 Night—NO. 36. DAILY. U. S. Fast Mail. Solid vestibuled train. Sleeping car to New Y[illegible] Richmond and Asheville. Coaches to Wa[illegible]on. Dining cars serve all meals en ro[illegible] Arrives Washington 9 p. m. New York [illegible] a. m., Asheville 10:00 a. m.

Ticket Office: Kimball House and Union Depot. 'Phones: City Office, 142 Main; Depot, 179 Main.

Dropsy Cured to stay cured. 10 days treatment (removes swelling) for $1.00. O. E. Collum, Dropsy Medicine Co., 512-513 Lowndes Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

THE *Sunday Constitution's Magazine Supplement.*

"Do Clothes Make the Woman?"

This is a characteristic feature for the issue of Sunday, July 19. Upon page 8, the picture in four colors serves admirably as a fashion illustration. The costume is of pink and cherry, the new French combination of colors, and the gown is suitable for a debutante.

A Catskill Fantasy.

The first page design is a very clever, graceful conceit drawn in line by Robert Carter and printed in four colors. An up-to-date summer girl is strolling in a wooded path in the Catskills, and the ghost of Rip Van Winkle approaches and steals a kiss. Mr. Carter also furnishes some graceful verses, the last stanza of which reads:

"Oh, Rascal Rip! to have your chance,
E'en tho' a ghost, to meet a miss,
What time the forest fairies dance,
And in the moonlight steal a kiss!"

Widow's Weeds.

Page 7 is devoted chiefly to photographs and text, giving the latest modes in mourning.

"Tips for Home Dressmakers," by Rosa E. Payne, completes the [illegible]

[illegible]hild Models Hard to Find.

Is the title of the layout and photographs which make the chief feature of page 5. The article is interesting, and the photographs, made from the most graceful child model in the country, are very attractive. The decorations are in colors.

A Tribe of Aboriginal Actors.

This is the chief feature of page 6. The article is contributed by James R. Wilson, and describes the Indian actors who are giving the play of "Hiawatha" this summer in the open air, with the lake and the shore for a setting, at Desbaratas, Canada. There are five photographs, printed in colors by the four-color half-tone process. Nothing more attractive or more artistic than this page has been presented to the readers of any Sunday newspaper at any time.

For the Children.

On page 3 there is an orchard puzzle, printed in colors; two of the dainty little semi-caricatures of child life by the Ficken sisters, Dorothy and Marjorie; the weekly Bible story, "Joseph in Egypt," and articles as follows: "Volcanos in the Sea's Depth," "How the World Eats Wood" and "Lions Are Americans," besides two pieces of verse—"A Tommy Brown Thought," and "An If Rhyme."

This is a very attractive page, printed in four colors.

Albert Sonnichsen, the vigorous young author of "Deep Sea Vagabonds," has an article entitled "Beau Brummels of the Sea," in which he informs his readers that the men employed on the famous P. & O. steamship line are the best dressed sailors in the world. His article includes several anecdotes, which lend sprightliness. The picture is by Robert Carter, and it is in his best vein.

Household Decorations.

By Margaret Greenleaf, will be found on page 8. This is one of the most popular departments of the supplement, and the attention of women readers is directed to it.

Other Interesting Features.

There is an article about "Slum Schools for Young Musicians," which will interest philanthropists and musicians alike. There is a clever batch of paragraphs entitled, "Kapitalists' Kalendar."

There is an interesting description of the motive used in "Chaining Fires in Skyscrapers," besides the following captions: "'Here's a Family That Live in Pairs," "A Typical Evolution," "A Unique Bracelet," "Curious Pronunciations of Old English Names," "Hardy's Queer Experience," "Their Titles Their Own," "English Suffrage Baby," and various smaller contributions.

Every grade of Sunday readers should be interested in next Sunday's supplement.

Humorous Features.

In the magazine section will be found features from the most famous humorists of America—Opper, Swinnerton and Howorth. These alone are a supplement in themselves.

CLEARANCE SALE.

In consequence of having to rebuild and give my 95 Whitehall street store a general overhauling, for which plans and specifications are now in the hands of an architect, I will begin to sel at 7 West Mitchell street in a few days, regardless of profits, sale to continue until all are sold, a large lot of goods, such as every family needs, consisting partly of bowls and pitchers, odd bowls or basins, white granite water pitches, coffee mills, block tin dish pans, coffee pots, sugar bowls, tin wash basins and lots of other goods too numerous to mention here. In the meantime, my beer, wine and liquor trade will be continued at 95 Whitehall street, except I may have to ask the honorable mayor and council to temporarily allow me to move to 7 Mitchell street during the progress of the work.

PETER LYNCH,
95 Whitehall St. and 7 West Mitchell St.

Cotton Seed Oil And Gin Machinery.
Not in any Combination or Trust.
Complete plants from 15 to 200 tons capacity. Special small plant for ginneries, Cotton gins and complete ginning systems.
E. Van Winkle Gin and Machine Wks.
ATLANTA, GA.

The Seaboard Air Line have on sale every Saturday week end rates to Wrightsville Beach at $7.80 for the round trip. Double daily service, through Pullman cars. Time at beach three days. This will give you a nice outing at reasonable cost. For further information call at City Ticket Office, Piedmont Hotel Annex, 115 Peachtree Street.

WANTED

To contract for the boring and equipping of an artesian well in the town of Abbeville, Ala. Address all correspondence to
ROBERT NEWM[illegible] Mayor.

A. F. LIEBMAN,
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS,
28 PEACHTREE STREET.

$750 buys the corner of Holderness street and Sells avenue, 88 by 235 to alley. Will sell on sight.

A. F. LIEBMAN,
28 PEACHTREE STREET.

Only $19.70 round trip to Baltimore via Seaboard Air Line. Tickets on sale July 18th, 19th and 20th via Norfolk & Bay line, final limit August 5th. Special Elk train will leave Atlanta Saturday at noon.

New Graphophone and Phonograph Records just received.
Atlanta Phonograph Co.,
30 Peachtree St.

Every Woman
is interested and should know [illegible]
MARVE[illegible]

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp [illegible] illustrated book—sealed. [illegible] full particulars and [illegible] valuable to ladies. [illegible] Room 90 G, Times [illegible]
For sale by Br[illegible] Stree[illegible]

Two thousa[illegible] seats for two [illegible] or without c[illegible] grounds at S[illegible]

Carolina Portland Cement Co.

Birmingham, Ala.

Highest Grades American Portland Cement, Germania German Portland Cement, Old Dominion Brand, Southern Cross Brand, Alabama Brand, Our Magnolia Brand of Hydraulic Cement, while only a few cents higher than Louisville Cement, is far superior; Magnolia tests 300 pounds on seven days' test heat, which is as strong as many Belgian Portland Cements on market.

We have stocks of American, German and Belgian Portland Cement stored at

Norfolk, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Galveston.

No matter what southern state, town or hamlet you are working in, we can reach you with lowest freight rates and Best Goods. Correspondence solicited.

We will soon establish at Atlanta a large local ware house, and will be prepared to make contracts for 10,000 barrels or 5 barrels. If you should be in need of Cement for delivery during the months of July and August, get our prices now.

Carolina Portland Cement Co.,
Birmingham, Ala.

"All's Well That Ends Well."

But you cannot tell about the ending of a ***Tontine*** or ***Deferred Dividend*** policy, ***it's too far off.*** Take a policy in the ***Mutual Benefit*** and get your ***Dividends Annually.*** The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company is the leading ***Annual Dividend Company.***

The Best For Insurers. The Best For Agents.

Write for specimen policy and contract.

CLARENCE ANGIER,
State Agent.
English-American Bldg.
'Phone 384, Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 30 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

E. & W. TRADE MARK **TEBO** NEW COLLAR

The Seaboard Air Line have on sale every Saturday week end rates to Wrightsville Beach at $7.80 for the round trip. Double daily service, through Pullman cars. Time at beach three days. This will give you a nice outing at reasonable cost. For further information call at City Ticket Office, Piedmont Hotel Annex, 116 Peachtree Street.

Tutt's Liver Pills keep the system in order and prevent morbid conditions of the liver which precede disease. **A Preventative of** sick headache, dyspepsia, dizziness, bad taste in the mouth, heartburn, coated tongue, loss of appetite, constipation and **All Bilious Diseases.**

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Friday, July 17, 1903.

AUGUSTA CIRCUIT.

C. P. Cumming et al. v. E. F. McDade, adm'x. Argued.

Georgia Railroad and Banking Co. v. M. G. S. Gardner et al. Argued.

M. E. Prescott v. City Council of Augusta. Argued.

Southern Railway Co. v. Paul Heyman. Argued.

J. E. Templeton v. J. E. Hannah. Argued.

Sallie Watkins v. Eliza Nugen. Argued.

North Augusta Electric and Improvement Co. v. R. B. Martin. Argued

J. H. McKenzie et al. v. F. W. Thomas, trustee. Argued.

STRANDED IN CHARLESTON.

Blind Georgia Couple Seek Charity in South Carolina.

Charleston, S. C., July 17.—(Special.)—The police are befriending J. D. Hambrick and wife, a blind and penniless couple who claim Gainesville, Ga., as their home. They arrived in Charleston today and were found wandering in the streets without funds and in a sad plight.

It is remarkable that they should have been able to travel so far from their Georgia home when both are totally blind and apparently destitute. They came to Charleston under the impression that they would be permitted to enter the Enston home, an institution for aged and infirm people.

Mrs. Hambrick was born blind and her husband lost his sight a year ago. He had no means of support and they say they have been soliciting alms in various towns on their way to Charleston. Mr. Hambrick is 50 years old and his wife is five years his junior. The Enston home is not le[illegible]lly empowered to receive them and [illegible]unate couple is being cared [illegible]adquarters.

[illegible]hs and Colds."
[illegible]ot Drops will cure [illegible]romptly. 25 cents [illegible]ores.

[illegible]Tyl[illegible] Via Cen[illegible] Ry.
[illegible]urday morning [illegible]ited returning [illegible]date of sale. [illegible]et and Union

ATLANTA GETS NEXT MEETING

W. M. Crumley of Atlanta Chosen President of Jobbers' Association.

The next joint session of the Southern Hardware Jobbers' Association and the American Hardware Manufacturing Association will be held in Atlanta.

At yesterday's session of the Southern Hardware Jobbers' Association at Saratoga W. M. Crumley, of Atlanta, was elected president for the ensuing year. In this election and in the choice of the next convention city Atlanta secures a double honor. Mr. Crumley has been in the hardware business for years and has long been a prominent member of the Southern Jobbers' Association. W. M. Crumley, president of the Southern Hardware Jobbers' Association, George King and the other delegates from Atlanta, succeeded yesterday morning in capturing the next convention for this city and so telegraphed Mayor Howell during the afternoon.

Following is the telegram received from Mr. Crumley, who has been elected to the presidency of the Southern Association:

"Hon. E. P. Howell, Mayor, Atlanta, Ga.: The Southern Hardware Jobbers' Association and the American Hardware Manufacturing Association have both unanimously accepted invitation to hold next annual meeting in Atlanta. Atlanta always gets what she goes after.

"W. M. CRUMLEY,

"President of Southern Hardware Jobbers' Association."

The present joint session of the two associations is being held at Saratoga, N. Y., and it has been an eventful one for the representatives from the south who have played an important part in the proceedings.

Those from Atlanta went to the convention armed with resolutions and invitations from the commercial bodies and the city officials of Atlanta, and these were presented to the members of the convention with the strong personal backing of the delegates from this city.

The two associations are composed of some of the leading manufacturers and jobbers of the country. The fact that they are to meet next year in Atlanta will be learned with interest by those who have been anxious to have them come here.

The full list of newly elected officers of the Southern Jobbers' Association follows:

President—W. M. Crumley, Atlanta, Ga.

First Vice President—John Donnan, Richmond, Va.

Second Vice President—E. A. Peden, Houston, Tex.

Secretary and Treasurer—C. B. Carter, Knoxville, Tenn.

The American Hardware Manufacturers' Association concluded its fourth convention today and adjourned to meet with the National Hardware and the Southern Jobbers' Association at Atlanta, Ga.

Better Than Spanking.

Spanking does not cure children of bed wetting. If it did there would be few children that would do it. There is a constitutional cause for this. Mrs. M. Summers, box 106, Notre Dame, Ind., will send her home treatment to any mother. She asks no money. Write her today if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child. The chances are it can't help it.

ATLANTA COOL BY COMPARISON

Local Weather Blistering But Other Cities Suffered More.

"Tossed my outsoar connubial."

Sh!

This is neither a New England dialect story by Mary Wilkins or the idle idiosyncrasy of a linotpye machine toying at will with the matrices while the operator is cursing the penmanship of the unchirographical cub reporter.

It is what Local Forecaster Marbury said about Atlanta's weather yesterday.

And he thought so much of it that he wired it to Washington. And Washington thought so much of it that they wired it all over the country that weather men in the different United States stations everywhere might know that the stato-cumulus clouds, a very mild brand of the nebulous notwithstanding the label, covered less than one-tenth of the sky that covers the Empire building, the sausage factory on Peters street and all things and people Atlantan.

And it told to the waiting world the condition and temperature of the Atlanta barometer and just how it had been doing all through a hot July day and other things of intelligent interest to only those who live in the world of isobars and other meteorological phenomena.

Seriously, it was the code signal and being interpreted it read "Barometer 28.98 inches; thermometer 84 degrees at 7 o'clock; wind south; sky clear; wind velocity 8 miles; maximum temperature 88; clouds strato cumulus coming from the southwest and covering less than one-tenth of the sky."

But to the ordinary layman it seemed just the least "bit bitter," as the goldfish in the Geisha Girl used to say, especially that connubial windup.

Still, Mr. Marbury returned at noon from a two days' stay in Macon and that may have had something to do with it.

Either it wasn't as hot as it seemed yesterday or it seemed hotter than it was. To explain the contradition, Atlanta's average temperature yesterday was 80 degrees or 2 degrees lower than the twenty-five years' normal. Still, it was the coolest inland city in the south. A salt air breeze from Tybee way help d out Savannah and scored only 78 degrees for the normal.

The main office at Washington says Atlanta may expect it warmer today with a probability of showers. Chattanooga got the only rain that fell in this part of the country and Aberdeen, Tex., won the heat handicap easily with a mark of 98 degrees. Chicago was a storm center and lived up to her reputation with a velocity of 56 miles an hour for wind and a temperature of 66 degrees.

As for the rest of the day in the weather market, it was generally quiet and Atlanta's part is all accounted for in:

"Tossed my outsoar connubial."

"If you get simple beauty and nought else,
You get about the best thing God invents."
—Browning

We need not agree absolutely with the poet's Fra Lippo, and yet we are all convinced that beauty is a very excellent thing. The

GORHAM CO.
Silversmiths

allows us an opportunity of bringing beauty into our every-day life at small expense. All Gorham silverware exhibits an insistent striving after the beautiful.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

IN THE COURTS.

For the death of her husband, W. H. Elliott, Mrs. W. H. Elliott yesterday filed suit for $25,000 damages against the Western and Atlantic Railroad Company.

She alleges that on the evening of June 30, last, Elliott was walking to their home in Cook's district, along the line of the Western and Atlantic railroad. Between Ponders and Bellwood avenues, it is alleged he was run down and killed by a switch engine, pushing a box car. The petition declares this was a part of the tracks much used by the public for walking and that the railroad was negligent in killing Elliott.

The suit was filed by Burton Smith and George Gordon.

Glass Company Sued.

Martha Austin yesterday filed a suit for $25,000 damages against the Pittsburg Plate Glass Company, which, she alleges, caused by negligence, the death of her son, Jerry Austin.

It is alleged that on October 29, 1902, Jerry Austin was assisting in unloading a car of glass, and that while at work a heavy case of glass fell on him and fatally injured him.

The plaintiff's attorneys are Burton Smith and George Gordon.

Commissioners To Meet.

The board of county commissioners will hold a called meeting this morning to consider the granting of franchises to the Piedmont Electric Railway Company, which proposes to run an electric car line from Atlanta to Roswell. The application for a franchise has been approved under certain conditions by the roads and bridges committee of the county board, and it is likely that the request will be granted by the board.

Property Transfers.

The following property transfers were yesterday filed for record with Alex Dittler, deputy clerk of the superior court:

Loan Deed—Charles McCrary to Miss A. V. Donnally, for $420, lot east side Leland street, 143 feet north of Clayton street.

Warranty Deed—Franklin P. Rice to Charles McCrary, for $225, the same Leland street property.

Warranty Deed—Thad A. Tate to Thomas M. Wright, for $1,150, lot east side Hilliard street, 130 feet south of Tanner street.

Loan Deed—Thomas M. Wright to the Hibernian Savings, Building and Loan Association, for $1,050, the same Hilliard street property.

Loan Deed—Howard W. Floyd to the Germania Savings bank, for thirty-five notes for $5.70 each and one note for $5.10 lot west side Williams street, 48½ feet north of Mayer street

Warranty Deed—T. D. Meador, receiver of the Atlanta Loan and Investment Company, to Asa G. Candler, for $400, lot east side Doray street, 240 feet south of Carter street

Loan Deed—Bryan M. Grant, et al., to Harry F. West, et al., trustees, for $3,700, lot west side Broad street, 25 feet north of Poplar street.

Warranty Deed—Title Guarantee and Trust Company to E. S. Kendrick, for $1,900, lot east side Pryor street, 275 feet north of Vassar street.

Warranty Deed—E. S. Kendrick to Mrs. L. H. T. Moore, for $1,500, the same Pryor street property.

Mortgage—R. D. Echols to J. B. Crawford, for $150, lot corner Fourteenth and Tumlin streets.

Bond for Title—S. L. Wallace to M. L. Breman, et al., for $2,800, lot southeast corner Bell and Gilmer street.

Mortgage—William F. Helzell to the Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company, for $1,700, lot east side Williams street, 42 feet south of Simpson street.

Warranty Deed—Henry Hirsch, et al., to W. E. Treadwell, for $1,000, lot west side Crew street, 200 feet north of Atlanta avenue.

Warranty Deed—William Cagle to S. B. Cagle, for $5, 6 acres on the Cagle road

Warranty Deed—H. A. Etheride to Mrs. S. C. Stevens, for $525, lot west side Kelley street, 52 feet front.

Warranty Deed—Mrs. S. C. Stevens to E. L. Douglas, for $1,000, the same Kelley street property.

Warranty Deed—M. L. Rice to the Southern Mortgage Company, for $500, 40 feet on Luckie street.

Warranty Deed—W. B. Marchman, et al., to W. J. Wood, for partition east one-half lot southwest corner East and Forest streets.

Warranty Deed—Rosalie D. Moses to C. W. Ford, for $3,000, lot southwest corner Whitehall and South streets.

TENNIS TOURNEY BEGINS.

Preliminaries in Singles To Be Played This Afternoon — Thirty-two Have Entered Contest.

The tennis tourney for the championship of Atlanta will begin in West End this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

The preliminaries in singles will be played this afternoon, which will mean the pulling off of sixteen matches.

Much interest has been displayed in the tourney and it is expected that some fast work will be witnessed.

Following are the teams which will contest in the preliminaries:

Moore v. Wagner, Chancey Smith v. Fields, Freeman v. Norcross, Giles v. Pope, Berrien v. Simmons, Haas v. Peters, Wynn v. Carlton Smith, Mat Thornton v. Lewis, Williamson v. Irons, Victor Smith v. Johnston, Mansfield v. Jennings, Lane v. Patterson, Evan Howell, Jr., v. Heath, Daniel v. Cay, Voorhees v. Foot Johnston and Hulsey v. Stacy Thornton.

Bradstreet Sued for $10,000.

Mnotgomery, Ala., July 17.—(Special.)—D. F. Flood, a tinner of this city, has filed a suit against Bradstreet Commercial Agency for $10,000 damages.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, July 17.—The recovery in the prices of securities which was interrupted yesterday by the late decline in Amalgamated Copper was resumed today. It showed some hesitation at various times owing to the unsettling effect of sudden breaks in special stocks. But it gathered strength as the day progressed, and in the final hour the level of the entire market was lifted betwen 2 and 3 points over last night. New York Central and St. Paul led the advance, but gains of 2 points or over were scored by Pennsylvania, Reading, Erie first preferred, Illinois Central, Union Pacific, Atchison, Amalgamated and Smelting. The opening advance in the market was first checked by a renewed attack on Amalgamted Copper, which carried it back to yesterday's low level. But the stock showed determined resistance and became strong, notwithstanding a report of an additional cut in the price of the metal. Another backset was caused by the drop in Sugar to 1 3-4 below last night, which followed the announcement of an advance in the price of refined sugar, and was without other explanation. Colorado Fuel then made a violent slump of 6 1-8 points to the low price of the year, and this was followed by a break in the Toledo, St. Louis and Western stocks, which cost the common 5 1-2 per cent, the preferred 7 1-2 and the 4 per cent bonds 2 1-2. Rock Island was the last stock to show notable weakness, and its decline of 1 3-8 ended the resistance to the advance in the general market. The market was not notably affected by any of these breaks. The general feeling over the money outlook was brighter and rumors were circulated without assigned authority that many proposed loans by railroad corporations had been postponed. Estimates of the week's currency movement pointed to a net gain by the banks of over $3,000,000. The principal interest in tomorrow's bank statement will turn on the item of loans. It is supposed that the Pennsylvania company has commenced the repayment of its maturing notes. It is a question on the other hand how far the large borrowings by large railroad corporation will be reflected in the statement, as a considerable portion of these loans has gone abroad Today's movement in stocks, however, showed the feeling of confidence that the banking situation its materially improved. The market closed active and steady at about the top level.

Bonds were inclined to rally in sympathy with stocks, but there were some weak spots which made the tone unsteady. Total sales, par value, $2,395,000.

United States bonds unchanged.

Money on call closed at 2 per cent; time money firm; 60 days 4 1-2@4 3-4 per cent; 90 days 4 3-4@5 per cent; six months 5 per cent; prime mercantile paper 5@6 per cent.

Sterling exchange firmer with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.25@4.86.30 for demand and at $4.83.90@4.84 for 60 day bills; posted rates $4.84 1-4@4.85 and $4.87@4.87 1-2; commercial bills $4.83 3-4.

Bar silver 53 7-8c.

Mexican dollars 42 1-2c.

Government bonds steady.

Railroad bonds irregular.

The Week's Bank Clearings.

New York, July 17.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet's, shows the bank clearings at the cities named for the week ending July 16 with the percentages of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year. Totals include clearings of fifty-two other cities. Canadian totals include clearings of seven other cities in Canada:

		Per Ct. inc.	Per Ct. dec.
New York	$1,313,187,134	....	9.8
Chicago	168,063,196	3.5	....
Boston	137,415,153	....	4.1
Philadelphia	112,123,970	....	3.5
St. Louis	50,184,914	....	5.7
Pittsburg	47,303,460	1.6	....
Baltimore	25,262,074	....	3.1
San Francisco	30,263,986	6.2	....
Cincinnati	24,312,257	1.8	....
Kansas City	20,447,277	13.1	....
New Orleans	16,061,869	34.4	....
Louisville	10,635,913	.8	....
Savannah	2,822,878	9.4	....
Denver	4,828,571	10.7	....
Richmond	4,184,348	....	1.8
Memphis	3,158,946	21.3	....
Washington	4,072,348	1.1	....
Fort Worth	3,347,387	31.3	....
Atlanta	2,455,548	9.4	....
Norfolk	1,680,040	....	6.4
Augusta	859,965	22.1	....
Nashville	2,541,542	46.6	....
Birmingham	1,127,907	13.0	....
Macon	756,000	22.9	....
Little Rock	808,279	8.1	....
Knoxville	1,078,740	40.1	....
Lexington	642,645	11.8	....
Chattanooga	773,218	45.0	....
Jacksonville	369,890	....	4.6
*Galveston	5,256,000	26.9	....
*Houston	10,306,010	11.0	....
Totals U. S.	$2,162,273,748	....	5.7
Totals outside of New York	849,086,614	2.1	....
DOMINION OF CANADA.			
Montreal	$23,442,607	17.2	....
Totals	$54,469,091	19.0	....

*Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.

(Star)—Last week's totals.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, July 17.—Today's statement of the treasury balances, exclusive of the gold reserve. shows: Available cash balances $228,308,765; gold $100,432,749.

Foreign Finances.

London, July 17.—Consols for money 92 5-16; consols for account 92 7-16. Atchison 67 1-4; Atchison preferred 91; Illinois Central 131 3-4; Louisville and Nashville 109 1-2.

Bar silver steady at 24 7-8.

Money 1 1-2@2 per cent.

Short bills 2 3-8; three months' bills 2 3-8@2 7-16.

Paris, July 17.—Three per cent rentes 97 francs; 57 1-2 centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs; 11 1-2 centimes for checks.

Berlin, July 17.—Exchange on London 20 marks; 38 pfennigs for checks. Short bills 3 1-4 per cent; three months' bills 3 1-2.

Atlanta Brokerage Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, July 17.—Some of the specialties in the stock market today fluctuated in a sensational fashion. However, not a few stocks felt the effects of good support and here and there firm spots were in evidence. The news was still rather mixed. Much stress was laid on the advices from Washington reflecting better chances for the early enactment of laws to change the currency system of this country. The late news was without special feature. At the close, however, there was still a rather mixed feeling. Bonds were quiet and irregular, though there was a better demand for the good issues. Outside stocks were dull and steady, with a moderate demand.

Cothran & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, July 17.—A very irregular stock market occurred today. The railroads were strong and the industrials were weak. There seems to be a campaign against the latter. The standard railroads seemed to be advancing to discount a favorable bank statement. There are, according to our information, a number of accounts to be liquidated, and a good bank statement may be taken advantage of to realize. The rally has been a good one, and may extend a little further among the railroads, but we are not inclined to look for permanent improvement just at present and do not feel inclined favorably toward the high priced stocks or the industrials. The floor traders who worked for a rally this morning will no doubt take profits tomorrow on any further advance. Manipulation has played a great part today. In the last hour the market became aggressively strong.

Baxter & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, July 17.—There was a well-sustained volume of business at the stock exchange today, and prices and sentiment improved considerably. Buyers were encouraged at the start by the improvement in London, and the local movement on balance was slightly on the side of selling. Shorts covered extensively after the market had in the early dealings shown resistance to occasional efforts at depression, but there also was a steady absorption of the leading issues by the stronger class of buyers. News of the day was indifferent in character. Crop news was not entirely satisfactory, although there was no impairment of the recently reported improvement in agricultural conditions. Railroad earnings continued to show an almost unbroken record of increase and the monetary situation showed increased ease. All preliminary forecasts for the bank statement were encouraging in character. The advances bred some rumors which had a favorable speculative effect of progress in the direction of harmonizing opposed differences between important financial interests. Prominent features of strength were New York Central and St. Paul, both of which gained more than 2 per cent. Pennsylvania gained 2, Illinois and Atchison 2. The average gains through the list were 2 per cent. In industrial list improvement was shown with good recoveries. The market closed strong and at about the best prices of the day.

A Corner Lot on Fraser St.

On the southwest corner of Fraser and Love streets, we have for sale a tract 100 by 150 at $900.

The property would divide into two building lots each 50 by 100, on Fraser street, and one on Love street, corner Terry, also 50 by 100.

This land is in the best part of Fraser street, on high elevation, close to the public school houses in this section, rent readily and sell quickly; sidewalks, water and sewer are all down on Fraser street, and the purchaser gets the benefit of these valuable improvements.

Investors in sterling real estate would do well to investigate this bargain.

FORREST & GEORGE ADAIR.

P is for Printing, and Profits, too, if it's good There's none better than the Best--that's the kind we do

THE FOOTE & DAVIES COMPANY
The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts
65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED.

This is the only guarantee worth anything to you, and you must know that we certainly have implicit confidence in our ability, or we would not make such an offer. Our only chance for success under this proposition IS TO EFFECT CURES, and this is exactly what we know we can do.

You have probably paid out many hard-earned dollars to physicians who claimed they could cure and did not. Make no such mistake in the future. If a physician or specialist asserts that he can cure you, ASK HIM TO PROVE IT, and if he will not, or cannot do so, come to DR. REYNOLDS & CO., who are pledged to honestly fulfill their every promise.

The many wonderful cures perfected by Dr. Reynolds' SERO-TOXALINE has made his name a household word throughout the southland. He is the first and only specialist to prove his ability to cure Cancer and Chronic Ulcerations never to return.

He is the only specialist in the South who treats all CHRONIC DISEASES OF BOTH SEXES under the fairest of all propositions: "NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED."

If you suffer from any form of Chronic Disease, call on us at once. If you cannot call, send for our book and Symptom Blanks for Home Treatment.

NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNTIL CURED
MY BEST REFERENCE

Consultation Free.
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 6 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sunday: 10 to 1.

DR. REYNOLDS & CO., Suite 510, 5th Floor, Austell Building, Forsyth Street, Near Postoffice, ATLANTA, GA.

Supt. King's Crop Statement.

New York, July 17.—The following statistics on the movement of cotton for the week ending Friday, July 17, were compiled by the New York cotton exchange:

	This Year.	Last Year.
Port receipts	5,456	13,468
Overland to mills and Canada	......	1,227
Southern mill takings (estimated)	9,000	24,245
Brought into sight for the week	14,456	38,940
TOTAL CROP MOVEMENT.		
Port receipts	7,684,176	7,503,217
Overland to mills and Canada	1,067,161	1,055,852
Southern mill takings (estimated)	1,971,000	1,828,270
Brought into sight thus for for season	10,722,337	10,387,339

Cotton Region Bulletin.

For the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, July 17, 1903:

STATIONS OF ATLANTA DISTRICT.	Temp'ture. Max.	Temp'ture. Min.	Rainfall, inches and hundredths
Atlanta, partly cloudy	85	67	.00
Chattanooga, rain	85	65	.22
Columbus, clear	92	72	.00
Gainesville, clear	81	66	.12
Greenville, cloudy	82	60	.08
Griffin, clear	88	67	.00
Macon, cloudy	89	72	.06
Monticello, clear	93	68	.02
Newnan, clear	90	65	.00
Rome, clear	89	66	T
Spartanburg, partly cloudy	87	64	.00
*Tallapoosa, cloudy	86	64	.00
Toccoa, clear	85	66	.22
West Point, clear	97	68	.00

*Received late (wire trouble), not included in averages.

CENTRAL STATION.	Number of stations reporting.	District Averages. Temp'ture. Max.	Min.	Rainfall, inches, hundredths.
Atlanta	13	88	66	.06
Augusta	11	88	68	.04
Charleston	5	88	68	.02
Galveston	32	94	72	.00
Little Rock	14	94	70	.00
Memphis	16	90	72	T
Mobile	10	94	70	.00
Montgomery	9	90	68	.00
New Orleans	15	94	70	.00
Oklahoma	11	96	72	.00
Savannah	12	92	70	T
Vicksburg	13	94	72	.00
Wilmington	10	84	64	.02

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

Remarks—Very light showers have occurred over the eastern belt; dry weather has prevailed over central and western districts during the past 24 hours. The temperature continues moderately high in western sections and the tendency in the eastern belt is to warmer.

L. A. JUDKINS,
Observer, Temporarily in Charge.

TRADE SITUATION.

New York, July 17.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

Well nigh perfect summer weather helps crops, increasing confidence in fall trade and stimulates retail and summer resort business. Lower prices for many staples are really an encouraging development because favorable to a wider and freer use of products heretofore impracticable under past abnormal conditions. Six months' railway earnings returns—two-thirds of the country's mileage represented—show a gain of over 13 per cent over the best ever recorded, while roads thus far reporting for the first week of July show a gain of nearly 16 per cent. These figures confirm the claim that present business is the largest ever handled for a midsummer period.

The salient features in trade reports this week are the better tone of trade advices from the southwest, where the feeling grows that a large business will be done. The unsatisfactory outlook for immediate and future supplies of cotton limits activity in cotton manufacturing at the east, short time being the rule at all the leading centers, but the wool market is strong. Unprecedented activity is noted in the anthracite coal trade. Final returns of foreign trade point to the largest aggregate on record, due, however, to the 13 per cent gain in imports, because exports fell off 2 per cent from last year, and 5 per cent from the record of 1901.

The iron trade is quiet enough on the surface, but production and consumption are alike enormous, though pressure of the latter tends to ease quotations for iron and steel. Western markets note reductions in pig and iron billets, with a large business done at the concessions, and southern iron has been cut without evoking much new business. Tin and copper are weak and lower.

Labor troubles in textile lines at Philadelphia and in building at New York are a bar to activity in all lines affected.

Hides and leather are rather weak at the east, but eastern shoe shipments are far in excess of last year.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending with July 16 number 173, against 154 last week and 174 in the like week of 1902. In Canada for the week 13, as against 20 last week.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending July 16 aggregate 3,652,084 bushels, against 2,380,410 last week and 3,775,222 this week last year. For the two weeks of the cereal year they aggregate 6,033,194 bushels, against 8,179,327 in 1902.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 1,402,404 bushels, against 1,525,084 last week and 1,130,679 a year ago. For the two weeks of the present cereal year they aggregate 2,927,488 bushels, against 315,810 in 1902.

Dun's Review.

New York, July 17.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

"Conditions continue satisfactory outside the region of speculation, many reports indicating further improvement. During recent months the two disturbing factors have been labor controversies and weather conditions, but each week has brought better things in these two respects until the outlook contains much that is encouraging. Crops are making rapid progress and the army of unemployed is diminishing. Railway traffic is heavy, earnings thus far reported for July exceeding last year's by 13.6 per cent and those of 1901 by 19.2 per cent. Retail trade in seasonable merchandise is fully up to the average, and there is less than the customary midsummer quiet among wholesalers, while the preparations of jobbers and manufacturers indicate confidence in a large fall business.

"Unsettled conditions still exist in forge and foundry pig iron markets, while Bessemer iron is only barely steady. The chief difficulty appears to be the inclination of prospective purchasers to wait for the lowest possible quotations. This condition appears unusually aggravating in the present instance. Current consumption is heavy, and the delay is only in connection with distant deliveries. Structural steel begins to reflect the settlement of labor troubles in the building trades, but several important undertakings have been postponed until next year. Merchant steel and pipe are in better demand. Steel rails are sold well into 1904, and other railway equipment is still one of the best features in the industry. Southern iron furnaces and steel mills are affected adversely by the coal miners' strike, although there is a belief that settlement will not long be delayed.

"It is a season of uncertainty in the manufacture of cotton goods, and nothing in the nature of improvement can be expected until the artificial position of the raw material is radically altered. Supplies of cotton goods in first hands are low, and there is no effort to make spot sales. Buyers fill their requirements for immediate distribution, but in no department of this great industry is there any inclination to anticipate needs of even the near future. As supplies diminish there is a corresponding stiffening of quotations. Mills are steadily curtailing production, both here and abroad.

"New light weight woolens are being opened with fair results only, buyers exhibiting no anxiety regarding the future. Silks are firm, owing to curtailed production and the high prices commanded by the raw material.

"Western jobbers are operating freely in the Boston footwear market, both on contracts for spring goods and supplementary fall orders. Eastern wholesalers are also purchasing additional fall supplies and New England factories are fully occupied.

"Failures this week are 213 in the United States, against 213 last year, and 16 in Canada, compared with 20 a year ago."

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, July 17.—Coffee, spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 5 3-16; mild quiet; Cordova 7@11. Coffee futures opened quiet at unchanged prices to a decline of 5 points, following the partial loss at Havre and heavy receipts, but ruled very quiet, closing dull at a partial decline of 5 points; sales 1,750 bags, including August 3.70; September 3.80; December 4.25; April 4.45.

Sugar, raw firm; fair refining 3 3-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 11-16; molasses sugar 2 15-16. Refined firm; No. 6 4.60; No. 7 4.55; No. 8 4.50; No. 9 4.45; No. 10 4.40; No. 11 4.35; No. 12 4.30; No. 13 4.25; No. 14 4.20; confectioners A 4.85; mold A 5.25; cut loaf 5.60; crushed 5.60; powdered 5.10; granulated 5; cubes 5.25.

New Orleans, July 17.—Sugar dull; open kettle 2 5-8@3 7-16; open kettle centrifugal 3 1-8@3 1-2; centrifugal whites 4 5-16; yellows 3 5-8@4; seconds 2@3 3-8. Molasses, open kettle nominal at 13@26; centrifugal 5@18. Sirup nominal at 19@24. Coffee, Rio ordinary to fair 6@7 1-4c. Rice, ordinary to good screenings 2 3-4@ 3 1-2; heal 4 5-8@5; fancy head 9 1-2@6.

Special Notices.

I respectfully announce my candidacy for council from the fourth ward subject to the primary. A. C. Bruce.

Notice.

On and after July 1, 1903, the official advertising of the sheriff's office of Fulton county will appear in The Atlanta Constitution.

JOHN W. NELMS, Sheriff.

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street. Paints, paper, painting, paper-hanging.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, July 17.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Georgia, North and South Carolina—Fair in east; showers in west portion Saturday; Sunday showers; fresh southwest winds.

Virginia—Fair and warmer Saturday, followed by showers in the afternoon or by night; Sunday showers; fresh south winds increasing.

Eastern Florida—Fair Saturday; Sunday showers, variable winds becoming fresh south.

Western Florida, Alabama and Mississippi—Showers and not so warm Saturday and Sunday, fresh southwest winds.

Louisiana—Fair in south showers and cooler in north portions Saturday; Sunday showers, cooler in the south portion; fresh south winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair on the coast, showers and cooler in the interior Saturday; Sunday fair except showers in south portion; fresh to brisk southeast winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Showers Saturday; Sunday fair.

Arkansas—Showers and cooler Saturday; Sunday showers.

Tennessee—Showers and cooler Saturday, Sunday showers.

Kentucky—Showers and cooler Saturday: Sunday fair, fresh northwest winds.

From Various Stations.

Stations and State of Weather	Temperature 7 p.m.	Temperature High.	Rain, 12 h'rs inches.
Atlanta, clear	84	88	.00
Abilene, clear	94	98	.00
Augusta, clear	84	90	.00
Buffalo, partly cloudy	74	76	.00
Charleston, partly cloudy	80	84	.00
Charlotte, clear	80	86	.00
Chattanooga, clear	86	90	.01
Chicago, rain	66	76	.72
Cincinnati, cloudy	80	82	T
Corpus Christi, clear	84	88	.00
Detroit, cloudy	72	86	.00
Dodge City, cloudy	76	78	.00
Galveston, partly cloudy	82	86	.00
Huron, clear	78	80	T
Jacksonville, clear	78	86	.00
Kansas City, partly cl'dy	82	92	.00
Knoxville, clear	80	82	.00
Memphis, clear	86	90	.00
Mobile, clear	84	90	.00
Montgomery, partly cloudy	88	94	.00
New Orleans, clear	86	90	.00
New York, clear	74	80	.00
Norfolk, clear	74	80	.00
North Platte, clear	74	74	.00
Omaha, clear	76	78	.32
Palestine, clear	86	90	.00
Raleigh, cloudy	78	84	.00
Rapid City, cloudy	66	74	T
St. Louis, clear	88	92	T
St. Paul, partly cloudy	74	76	T
Savannah, partly cloudy	78	84	.00
Tampa, clear	84	90	.00
Vicksburg, clear	86	90	.00
Wilmington, cloudy	76	82	T

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

J. B. MARBURY,
Local Forecast Official.

THE TRIPOD PAINT CO
PAINTERS' AND ARTISTS' SUPPLIES, WALL PAPER, MOULDINGS, ETC.
37 and 39 N. Pryor Street.

PONCE DE LEON PARK
J. G. ROSSMAN, PREST

Today the big day. Come early and stay as long as you can.

"A TURKISH TEXAN."
Matinee and Night.

CASINO.
Afternoon and Evening.

CONCERTS
THE GIANT TOBOGGAN SLIDE
THE CAVE OF THE WINDS
THE PARISIAN MAZE
THE MERRY-GO-ROUND
AND
THAT'S NOT ALL.

GET IN EARLY AND DON'T MISS A THING.

BITE OF INSECT PROVES SERIOUS

Dr. Alex Dawson Thought To Have Been Bitten by Spider.

Dr. Alex Dawson, physician and druggist, of 357 Peters street, is in St. Joseph infirmary in a serious condition, as a result of the bite of some poisonous insect, presumably a spider.

Dr. Dawson was bitten on the left ankle last Friday night, after he had retired. The bite was not at first considered serious, but shortly afterwards it developed that it was of a very poisonous nature. The slight wound itself did not become very much inflamed or swollen, but the veins and arteries in the leg became affected, becoming red and sore.

This was followed by chills, after which the patient was thrown into a fever. The fever at times has been high and for several days since the bite was discovered the condition of the patient has been regarded as serious. Dr. W. A. Crow has been attending Dr. Dawson and yesterday he called Dr. William Perrin Nicolson into consultation. It was announced last night that the patient was somewhat better and that it is believed he will recover.